183



A SHERATON CHEST OF DRAWERS and how it became part of The Beacon Hill Collection

Long ago, in a dining room on Beacon Hill, Boston, a group of dinner guests stood admiring an antique Sheraton Chest of Drawers. In the soit candlelight, the simple beauty of its patina and contours seemed to reach out and touch all present... especially the young daughter of the hostess, who never forgot the pride of possession shared with her mother on that night.

One day the Sheraton Chest was

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victims of the tragle bia.

be least nine women including a byear-old girl and four teen-agers.

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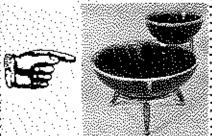
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from Howpers, I think maybe McColl's.

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Who Murdered Dr. Dean?

(Continued from page 35)

immediately degenerated into a bizarre "whodumit" with suspicion, not concrete. evidence, the principal factor,

First, beckuse Mis. Dean had hold somebody, before the body, was found, that "Billy is dead in the deep water," she was a suspect. Many, including the then State: Attorney General, the late Judge Oscar, Young, held to that belief. As a result; she was not informed that her husband had been murdered or his body found; poten weeks later....

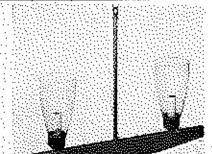
Next in the line of suspects was the Desns' close friend, Mr. Rich; cashier of the Jocal Bank, judge of the monicipal court, a former state senator and a man of sputless reputation. Suspicion's horrible pointed finger was directed at him for the sale reason that he had suffered an injury to his face similar to that suffered by Deap when he was felled with the weeder.

But far beyond these two, in over-widen-; ing circles, suspicion was directed at German agents.

Prescott Duncan, Jaffrey husinessman, was then a student at Cusning Academy. Home on vacation, he was on the score. when Dead's trussed body was pulled from: the well. He phoned in the story to The: Boston American, The slaying had all the elements of mystery so dear to sensational Hearst journalism. The managing editor assigned a top feature writer, Bort Ford, to,







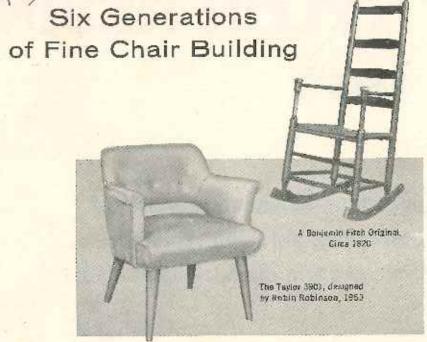
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Antiques: It May Be Simple and Yet Not Be Shaker

Term Covers Output of U.S. Sect in 1800's

By MARVIN D. SCHWARTZ

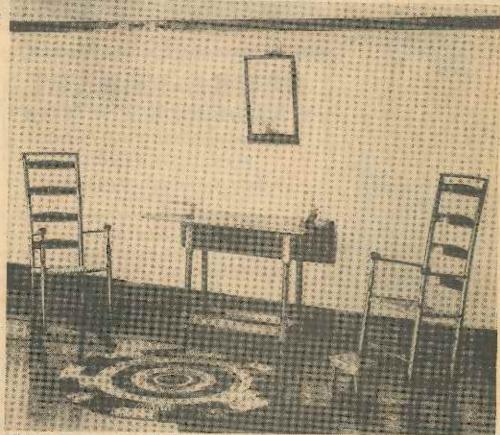
AS Shaker furniture becomes more popular, naive collectors are including any simple country piece in the category.

The term should be applied only to products made by a religious sect that thrived during the 19th cen-tury in the United States. Members expressed their puritanical philosophy in their furniture design as well as their way of life Although other American furniture makers of the period favored simplicity, too, the approach of the Shaker craftsman was particularly functional, so that their results are appealing to modern connoisseurs.

The Shakers, more formal-ly called the United Society of Believers in Christ's Second Appearing, lived in communal societies spotted over the country. Most, however, were in New York and New England. They had begun their American chapter in 1774 when Mother Ann Lee and eight followers migrated from England. By the 1850's they numbered 6,000, but the group dwindled to 1,000 in 1900

Their furniture was based on a frank dependence on earlier models that had been stripped down for utility.

Furniture sales were recorded as early as 1789, al-though most of the chests, deaks, and cupboards now being collected would seem have been made for use before



Ministry sisters' room with stretcher-base table, rocking chairs and mirror. The tapeseat rocking chairs were made in New Lebanon, N. Y., about 1850, for a Shaker bishopric,

Chairs were sold in quantity through the years as were preserves, patent medicines and brooms. Simple ladder-back rockers with seats made of colorful tapes were a common household form in Victorian homes all over the country.

The major difference be-tween ordinary country fur-niture and the Shaker ex-

amples is the result of variations in the approach. The country cabinetmaker modified designs for economic reasons. He was ingenious in retaining or adding ornament whenever possible. The Shaker, ideologically opposed to ornament, consciously omitted it. He captured the essence and grace of forms that he simplified He seemed to

prefer 18th-century inspiraation, but used the Empire or contemporary style of the 1820's with equal ease.

An 1876 catalogue selling chairs Shaker by mail warned prospective buyers of imitations on the market. Today's collector has to be on his guard to avoid mislabeling, any simple furni-ture as Shaker.

U.S. Study Group in Japan the world economy and her role AT IN CARS.

in world affairs The group.

Author of

Early American Furniture Makers Story of American Furniture Collecting Antiques in America

Simplest of all turned chairs, the slat-back has been here longer than any other chair form. A primitive version is still being produced in the southern mountains. European craftsmen were familiar with it before Columbus set out on his famous voyage. It was one of the memory pieces

that chairmakers among the early American colonists began producing

about 1650.

The English slat-back was a simple chair, a taken-for-granted piece in manor houses and cottages along the English east coast and in the Midlands whence came most of the original New England settlers. In its new home, on the other hand, it was popular in city and country homes of varying importance. Its makers ranged from skilled Philadelphia craftsmen to ingenious farmers handy with tools.

Consequently slat-backs made between 1650 and 1830 varied as to skill of individual workers and the time they were made. Those of the 17th Century were on the massive side; with the 18th Century came the high point. Built lighter and decorated with more and bolder turnings, the the rockers and had the legs length-

Because of this and because they were comfortable and useful, their various owners found them all too adaptable when the rocking chair craze hit America about the third quarter of the 18th Century.

Two to five inches were cut off the legs and rockers were added, Much of this mutilation occurred between 1780 and 1830 when Americans from the Atlantic Coast to the Midwest took to this form of rhythmic relaxation. Today un old slat-back in original condition as to length of leg is rare and desirable. Those that have been tampered with, however, can either be restored or used "as is."

Of the three chairs illustrated, the one on the left was once a straight armchair, then was converted to a rocker. The present owner removed

arms were either round or flat and lened. The chair in the center is 20

THREE SLAT-BACK CHAIRS

Left, armchair, ca. 1820, restored to original form after being converted to rocker; center, high chair, ca. 1880, legs shortened for use as desk chair, right, armehair ca. 1775. Two inches were taken off legs in the 1850s to mount it as a wheel chair.

the slats had an arched upper edge years older. Originally a high chair, of the Columbia like the chair shown here on the it was shortened so drastically that Philmont will sit right. Early 19th Century slat-backs

things they had in common. They chair at the right has also been left were sturdy, easy to handle and inexpensive. No hearth was too humble licut about 1775 when its four bottom for one or more and no house too stretchers were then at least two handsome for a well-made slat-back, inches above the floor.

the side stretchers almost rest on the were mostly just plain sturdy chairs. floor. It was shortened a century Whether made early or late, three ago for use as a desk chair. The unrestored. It was made in Connec-

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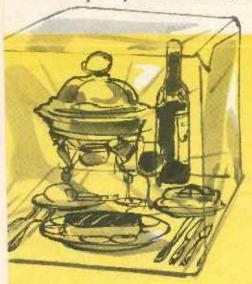
W. L. Gla tor of the co endar

> Cloudy colder in sional light Windy a weekend, v

characteristic of Detroit's gleaming new models will increase its influence on furniture design in 1957. Casual pieces for indoor and outdoor use will flaunt new colors: hyacinth, pink, blue and (the one to watch) apricot.

The Shakers

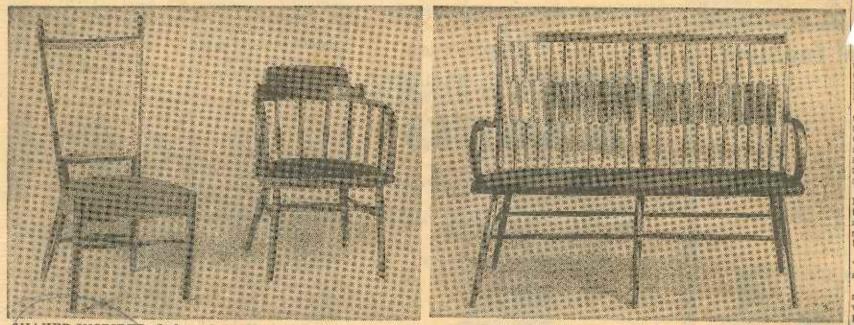
Furniture designs created by this austere early
American sect are being adapted for today's homes.
The gentle curves and lean lines go well with
simple contemporary interiors. Surface enrichment
with marquetry is a furniture trend, too.





Frozen dishes from world famous restaurants in Paris and New York will lend distinction to the nation's dining tables. Specialties from New York's Chambord and Luchow's are available, and so are fancy canned foods (wild boar is one) from abroad.





SHAKER INSPIRED: Left to right: A cane-back chair has the Shaker mark of ball finial; the captain's chair has a typical spindle back and a traditional settle retains catkin back. The Drexel designs will be at Bloomingdale's, W & J Sloane, Abraham & Straus and Stern's.

N. Y. Times Jan/18

iteman toseveral dickies. skirt, but I can mead of Fire Island.
off at 5 and leave Miss Kelly careful

"Well, I did. a thoughtfully assemi- just once, and that was as a accessories, joke when we dressed up at the "They beach one week-end pretending at work with a black we were at Southampton in

I simply must buy it.

Miss Kelly carefully put it pearls, maybe add a back in its place, adding, just a louch wistfully, "I guess about

color—especially bright all it's really good for is a most everything I own wedding."



Last winter's New Year's Eve dress is simple enough to be timeless and so is still goin investment, the white cotton damask sheath remains a favorite party dress,

d to Built-Ins for Home Called So Strong Families Eventually Might Not Own Furniture

HIA KELLOGE HA New York Jan. To 0.15 Lhan the

cion that acmoves from one other as a normal John Van Koert said houldn't have to move ure when we moveyou can't get senti-attached to a \$200 ve been sitting on for f vears. sions that, in the fu-

lies will take ornabooks off the shelves, silver out of drawers their draperies to si-I away, leaving their

's kitchen is permacabinets.

For Parents

The following pamphlet, published turest to parents:

Parents, by Beatrice Landeck the to select the musical instru-

tects are building storage units, he offered with interchangeable month will also show examlighting, desks, tables, bases for paneling and ornament that the ples of the Drexel group but from parents, Steps to Learning sofaa into their houses.

behind for the next look is being imitated in some of the new ds, for modern archi-squarely on the floor, giving the architects.

impression at first glance that they are built into a corner of the room.

While a home with built-in recently, may be of in furniture sounds as impersonal furniture sounds as impersonal WHILE the furniture buyers that all the roundness is gone panel, Lawrence Peabody music-making, including com- cupants who put their decoratmunity singing; when to begin ing energies into color schemes handsome works of art to use ture Company.

And the built-ins could be

However. furniture being scheme did not talk themselves, piccus derived from the Shaker teach children how to tell time, of the little of the standard of the furniture as well as the furniture manustyle, which came into being teach children how to tell time, tes, sofas, beds, every-markets here. There are free-facturers and retail stores out about the middle of the last the alphabet, how to count, how aps but chairs, will be standing storage walls support of a job. The speakers said that century. The pieces are simple to match colors, picture buildthe walls in much the ed in wood or metal frames, the furniture industry, rather but hardly as prim as their ing and basic shapes and forms. Some of the newest looking than carpenters and contractors, forebears, is not as far-fetched plain, legless cabinets that sit to the order of builders and bed would certainly not have

Store Likes Its Furniture Shaker-Style Danish pieces on view in three

of the country TIME FOR MUSIC-A Guide for and his designer colleagues on around Chicago's Merchandise end tables and from chests. The Fri (25c; Public Affairs Commit- and Henry Glass, decided that Mart this week, Bloomingdale's 22 East Thirty-eighth it would be "less accidental and staff here in New York put the Street). Here are suggestions more controllable" to furnish a finishing touches on its annual on how to instill an apprecia- house in this way, i.e., furniture mid-winter room settings. The with Bloomingdale's tradition, touted Shaker-inspired group of 1958. The fresh color of new designed by MacDougall & grass is used twice as a start-

> Many other department store too. They would room settings opening later this advocates of the view, two include new furniture It is comprised of six kits that

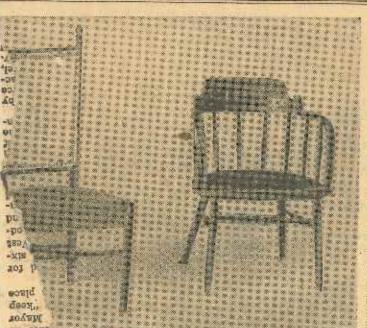
members of that religious sect. The luxurious use of brass for the stretchers joining the posts on this otherwise almost severe piece makes it modern.

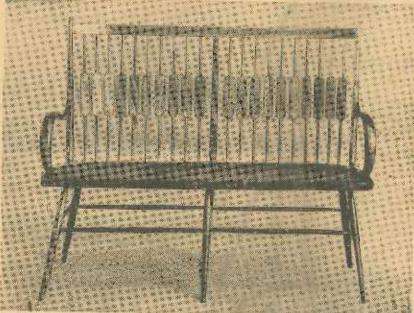
The difference between the of the rooms and the American made Shaker-like designs is milled from the corners of cocktail and furniture is square but in feeling and, like the Danish styles, is given a matte finish,

The decorating tion of the joy of music in would fit wall space and ceiling store is leading off with the makes much use of color. Green gair youngsters. This pamphlet heights and the personal electronic first showing here of the much contains pointers on family ment would be supplied by occupant of the supplied by occupant formal music lessons, and how and their money into collecting Stewart for the Drexel Furni- ling accent in otherwise neutral min schemes.

Educational Toys

Requiring little or no belo new family in the house could Bloomingdale's couldn't wait— is a series of educational toys This architectural, built-in adjust or purchase to its thates, it hurried. Of the rooms on for children 3 to 9 years of age. The toy is manufactured by the Eliz with equip-chests, like Milo Baughman's would take over the making In one bedroom shown, for Milton Bradley Company, shest design for Arch Gordon, are and designing of these built-ins example, the four-poster tester Springfield, Mass. It is sold at house Stern's for \$2.50 a kit or \$15 sulted the austers tastes of for the entire series





exoducIRED: Left to right: A cane-back chair has the Shaker mark of ball finial; the captain's chair has a typical spindle back settle retains catkin back. The Drexel designs will be at Bloomingdale's, W & J Sloane, Abraham & Straus and Stern's.

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Bringing Shaker-Style Furniture Back to Life



HE scenario goes something like this: A furniture craftsmen with little or no experience sees a piece of Shaker furniture in a museum or antique shop or perhaps even in a book. The simplicity of the design encourages him to try his hand at copying it. Whether the task turns out to be as simple as the style or not, he is hooked on

It seems that from Maine to Kentucky - in many of the same areas where the Shaker religious communities flourished in the 19th century and then died out because they required cellbacy - independent craftsmen are busily, recreating Shaker designs for 20th-century applications. Although most of the new pieces do not have the patina and evocative beauty of the originals, they do offer practical furniture alternatives.

Originally made for the austere needs of a rural people, Shaker-style pieces are suited for urban apartment dwellers appreciative of their small-scale, space-saving characteristics.

The stepladders, for example, seem almost ideally designed for getting at out-of-reach kitchen cabinets; the dropleaf or flip-top tables offer an ingenious solution in extra dining or working space; the simple pegged boards that kept chairs off

verted for clothes storage or to shelf supports.

Trim little cabinets that are gracefully proportioned, una-dorned bookshelves, tripod candlestands and beds on wheels as well as many pieces of clever kitchen gear are both inspirational and eminently practical. It is furniture that is refreshingly direct, appealing to modernists and traditionalists alike.

The contemporary producers of Shaker and Shaker-style pieces make up in diligence what they lack in originality.

"It happened to me 10 years ago, when I saw some Shaker furniture in a museum and felt that I wanted to try and make some," said David Margonelli, who, with his wife, Susan, produces in a Maine workshop what they call Shaker offshoots.

"I didn't have a set of standards to adhere to," Mr. Margonelli explained, "so it made sense to make the Shakers my teachers. Their work was perfect. The Shakers made furniture that was to last 1,000 years; I'm trying that too."

Some craftsmen choose to do their own interpretations.

One of them is Raimundo Lemus, a Havana-trained woodworker with 29 years experience. In the last three years he has reproded more than 36 pieces, all with Shaker antecedents.

'They were so simple yet at the same time so elegant," said Mr. Lemus, who works out of a cluttered Greenwich Vill-

Continued on Page C6

Top left: detail of Shaker sisters on turn-of-the century postcard; Raimundo Lemus, above, with one of his Shaker-style chests.

The New York Times / Gene Maggio

The Shakers' Sublime Vision

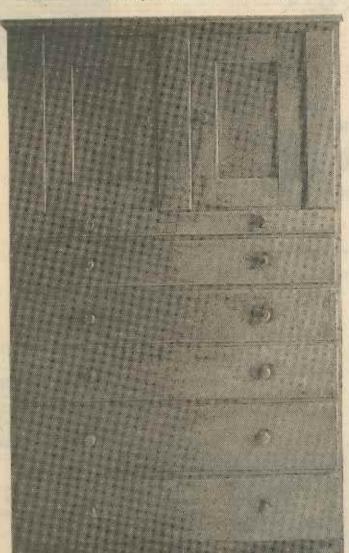
At the Corcoran, Furniture and Objects of Quiet Joy

By Paul Richard

ou hear it in the hymns of Protestant New England, hammered out four-square. You see it in the pewter plates made by Paul Revere, in hard-edge color paintings, in the Koufax curve, in the quick draw, in the crisp lines of the skipjacks sailing on the bay. Its energizing spirit is reiterated rightness. Until I saw their cupboards, their baskets, brooms and chairs—in the show that opened yesterday at the Corcoran Gallery of Art—I used to think the Shakers epitomized that preference for patient repetition, for the stern, the unadorned. But now I'm not so sure.

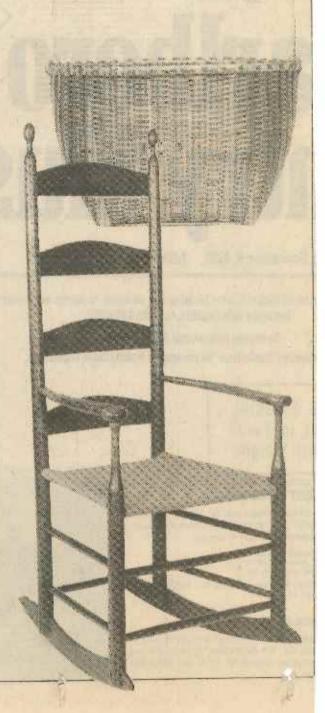
In 1842, when a visiting Charles Dickens, a writer long accustomed to Victorian plush and clutter, went to see the Shakers in New Lebanon, N.H., he felt imprisoned by the stiffness of their chairs and the stiffness of their lives. He entered "a grim room, where several grim hats were hung from grim pegs, and the time was grimly told by a grim clock." That preference for the workmanlike, that disdain for decoration, has always had opponents both here and abroad.

See SHAKERS, F4, Col. 2



PHOTOG BY PAUL J. ROCHELEAU

From the "Shaker Design" exhibit, a pine cupboard and case of drawers (c. 1825), probably from Watervliet, N.Y.; a basket with hardwood handle (1858), from the Hancock Shaker Village in Pittsfield, Mass.; and a maple rocking chair (c. 1850), probably from New Lebanon, N.Y.



Shakers

SHAKERS, From F4

might expect a show of monkish drabness, of black and white and gray. But the otherwise austere cupboard and chest of drawers (c. 1825-50) from Enfield, Conn., is a canary yellow. Other chests displayed are painted bittersweet orange, green or midnight blue. Because many of the colors here are those of fine, rich woods—tiger maple, flaming cherry, butternut and poplar, walnut, birch and pine—you might argue that the carpenters were only using colors the trees themselves provided. But what about those boxes of bright yellow and bright orange, and that cloak of crimson, and those pink and purple scarves of iridescent silk?

The objects of the Shakers—their mitten forms and shovels, clothes hangers and tailors' tools, hack-saws, clocks and pails—announce that they're designed for use, but they are always more than dully functional. There is much more here than Good Design. The people who produced them were not rationalist apprentices at some 19th-century Bauhaus. They called themselves "Believers." They were visionary mystics who, abjuring greed and privacy, sex and private property, had fled the mundane world.

Christ said, "Be ye perfect." The Shakers did their best. Their whisk brooms and their wooden spools, their straw hats and their tables, have a holiness about them. They are God-rooted and grace-filled. They are objects made as prayers.

Viewers who cannot see the purest abstract painting, those who still dismiss the grid paintings of Piet Mondrian, Barnett Newman's parted fields and the white squares of Malevich, with an I-could-do-that shrug, may find the Shaker show a dull one. For you cannot read it right—as you cannot read those paintings—unless you are at least a little bit receptive to the rapture in the minimal, the ecstatic in the spare.

There is a sternly simple drawing by the Russian suprematist Kasimir Malevich (1878-1935) in the permanent collection of the Museum of Modern Art. It shows two black squares on a white ground. He was asked, when it was new, what it was a picture of. "Madam," he replied, "the transcendent beauty of the square is visible to any idiot. And filling in a square without going over the lines is the most humbling and humiliating labor known to man."

That striving to make visible, with the humblest of means, something suprahuman is a mission shared by saints, by Zen potters, by Shakers—and by many of the pioneers of modern abstract art, Mondrian was a theosophist. The architect Mies ("God is in the details") was a radical utopian. Newman was immersed in myth. These artists in their various ways were attuned—as were the Shakers—to what a nonbeliever might describe as the occult.

The Shakers, the "Shaking Quakers," the members of the United Society of Believers in Christ's Second Coming, were, at least at first, practicing charismatics. They regularly received "gifts" of song and movement, they shook, they danced entranced, they heard from unseen "spirits," they often spoke in tongues.

By the early 1820s, when they began to make the finthects in this show, their services had calmed. They wer threw their arms about; instead they danced in long and ordered lines, three steps forward,



three steps back. They no longer spoke in tongues, or at least they did so rarely. Instead, they sang in unison. The raptures that had moved them once were gradually, increasingly, poured into their chores, and into their art.

"A man can Show his religion as much in measureing onions as he can in singing glory balluah," wrote one 19th-century Believer.

The sect was founded in America by Ann Lee, a blacksmith's illiterate daughter from England's Midlands slums. After joining the radical Quakers in her native Manchester, she emigrated to New York in her late thirties, with eight of her followers, in August 1774.

Mother Ann, as she was called, sought to make her followers more like angels, less like men. Believers were to leave "the World," abandoning its violence, its greed and its corruptions.

"You must forsake the marriage of the flesh," she taught, "or you cannot be married to the lamb."

Her path was not an easy one. Her four children died in infancy, she was abandoned by her husband, her followers were persecuted, she was imprisoned (as a British spy) during the Revolution. Her poverty was dire. She was five years in America before she won a convert. But she never ceased to preach.

She taught, "Do all your work as though you had a thousand years to live, and as you would if you knew you must die tomorrow."

She had known the fifth and noise and mess of the stums of England, but now, in the New World, in her home in Niskeyuna, near Albany, N.Y., she taught, "Clean your room well; for good spirits will not live where there is dirt. There is no dirt in heaven."

"Put your hands to work, and your hearts to God." She died at 48 in 1784, probably from mob violence. (When her body was exhumed in 1835, it was found her skull was fractured. According to Shaker legend, a mob in Petersham, Mass., had dragged her, feet first, down a flight of stairs.) But her teachings did not die.

In the years after the war—with visions of utopias abroad in the new nation, and Christians losing faith in strict predestination—sects of many sorts blossomed in the farmlands of New England and New York.

New Yorker Joseph Smith was just 14 when, in 1820, he knelt to ask the Lord "which of all the sects was right" that he "might know which to join." Three years later he would learn, from an angel called Moroni, of the existence of the golden plates (they were buried in a hill not far from Palmyra) that bore the Book of Mormon.

The Shakers were, by then, already prosperous. Shaker leadership had passed—in 1788, as Mother Ann had prophesied—to two native-born Americans in New Lebanon. One was Joseph Meacham (1742-1796), whom Mother Ann had called "the wisest man that has been born of woman for 600 years." The other was Lucy Wright (1760-1821), who sent Shaker missionaries westward to Kentucky and Ohio, By

the time Joseph Smith found the plates of gold, there were already nine communities in the Shaker network.

The Shakers in their first days had been extremely poor. "There were nearly a hundred in the Family where I lived," one aged Shaker sister recalled in looking back at 1791. "Fourteen of us slept in one room... Our beds were mostly straw; and we made them on the floor.... For breakfast and supper, we lived mostly on bean porridge and water porridge."

By the 1830s, their lot had improved. So, too, had their diet, which included, as Brother Ephraim Prentess noted, for "breakfast: beef, pork, mutton or fish... Next followed bread and butter and pies of various kinds from pumpkin to the high seasoned mince pie, cakes of different kinds, milk and butter toasts and pancakes drenched in butter."

They also fed on work. "Various changes have taken place today," reports a New Lebanon farm journal from April 14, 1860. "Henry gives up the horse team to Frederick & moves into the joiner shop in Hiram's place, who moves into the mill room... Frederick gives up his ox team to David Lyall who leaves the Blacksmith shop which is filled by Wm. Trent who leaves the herb house..."

A Freudian might argue that the energies the Shakers poured into their labors were fueled by their repressions.

The Shakers saw things differently. They knew that they were working not just for work itself, and not only for each other, but to make themselves deserving. For they were living, they were certain, on the borderline between our world and another. And they regularly received "Gifts" and visitations from Mother Ann and spirits only they could see.

On Christmas Day, 1845, the members of the Hancock Second Family drew up a list of their spiritual presents: "bright silver crosses, bread and waters of life, large silver sacks, pitchers and bottles filled with never failing water, bright glorious crowns, beautiful stars from the Saviour, bundles of brooms from Brother George Washington."

They never worked begrudgingly. The tall chairs of the Shakers, their tables and their boxes, still appear to shine because something far from drudgery, and more than mere efficiency, went into their making. June Sprigg notes that Thomas Merton "attributed the 'peculiar grace' of a Shaker chair to the maker's belief that 'an angel might come and sit on it.' "Any woodsman may take pride in his finely sharpened ax, any sailor in a knot, but they do not see their chores, as the Shakers always did, as binding them to God.

Their houses, with their well-swept floors and countless cupboard doors, have been turned into museums. Their fields are untilled. The Shakers are now dying out. There are a dozen or so left.

"I've lived in God Almighty's day and am called to be a saint," wrote Elder Issachar Bates in the 1820s:

My brethern are my friends, my sisters kind to me. Whoever plows or knits or spins are all at work for

Is this what Jesus meant, an hundredfold to give? That I've the whole in present time, yea every day I

United Technologies Corp. provided \$125,000 for the Corcoran's exhibit. That firm, which more than most appreciates the value of fine museum publications, contributed a like amount to Sprigg's cleanly written catalogue. The Corcoran is still charging for its shows. Admission to "Shaker Design" is \$2,50 for adults, \$1 for students and senior citizens. There is no charge, however, on Thursday evenings, from 5 to 9 p.m. The show closes Jan. 4. Shokertelmoductura as Consuelo Mugica, Quota go, Maria Luisa Cortez, Lucha Aldoco, Eve Herrejon and Maria Antonieta Reyo, all of Mexico City.

waist devotee can be feminine with sheers and ruffling trims or tailored with tucks as she likes.

Fisherman's Luck Revives the Making Of Hitchcock Chairs in Original Plant in the

The same type of chair that to those which appealed to women ministeenth-century housewives when Mr. Hitchcock started his industry some time after 1818. The dustry some time after 1818. The chairs might be used today as "extras" in practically any room, particularly midnettes.

The chairs have hand-made rush soft hisck are pow being produced luminess highlighted by sold which

chair, with its typical gold-stended fruit or basket designs on soft black are now being produced in Riverton, Coun, at the site of the original plant of Lambert Hitchcock at Hitchcocks-ville.

The resurrection of the old factory, long idle and stripped of machinery, has been undertaken by John T. Kenny, who discovered if when on a fishing trip. Since then he and Richard Coombs have collisted original. Hitchcock chairs and stendils as models and assembled local cabinetmakers, some of whom are discendants of crafts, men employed by Hitchcock.

Even without this aurs the modern products have a charm and sturdiness which must be similar.

The chairs have hand-make last and assembled legs with the same seats, rounded legs with the same are alm seats, rounded legs with the same are alm seats, rounded legs with the same are alm seats, rounded legs with the same seats, round or bolster part across the top of the back. The place in the hard-rubbed finish of the originals. A fruit or basket design in soft gold is hand-etenciled on the horizontal crossbar on the late the hard-rubbed finish of the originals. A fruit or basket design in soft gold is hand-etenciled on the horizontal crossbar on the late the hard-rubbed finish of the originals. A fruit or basket design in soft gold is hand-etenciled on the horizontal crossba

ha groceri.

Departm Obviou into a si might be menus, to touch of 5 ception of are almos season, at the marke

The doc place duri foods show

Bu heav SHE week's pound. first of lookaut Departme wholesale of the pa

Fish P

As for shi son have been to last year." ever, so are stores-in fact, shad, incidents cents a pound.

Besides it tioned porgies. striped bass from are plentiful, ar lakes, yellow pi-lovers, cooked cra-open tins from the shrimp from uff a shrimp from un a (including Mexico) all signs of sprir crabs. These beaution just between shells the old before " ding the old, before ", new, We haven't eve

hew We haven't eve their price.

By the way, John Va the Fishery Council say shrimp are giants, a d pound, Our own jumbo sixteen to Iwenty to a po-

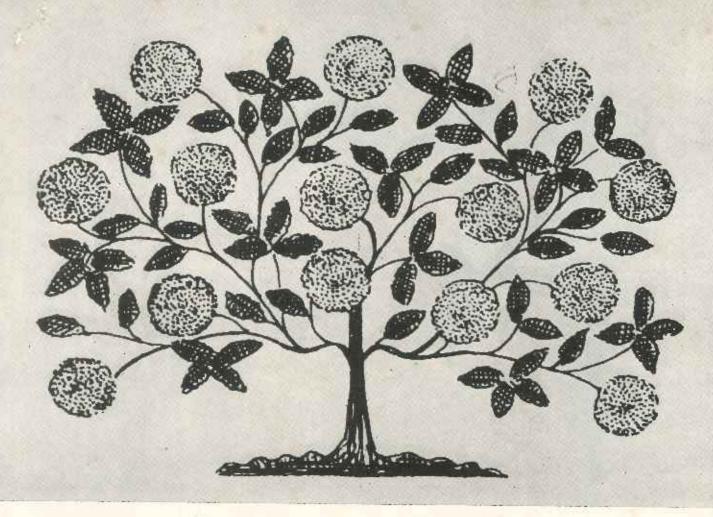
Ducks and Chickens Ches.

Moving now to the butch partment; These homemakers will find

only fresh Long Island duckli cheaper, but lower costs, too, chickens of all sizes—fryers, a ers and fowl. The declines ar



One of the soft black, rush buttomed chairs being made today Riverton, Conn., in the original factory of Lambert Hitchcock. Gold stencilled design on typical "button back" cross piece. Macy's,



Shaker Crafts Revived

To the Shakers, the art of furniture craftsmanship was heaven-inspired. It has even been said that their furniture provides a better expression of their faith than their written theology. Today, the Shakers are all but extinct. Their principles in craftsmanship, however, are not: three new "Believers" have formed a Guild of Shaker Crafts, Inc. in Spring Lake, Michigan, where they are reproducing a selection of Shaker furniture, accessories and a few items of clothing. Everything in this initial collection, which is illustrated in a handsomely designed "Portfolio No. 1", is copied from originals in the collection of the late Edward Doming Andrews and Faith Andrews, foremost authorities on the Shakers. Its introduction also coincides with the publication of a lively book on Shaker furniture called Religion in Wood, written by the Andrews and published by Indiana University Press, Bloomington, Indiana. All quotations which follow are from the book.

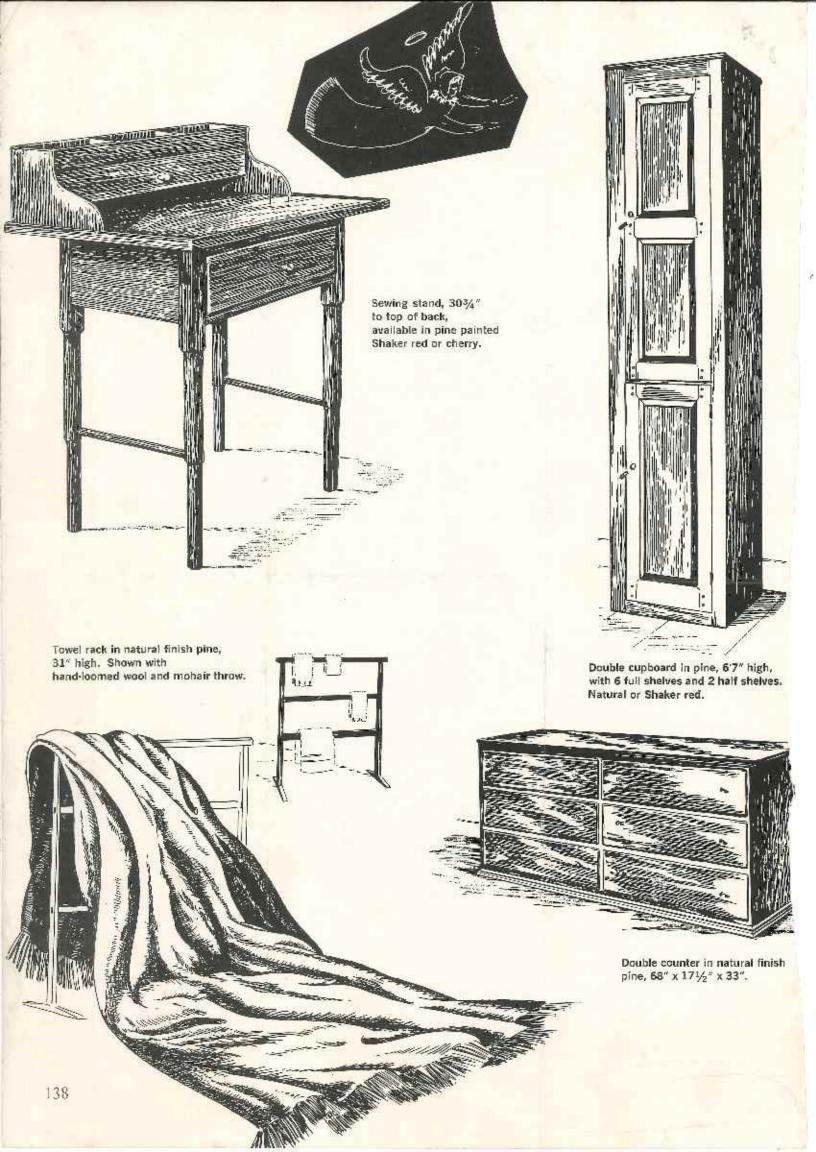
The Shaker principles of furniture design are so basic, so logical and so modern that they might as easily apply to the Bauhaus as to the "United Society of Believers in Christ's Second Appearing", which is what the Shakers called themselves. In essence they are: "Regularity is beautiful"; "There is great beauty in harmony"; "Beauty rests on utility"; and "All beauty that has not a foundation in use, soon grows distasteful, and needs continual replacement with something new. That which has in

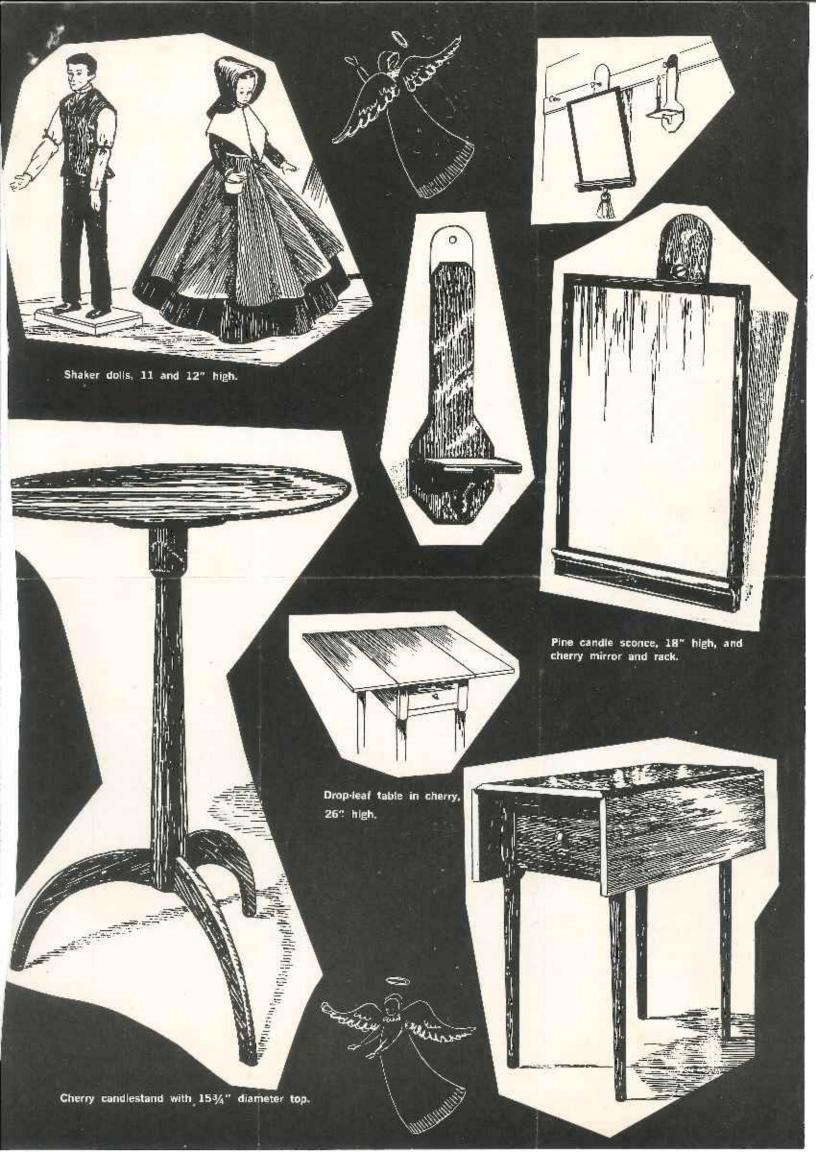
itself the highest use possesses the greatest heauty".

The foremost principle of all Shaker arts, however, was that work must be perfect and a "thing made had to be precisely what it was supposed to be". All frills, embellishment and unnecessary details were discarded. The pieces of furniture that have survived, then, are pure and simple in form; they are the final results of trial and error and much experimenting on the Shakers' part. They retained only what was best and cast off the second rate.

And because the Shakers "lived and worked in a timeless present," there is a sense of timelessness and of enduring merit in their work. According to Alan Gowans, who contributes an essay for the Andrews book called "Spiritual Functionalism in Shaker Furniture", "It explains the characteristic lack of stylistic consciousness" in the Shakers' art, even though one can see some of the prevalent styles of New England, 19th-century furniture in their ladder-back chairs, architectural details and proportions of chests.

Because of its timeless quality, the furniture being reproduced by the Guild of Shaker Crafts is compatible with either contemporary or traditional settings. Since each piece is made to order, sufficient time must be allowed for delivery, inquiries should be addressed directly to the Guild. The accompanying illustrations of available designs taken from the Portfolio were drawn by Beverly Hallock.





gton

Tel. 83

il Can Totorist

ARRINGTON - Henry 25, of Monument Valscaped serious injury tipped over on the oad Friday afternoon, n told police he was e corner into Monument when a can of oil on started to overturn. He e can but lost control which went up an emhit a tree and turned He was treated by Dr. Zanconato for a cut

ceting

tant meeting of all of teams in the Town ague will be held at the ie tomorrow night at 8. participating in secondnes, which begin next attend. Schedule vill be discussed.

rotests will also be aired. sts not filed at the meetiot be considered later.

are also invited to at-

Tonight at 8:00 morrow Mat. and Eve. Ace Desmutic Picture





Engagement reat Caruso" rs., July 25 - 26

oth leather ters, eyelets blue, white lishes



Auto Overturns On Maple Avenue

GREAT BARRINGTON - Miss Gladya Levithan, 25, of Utopla Sta-N.Y., was treated at Fairview Hospital for a head cut after her car overturned on Maple Avenue yesterday afternoon.

Miss Levithan told police she

was driving toward Great Barrington at about 35 miles an hour when her car hit the right shoulder of the road, crossed to the other shoulder and turned over near the home of Miss F. Ethel Waller, The front and side of the car were damaged and Miss Waller's shrub-bery and lawn were torn up.

Town Softball League Slates Outdoor Roast

will aponsor a hot dog roast Thursday evening at 6 at Hebert's shore.

Members of league teams, their families and guests have been in-vited. Tickets may be obtained at Jack's Restaurant. Reservations must be made by Thursday morn-

Austin Sica is chairman of the rosst, assisted by William Kot. Leigh Curtiss, Robert Bryden, Herbert Reid and Gerald Davis.

Rummage Sale

Articles for American Legion Auxiliary rummage sale Thursday should be left at Welker Hall Wednesday.

Anyone unable to do so should call Mrs. Arthur D. Snow, John Tryon or Mrs. Marsh B. Giddings, who will arrange to have articles called for.

Pheseants To Arrive

Five hundred six-week-old pheasants will arrive here tomor-row from the state game farm in Wilbraham. The birds will be confined in pens at Cove Inn. George Kershaw's home and Law-Barbieri's farm until liberated late in September by members of the Great Barrington Fish and Game Association and Conservation Officer John E. Buckley.

-Miss Joan Belton of Westchester, N.Y., was a recent guest of Mr. and Mrs. Francis J. Condry of Reed Street.

—Mrs. Lawrence F. Tonini has opened an agency for the sale of hearing aids at her Elm Street

-Richard Tully of Parley Street in on a three-week vacation from Rising Paper mill in Housa-

-Mr and Mrs. William P. Murtagh of South Main Street and Alborn Friday at Brady Memorial Hespital, Albany

Floor sander and edger for rent. Cooper Millwork & Glass Company.

Septic tank and cesspool clean-ing Tel 1159R, Acme Sewer Serv. —21

For Sale-Raspberries, Orders taken. S. V. Civik. Tel. Housa. 23-R4. -Adv.

Hoover vacuum eleaner and

Lenox

JOHN VANDER VOORT

New Gift Shop To Feature Work Of Area Craftsmen

LENOK - A country gift shop which may, in time, become an outlet and exhibition center for goods produced by Berkshire craftsmen, has opened not far from Tanglewood on Route 183 near the Lenox-Stockbridge town line.

Site of the new enterprise, which officially started business July 4, is an old New England horse barn, completely refurbished to suit the needs of a new trade. Proprietor Slates Outdoor Roast

GREAT BARRINGTON—Jack's K. Eaton of Old Chatham, N.Y.,
Buds of the Town Softball League who moved from the city to the
will aponsor a hot dog roast Thursrural surroundings. While the gift shop is a means for Miss Eaton to earn a living, her main pur-pose, she mays, is to provide an outlet for arts and crafts so that Berkshire craftsmen and visitors may become more acquainted with the individual creative skills in the area

ea.
This a trial year for Miss Eaton. Is Appointed Consequently, her initial stock, now displayed, is mostly on consignment from selected craftsmen and the Columbia County Crafts Guild. This year she expects to remain open only during the summer, but hopes to build up a mail order business during the winter.

Although the emphasis will be on local arts and crafts in the future, Miss Eaton is currently exhibiting wares produced all over the world.

Miss Eaton claims to be no craftsman herself although she has had limited training in weaving and may exhibit some of her own works later. She is a family social worker, having been employed by agencles in New York City and throughout the state of New Hampshire.
It was while she was in northern
New England that Miss Eaton got
the idea to start a center which
would stimulate the creation of useful and pleasing hobbles. Throughout New Hampshire, she says, she was fascinated by the state-supported general stores and the number of privately-operated gift shops.

Miss Eaton is a graduate of Oberlin College and had professional training at the New York School of Social Work. The gift shop barn is owned by a friend, Walter Wilson of Old Chatham, who helped age. Miss Eaton with the redecoration.

DuFresne Honored

LENOX - Raymond W. Du-Fresne, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ray-Dumond F. DuFresne of Cliffwood Street, who recently attended Boys' State of local representative, has been awarded a bronze plaque, a good conduct medal and a certifi-cate of merit in recognition of his outstanding service at the conference.

The plaque awarded to young DuFresne was one of 12. There were more than 460 youth repre- Kirchner, all perintendent of state highways

MISS CAL Miss Ste Is Engag E. B. Stre

DALTON-Mr. J. Stephens of 5 Po day announced the e approaching marria daughter, Myrtle Mai Burton Streeter, son c Mrs. Guy Streeter of mington. The wedding place Oct. 6.

Miss Stephens gradual. St. Joseph's High School tended Berkshire Business She is a bookkeeper at the

field Coal Gas Company.

A Pittsfield High School gi ate, Mr. Streeter is employed the Berkshire Plumbing & He. ing Company. He served in t. Army for 18 months, one year c which was spent in Germany.

Walter Decker To Police Force

DALTON-Walter C. Decker of 488 Main Street has been appointed a regular patrolman on the Dalton police force. His appointment fills a vacancy created by the resignation of Francis M. Woodlock.

th

te

Mr. Decker, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Alenzo Decker, was born in West Stockbridge. He has lived in Dalton since his marriage to the former Ruby Krum, shout 20 years ago. Mr. and Mrs. Decker have three children, Walter, David and Barbara.

He was employed by the Dalton Garage Inc., for 18 years, Mr. Decker has been an active member of the Dalton Fire Department since 1941.

He is well-known locally for his semipro ball-playing. In the late 1920s he played for the West Pittsfield Independents, in 1931-32 moved to the Nation Wide club. He was a leading pitcher for both the Nation Wide and the General Electric team. He currently plays with the Old-Timers.

Mr. Decker will have the 11 PM to 7 AM shift, thus assuring Dalton of 24-hour-a-day police cover-

Dalton Girls At Witawentin

DALTON-The following Cam Fire girls started a two-week at at Camp Witawentin, Onote La yesterday: Marilyn Baumann, L da Eichern, Sandra Childs, Phy Stottle, Patricia Dixon, Nichols, Barbara Mellen, Su Ann Sears, Priscilla Brinko Elizabeth Crosier, Joan Co Mary Callahan, Kathlese Dale Tristany, Nancy Charlotta

The Chronicle

SOME NOTES ON PLANES

By Mills Brown

(This article is a portion of the Research Report on Cabinetonsking prepared by Mr. Mills Brown of the Research Staff of Colonial Williamsburg and is one of a series of five reports completed in the field of the Crafts. A number of reports dealing with such matters are scheduled for the future.)

Probably the colonial cabinetmaker spent as much time with a plane in his hands as with any other tool. The stuff with which he worked came to him only roughsawed, and he had a great deal of planing to do before it was smoothed, leveled, and squared at edges and ends. Still more planing was required to make certain types or decoratively shaped edges.

To perform these various planing tasks, the craftsman had three basic groups of planes; the bench planes for smoothing, leveling, and squaring; the fitting planes for making rebates, tongues, grooves, and other special shapes; and the molding planes for producing ornamental trim. The bench planes consisted of the jointer, trying plane, long plane, fore plane, jack plane, strike block, and smoothing plane. The fitting planes were the rabbet plane of several forms, the plow, the tongue, the filister and moving filister, and match planes. The molding planes were almost infinite in variety, according to the shapes they produced, but all were basically similar. In addition, there were a number of special purpose planes; bollows and rounds, nosing planes, raising planes, and others.

The eighteenth-century exbinetmaker had excellent planes of all three types and many of them. The body of the ordinary bench plane consisted of a rectangular block of wood, several times as long as wide and very nearly square in cross-section. Near the center of the body an opening penetrated through it from top to bottom but not quite from side to side. At the bottom, or sole, of the plane, this opening, the mouth, was a mere slit, but at the top it was quite wide. The rear surface of the opening was flat and was made at a definite angle, usually of about forty five degrees. The plane iron rested on this surface and was held in place, with its cutting edge projecting slightly through the mouth, by a wooden wedge. Handles were semetimes provided, but the essentials of the plane were simple; body, iron, and wedge. The backing iron is thought by some authorities to be a nineteenth century development, but there are eighteenth century references to double-iron planes, and double iron was the common nineteenth-century term for a plane with a backing iron.42 Beech was the wood most commonly used in English and American planes, although planes made of other hard woods maple, apple, boxwood, ebony, even mahaganywere not unknown,43

Most English and American bench planes of the seventeenth, eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries look pretty much alike, and, in the absence of makers' stamps or other positive identification, it is difficult to assign them to the proper century. Double iron planes apparently were not made until fairly late in the eighteenth century, but single iron planes were still being made late in the nineteenth. Moreover, since planes were made of wood and their owners were frequently skilled woodworkers, it is possible that many single iron planes were modified to accept double irons when the advantages of the latter became apparent. Mercer's opinion was that the hollow grasp handle on the larger bench planes did not appear

until about the middle of the eighteenth century or a bit later, 44 but the simpler handles did not disappear immediately. And again, the skilled woodworker could easily modify his planes if the advantages of the hollow grasp seemed sufficiently important to him.

It would be convenient to be able to identify certain bench planes as the basic bench planes employed by most cabinetmakers, but at this point the authorities begin to differ. The discussion that follows will consider the bench planes in order of their length, since this is the most obvious means of identifying them, and will point out the areas of disagreement concerning them.

The jointer. The longest of the bench planes, about twenty-seven to thirty inches, the jointer was used for working the surface of stuff smooth and level but was especially intended for shooting edges perfectly straight and square preparatory to jointing. The plane itself was carefully made so that its sole was exactly square and true, and the iron was always set quite fine. The great length of the jointer aided the craftsman in planing level surfaces and straight edges. Moxon, Diderot, Roubo, and Chambers all regarded the jointer as a basic bench plane, but Mercer apparently felt it was only a specialized form of the trying plane.

The long plane. Very similar to the jointer, this plane was about twenty-four to twenty-six inches long. Only Chambers and Mercer mentioned the long plane. Chambers described it as the plane used — after the stuff had received a preliminary dressing with the jack plane—to smooth off the irregularities left by that tool and prepare the stuff for the jointer (for edge work) and the smoothing plane (for surface work). Mercer called it another special form of trying plane but did not assign it

any particular function.42

The fore plane or trying plane. A considerable amount of confusion surrounds this term, "fore plane," In seventeenth-century England, the fore plane was the same plane as the jack plane. Moxon said: "Jack-Plane, called so by Carpenters, but is indeed the same that Joyners called the Fore-Plane . . . "48 This plane was used on the rough stuff to prepare it for the jointer or the smooth ing plane. 43 The Oxford English Dictionary makes it clear that until the middle of the nineteenth century, at least, fore plane and jack plane were still interchangeable terms and referred to the plane used first on rough material—in complete agreement with Moxon.50 Peter Nicholson and other English authorities, however, indicate that by early in the nineteenth century the preferred name for this first-used plane was jack plane. At about the same time there first appeared in publications the term "trying-plane," The trying plane was the plane used after the jack plane to accomplish further smoothing," The use of the term fore plane to describe any sort of a plane seems to have disappeared in England about the middle of the nineteenth century; it is not to be found in English technical publications or tool catalogues

(Continued on Page 33)

Early American Industries

THE BARLOW KNIFE

The Editors of the Chronicle apologize for the several errors that appeared in the fine article on The Barlow Knile, by Laurence A. Johnson, in the last issue, Volume XII, June, 1959, number 2.

On page 18, first column, line 17, the date the John Russel Company first made these famous knives was in

1875, (not 1785).

On page 18, first column, line 22 should read from

1875 (not 1775) up until World War II.

On page 18, second column, line 27, the mark used by the family on these knives was the simple arrangement BAR

LOW (not BAR).

On page 21, line 34, Mr. Adolph Castor's name

should have been Mr. Adolph Kastor.

Mr. Johnson wrote us that some writers quote that Mark Twain mentioned the Russel Barlow knife in his books, Tam Sawyer & Huckleberry Fina, but that he found no reference to the word Russel in either book.

We received a very interesting letter from Mr. Alfred B. Kastor, Honorary Chairman of the Board of Camillus Curlery Company, Camillus, New York in regard

to Barlow knives which we quote in part;

"It might interest you to know that the old firm of Adolph Kastor and Brothers—and this goes back to my boyhood, were the sole agents of Joseph Allen & Sons of Sheffield, England, who produced the NON-XLL Barlow; Adolph Kastor and Brothers aso sold Butler Brothers the one-blade Barlows in quantities of 100 gross at a time and, believe it or not, the price was \$4.85 per gross, not dozen. Those were the days of the good five-cent cigar."

"The trade markes, XL NT and A. W. Wadsworth & Son, are still owned by the Kustor family, and I do not suppose I have to tell you that the Camillus Curlery Company is a member of the Committee to Ban Teen Age. Weapons; our testimony before a Congressional Committee was largely responsible for the so-called antiswitchblade knife law, signed last August by President Eisenhower, which outlawed the introduction or manufacture for introduction into interstate commerce of switchblade knives. We have never made any of these socalled switchblade knives. The pocket knife is for peaceful and practical usage and has a venerable and honorable history, and the Camillus Cutlery Company will continue to do its part in maintaining its historic reputation. I am the son of the founder, and have been in this business continuously since 1906.

A REPORT ON THE PUBLICATIONS PROGRAM

At the Fall meeting of the Early American Industries Association at the Henry Ford Museum and Greenfield Village in 1958 an E. A. I. A. Publications Committee was formed. The purpose of the Committee is to investigate the possibilities of preparing suitable publications in the field encompassed by our association. At the Spring Meeting in 1959 at Old Saugus a lengthy meeting of this Committee was held and a number of steps were taken which are significant in this program of developing

(Continued on Page 36)

Some Notes on Plancs

(Continued from Page 30)

of the late nineteenth or twentieth centuries.

In America, the development of terms — but not of planes—was somewhat different. The 1882 catalogue of an American tool making company clearly shows that the standard set of bench planes included a jack plane and a fore plane. An American technical dictionary of 1875 makes it clear that in America, as in England, the jack plane was the plane used first to smooth rough wood. The fore plane was the plane employed after the jack plane to further smooth the stuff. The descriptions of the American fore plane in the Chapin catalogue and the English trying plane in Nicholson indicate that they are, in fact, exactly the same — about twenty-two inches long. 34

In colonial American records, all three names appear: jack plane, fore plane, and trying plane. The writer has not been able to find a single inventory or similar listing, however, that included both fore planes and trying planes. It is likely that seventeenth and early eighteenth century America terminology followed the English usage indicated in Moxon—the plane we now call a jack plane was called both a jack plane and a fore plane. The twenty two inch plane designed to follow the jack plane apparently first appeared in the eighteenth century — Moxon makes no mention of such a plane. This plane was, and still is, referred to by the English as the trying plane; in America it was for a time called both a trying plane and a fore plane, but eventually it became known

as the fore plane.

The fore plane, or trying plane, then, was a plane about twenty-two inches long. It was meant to be used after the jack plane to give the stuff greater smoothness.

The jack plane. The jack plane, also sometimes called the fore plane (but let's not go into that again), was from fourteen to eighteen inches in length and, at first glance, quite similar to the planes already discussed. Moxon, Chambers, and Mercer all referred to the tack, or fore, plane as one of the basic woodworking tools. 5. It was the plane that was used first on rough-sawn lumber, and its function was to remove the major irregularities. Since this was not precision work and in order to speed things up, the blade of the jack plane was ordinarily set quite rank, or deep. For this reason, there was a basic difference between the jack plane and the other bench planes — the iron of the jack plane was ground with a convex rather than a straight cutting edge. Set rank, a straight-bladed from would have left sharp-edged grooves in the work, but the convex blade of the jack plane left only shallow hollows that were easy to smooth out.56 Neither Didctot nor Roubo mentioned any plane that closely resembled the jack plane, but Diderot did picture a tool called simply a plane (rabot).57 Although it lacked a convex blade at least no such feature was indicated - this may be the plane that corresponded to the Anglo-American jack plane. Curiously enough, Roubo did illustrate a convex plane iron, but he showed it in connection with a jointer.55 This must have been a slip, for nothing could make much less sense than a convex-bladed jointer.

The strike block. The next to smallest of the bench planes described by Moxon, this was a small jointer, apparently about ten inches long. It was used for leveling small surfaces and shooting short joints — as, for example, a mitre — where the big jointer would have been unwieldy. Moxon mentioned that for some work the plane was held sole up in one hand, and the stuff to be planed was pushed carefully across the blade with the other.** Diderot illustrated a mitre plane similar in size and purpose to Moxon's strike block, but no such tool appears in either Roubo or Chambers.** Mercer does not include a plane specifically called a strike block, but the small trying planes are essentially the same thing.**

The smoothing plane. The smallest bench plane, it was about six inches long. Moxon said its from was always set very fine "... because its Office is to smoothen the work from those Irregularities the Fare - plane made." This seems to be a somewhat inexact description: for one thing, Moxon had previously assigned to the jointer the role of following the fore plane; for another, a very small plane would seem ill-adapted to this task—it would have a tendency to follow the minor unevenesses rather than the major surface. Chambers agreed with Moxon—so closely, in fact, that Moxon was obviously the source of his statements. If Moxon was obviously the source of his statements. If Moxon was obviously the source of his statements. In the major surface, chart would have been right when he called the smoothing plane "poorly named" and said it was used "... not like the trying plane to smoothlevel boards, but to wriggle about into corners, over ill-fitting joints, etc., and so put the last levelling touch upon linished work."

Perhaps some order may be restored from this confusion by ignoring conflicting names and explanations and examining the uses to which bench planes were put. The craftsman needed a plane to give a preliminary smoothing to the roughly-sawed and probably somewhat warped stuff he kept in stock. Such a plane was available in the convex-bladed jack plane, and it is safe to assume that this was a basic tool of the colonial cabinetmaker.

After the stuff had received this first dressing it was necessary, for many purposes, that it be given a precise smoothing and squaring. The jointer was capable of such work and was undoubtedly frequently used for it, but the great length of the jointer made it somewhat unwieldy except on large surfaces or long edges. What the cabinet maker needed was a short version of the jointer and this plane, the fore plane (or trying plane), was very likely one of his basic tools.

To level and true-up large flat surfaces and especially to shoot long edges perfectly straight and square preparatory to jointing, the craftsman had need of a very long plane capable of very precise work. The jointer was just such a plane and unquestionably was in very cabinetmaker's tool set. A small plane to smooth areas, edges, and joints that could not be reached by the larger planes was a requirement also. The smoothing plane met this need, and no doubt most craftsmen owned one.

If this analysis is correct, the basic bench planes of the colonial cabinetmaker were, in descending order of size, the jointer, the fore or trying plane; the jack plane, and the smoothing plane. Unfortunately, inventories, wills, and similar listings are not often in sufficient detail to indicate precisely what was meant. With discouraging regularity such entrys as "5 old plaines" or "gourges, planes, files, &c" occur. But there are some records that are more specific, and they seem to bear out the above-stated conclusions. Among listings of woodworkers' tools, for example, are to be found entries like the following: a long plane, a jack plane, and two smoothing planes; 55 a jointer, four planes, three jack planes, and two smoothing

planes; three jointers, five jack planes, and three smoothing planes; of a jack plane, a jointer, a fore plane, and a smoothing plane. o

Further support for the idea that the basic bench planes of eighteenth-century America were the jointer, forc or trying plane, jack plane, and smoothing plane is to be found in a few other places. In 1773 the Annapolis firm of Shaw and Chisbolin offered for sale a very complete assortment of joiners' and cabinetmakers' tools. The bench planes listed in their advertisement were: "... jack, trying, smoothing, and jointer planes ... "as Chapin's catalogue indicates that the standard set of bench planes in the late nineteenth century consisted of the jointer, fore, jack and smoothing planes." Frank H. Wildung of the Shelburne Museum said that plane making became a specialized trade in America early in the nineteenth century, but that

... even before this time the general form of the plane seemed to have become settled.

Of the so called bench planes, there was the jack plane, about 18 inches long; the 24" long fore plane and the 30" long joiner plane, as well as the smoothing plane, about 8 inches long."

Of course the eighteenth-century cabinetmaker was not limited in the beach planes he owned by any notions of what constituted "a set" of planes. Planes were made of wood and he was a skilled woodworker. Irons could be made by the local blacksmith or purchased from many shop-keepers. There was nothing to prevent the craftsman from making beach planes — or any others, for that matter — of whatever size seemed most suitable to him. It is, in fact, quite likely that many of the planes used by colonial cabinetmakers were made by the craftsmen themselves,"

Inventories, such as those just cited, frequently indicate that many craftsmen owned more than one plane of a type. While this in part may have been simply a matter of having accumulated a few extra planes in the course of the years, there was also a very good reason for it. The acute angle made by the plane iron and the sole of the plane was known as the pitch. By the late seventeenth century, at least, and probably a long time before that, woodworkers had learned that hard woods required a greater pitch than soft woods,49. The common pitch for soft woods was forty-five degrees, but the York pitch of fifty degrees and the middle pitch of fifty-five worked herter on mahogany and other hard woods.74 It seems to be true, however, that pitches of other than forty-five degrees were more common on moulding planes than on bench planes. Among the eighteenth century planes owned by Colonial Williamsburg, for example, all of the bench planes have a pitch of forty-five degrees; but most of the molding planes have the York pirch or the middle pitch.

Fitting planes. The second group of planes owned by eighteenth century cabinetmakers was what Mercer called the fitting planes — those used to prepare wood for fitting together, or joining. Two pieces of wood may be joined at their edges or ends by simply smoothing and truing the surfaces to be joined and then fastening them together with nails, screws, or glue. Such a joint is called a butt joint. However, joints are stronger if the surfaces to be joined are first specially shaped to produce a fitted overlap or to make a projection on one piece that fits snugly into a recess on the other. Most joints in cabinet work are of this type. To make certain of the special

Early American Industries

shapes for joining, colonial cabinetmakers used special planes.

The special shapes that can be made with a plane are all variations of two basic forms; the rabbet and the tongue and groove. The rabbet was described by Moxon as being made by cutting "... part of the upper edge of a Board, or other Stuff, straight, that is, square down into the Board, that the edge of another Board also cut down in this same manner, may fit and join into the Square of the first Board thus cut away; and when two Boards are thus lapped on the edges over one another; this lapping over is called Rabbetting." 25

The rabbet plane. The simplest of the fitting planes was the rabbet plane. Its distinguishing features were that it was quite narrow and that the blade was slightly wider than the body of the plane. To accommodate the width of the blade, the mouth was extended clear across the sole and about half-way up the sides — where it was considerably enlarged. The narrow shaft of the spadeshaped from fit through a correspondingly narrow opening in the body of the plane, and the shavings were discharged from the sides. This somewhat unusual construction was necessary because, in use, the body of the plane had to be able to follow the blade down into the rabbet as it was formed. Moxon, Diderot, Roubo, and Mercer all mention this plane; it was a basic woodworking tool.76 A slight variation of the basic rabbet was the skew rabbet. The only difference between the two was that the blade of the skew rabbet was mounted at an angle of about sixty degrees to the long axis of the sole rather than at a right angle,

Other variations of the rabbet plane included the addition of fences and stops. A fence was nothing more than a downward projection running the length of the plane along one side of the sole. The fence was sometimes an integral part of the plane body, but it was frequently simply a strip of wood added to an ordinary rabbet plane. In use, one edge of the stuff having first been trued, the fence was slipped over that edge and held firmly against it while the rabbet was planed. The fence served the double purpose of limiting the width of the rabbet and making the side of the rabbet as true as the edge along which the fence was held.

The problem of limiting the depth of the rabbet was frequently solved by the addition of a stop to the plane. The stop was similar to the fence except that it extended outward rather than downward and was located on the side of the plane opposite the fence.⁷⁶

The moving fillister. Designed like the rabbet plane, to cut notches along the edge of a board, the moving fillister was a much larger plane capable of cutting much wider notches. The body of the plane was much like that of a bench plane, but the blade was set askew and was sharpened on the leading edge as well as on the bottom. The feature of the moving fillister was an adjustable fence. The fence was slotted near each end and attached to the sole of the plane by screws or bolts that fit through the slots. The screws could be loosened, the fence adjusted, and the screws then tightened. Many moving fillisters had a similar, adjustable stop, and some also had a routing blade, or tooth—a small iron set vertically in the body just ahead of the leading edge of the iron. The purpose of the routing tooth was to score the wood so the iron would not tear it — a valuable feature for working across the grain.

The plow. One of the two fitting planes described in detail by Moxon — the other was the rabbet — the plow was a rather complex plane with a simple purpose. The purpose was to our a groove in or near the edge of a board. Basically, the plane was simply a very narrow rabbet plane, but the requirements of the task for which it was designed necessitated several refinements. The narrow blade had, of course, no great strength; so it was necessary to reinforce it. This was accomplished in two ways: the iron itself was made considerably thicker than normal near the cutting edge, and the sole of the plane was strengthened by letting into it a strip of thin ironboth of these measures serving to help keep the curting iron firm and steady. To permit centering the groove in the edges of boards of various sizes, a movable fence was required. This problem was met by mounting the fence on two shafts, or staves, square in cross section and four or five inches long, that fit into two corresponding through mortises in the body of the plane. By tapping the shafts one way or the other and then wedging them right, the craftsman could adjust the fence to suit his work, so

Simpler forms of the plow existed of course, but the one described seems to have been a standard fitting plane. It was mentioned, not only by Moxon, but by Diderot, Roubo, and Chambers as well. Mercer pictured two plows — of undetermined age, but probably nineteenth century — that were nothing more than very narrow rabbet planes with fences and stops, but with the characteristic thick blade and reinforced sole of the true plow. Diderot and Roubo both illustrated simple planes with fixed fences designed to make narrow grooves, but the French planes lacked the reinforcing elements. 2

The tongue, Complementing the plow was a very similar plane called the tongue. Whereas the plow made a groove in the edge of a board, the tongue shaped on another board, the corresponding projection that fit into the groove. The plane was wider than a plow-more on the order of a rabbet plane — and had deep rectangular notches in its sole and iron. The notches, of course, served to shape the projection, or tongue (both the plane and the projection it formed were called tongues), and to limit its height." As with the plow, there were simple forms of the tongue that lacked an adjustable fence; 55 Naturally, the simple forms of the tongue and plow were of use only in matched pairs, and items such as "... one pair of half-inch groving planes ..." or "... 2 match plain ..." are frequently found in inventories and advertisements of the eighteenth century. 63 A double match plain had a plow iron and a tongue iron mounted side by side, but facing in opposite directions, in the same body - in efrect, a simple plow and matching tongue all in one plane. 9.7

The molding planes. Although they varied widely in size and appearance, the molding panes all had the same purpose: to produce, in one operation, the frequently complex arrangement of curved and flat surfaces that comprise a molding. Most molding planes were rather small; in size and construction they closely resembled a rabbet plane. The big difference, of course, lay in the shape of the cutting edge of the iron and the shape of the sole. The sole of a molding plane was an inverted image of the molding the plane was intended to make, and the iron was carefully ground and shaped to produce excetly the same profile." The variety of shapes that moldings may take is

(Continued on Page 36)

WB. JACK

13 RECEIVING BLANKET, shown at top and right, a 3N-inch square of soft, lightweight wool in an all-over Huck weave. In solid pastel colors of pink, blue, yellow, green, and white; white with a striped border of pink and blue, or yellow and green. Shapang weight 34 lb. \$ 4.50

12 BRONSON CRIB and CARRIAGE ROBE hand-toomed of baby-soft lightweight wood in plain weave with Bronson late designed border in passel colors of pink, blue, yellow, green, and white, 36 inches by 44 inches long. Supplying weight 11/4 lbt.



A CHARMING COUPIL (above), so perr in her removable cape and hood, waring for the debonair MR, JACK (opposite), in his waist-cost and the, to come up the hill, Shapping weight 22 lbt. The pair \$4.50 and who wants to make us had who wants to make us had a substitution of the cost of

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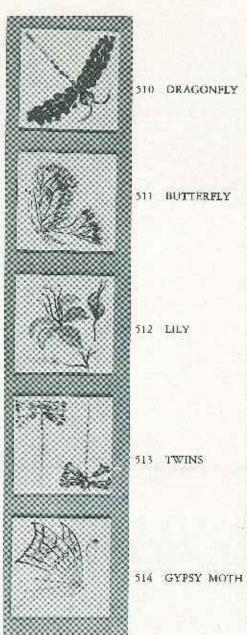
Berea College student industries

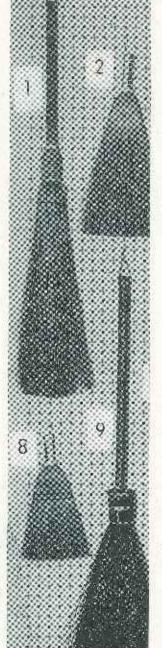


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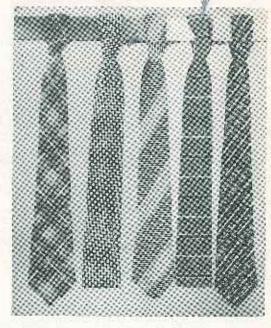


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Assurance of quality in all styles in browns, greens, blues, black, reds, and wine.

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510 DRAGONFLY

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Handmade brooms of the from the highest quality b the sassaíras and willow h cord loop or thong for ha

ARTCRAFT, hand car STOCKBRAID, braide

FANTAIL, a broom to CORNCANE, with w STOCKWITCH, lacqu

STREAMLINER, light CABINCRAFT, rustic

WHISKBRAID, with

WITCHCRAFT, lacqu BABY ARTCRAFT, 1

HEARTHSWEEP, brai 12 BO-PEEP, curved wilk

WITCHBABY, Jacques 14 ARTCRAFT JUNIOR

COLORS: Sunset Red, Oc

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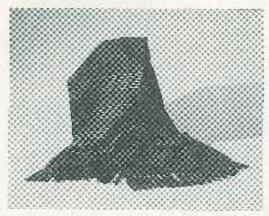


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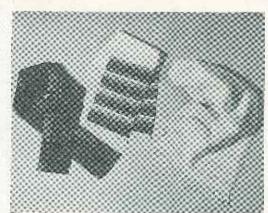


27 THE SHEER SHIMMERING STOLE (at left) of softest wool, /2 inches long. Black or white with gold or silver trim. Also (not shown) STOLES of blues and greens on black, or browns and beige on brown. Shipping weight 1½ lbs. 5 10.95

26 SUIT SCARF (at right), a 7-inch strip of wool folded, in plaids of brown, red, or blue; white and pastels. \$ 1.50

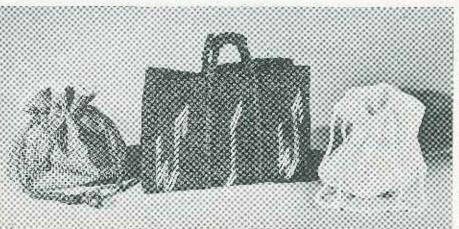
26 FLYAWAY SCARF (center), white with tainbow colored borders in blue, rad, green, black, or brown. \$ 1.50

24 WISP SCARF (far right) of time wool gold and silver horslered, 48 inches long. White and pastels. \$ 3.95 Shipping weight each warf ½ lb.



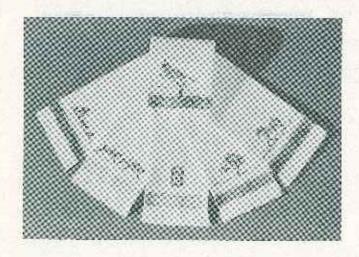
66 THE TWILL DRAWSTRING BAG (shown first ar right) of washable acetate, light and toomy, in all white, or black, blue, green, rel, or beige on white. Skipping weight 144 lbs. \$3.25

17 THE SHOPPING-BAG (center) of washable acetate yarn is fashioned with 10-inch sides and firm inner bottom, in white, black, green, blue, red, or beige. Shipping weight 1½ lbs. \$ 3.95



Shown at left.

85 THE NEW OAT BAG firmly woven in heavy cord pattern of acetate on cotton warp is 9 inches deep with a stundy 5-inch bottom. It has an ingenious cord pull closing and cord handles. It is fashioned so as to give ample room and easy access, a very satisfactory bag. Colors: Black, blue, ted, or brown on black warp; white on natural warp. Shipping weighs 1 lb. \$5.75

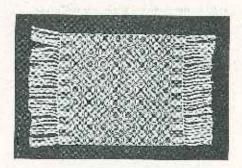


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10 EMBLEM FINGER TOWELS. Each \$ 1.95 Shipping weight ½ th.

Shown left, from left to right: DANIEL BOONE in black only; KENTUCKY DERBY in veilow or brown; INITIAL made by special order only; REDBUD, red with green border; THOR-OUGHBRED in brown or black; CARDINAL in red.

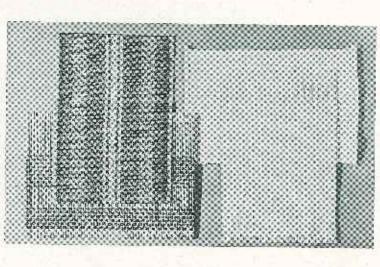


64 WHIG ROSE MA't of fine cotton with woven-in pattern of miniature Whig Rose, 9 inches by 11 inches long. Colors: brown, greeu, red, yellow, rust, or rose. Shipping weight 1/2 lb. \$ 1.50

PLACE MATS, (shown at right). Simplicity of design combines natural grass and harmonizing colored cotton to make handsome washable mats finished with hemmed ends.

88 NEW GRASS MAT (on top) of green-gray grass with gray, black, and white cotton; or blue, gold, black, and white cotton. Shipping usight 1½ lbt. \$ 1.50

8 SEDGE GRASS MAT (underneath) of tan grass and tan, brown, green, and aqua cotton. Shipping weight 1½ lbs. \$ 1.50



PLACE MATS, (at left). Study, washable, cotton or accente, plain in color but an interesting texture which enhances china of pottery. Protection for fine furniture.

6 RACHEL MAT, (underneath) of heavy natural cotton in Swedish weave. Dutable and washable, Excellent protection from heat. Shipping weight 1 lb. \$ 1.75

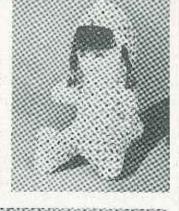


Shown at right.
250 SWEETIE PIE, the darling of everyone's eye.
Cuddly soft and davable
Our Latest! Shipping
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Shown below.

251 Did you ever see a PURPLE COW? Now you can and have one, too, Gentle, colorful and charming. Shipping weight 3/4 lbs.

\$ 2.50



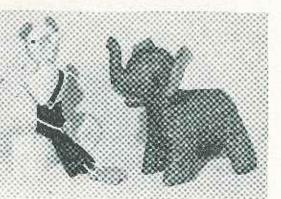
Gifts for Children

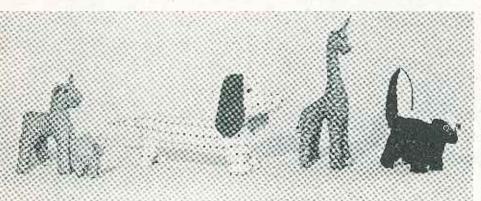
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Original cuddly-soft toys with charm and character inspired by story books and the circus to delight every child, young and old. All are handmade by Berea students, many their original designs, from colorfast materials in lovely colors and lively prints. Gay playmates and take-to-bed companions,

in constitution						
Show 235 212 204 223		_Shipping _Shipping Shipping _Shipping	weight weight	1 lbs.	8	2.75 .50 2.50 3.25
Midd 201 237 202 209	le row, from left to right. MISSY 'n MAMMY, unusual combination doll BEAN BAG, Duck or Elephant (not shown) HUMPTY-DUMPTY, safe even when he falls BE'I'TY BERBA, our own, pert and saccy.	Shipping Shipping Shipping Shipping	weight weight	¾ lbs. 2 lbs.	55	3.00 .75 3.75 3.75
239 232	m tow, from left to right. CROAKY, the frog, silly yet wise. SLEEPING DOG, a welcome bed fellow. SLEEPING DOG, cuddly in black fur cloth. JEEPIR CREEPER, the turtle, pillow soft. BETTY LOU, a prissy Miss, just the right size.	Shipping Shipping	weight weight weight	3 lbs. 3 lbs. 1½ lbs.	20.00	3.00 3.00 5.00 2.75 9.50
Show 205 207 206 244 220	e at right. From left to right. HANSEL, the Dutch buy, 11 inches tall. GRETCHEN, the pillow doll, solid and comfortable.	_Shipping Shipping Shipping	weight weight weight weight	1 lb. 1½ lbs. 1 lb. ¼ lbs.	4 55	2.25 3.00 2.25 2.00 3.00
Show, 217 243 222 215	n below, From left to tight. MAMA HORSE AND COLT, Mama is 8 inches high. DANNY, the Dachshund who thinks he is a pointer. NOSBY, the Giraffe, always pert and alert.	_Shipping Shipping _Shipping Shipping	weight weight weight	3/4 lbs. 11/2 lbs. 1 lb.	2000	2.75 2.50 2.25 2.00

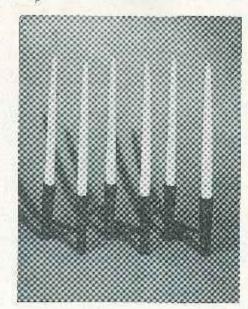






245 FRENCHY, the Poodle, the aristocrat aware of it in his rich coat of fur cloth whatever the color: soft brown, black, pink, or aqua. He stands 13 inches high, Shipping weight 1½ lbs. \$ 5.95





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Shown at left.

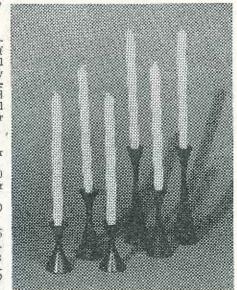
404 SIX-PIECE CANDELABRA of cherry or walnut woods, 5 inches high expands to 25 inches long. Shipping weight 11/2 lbs.

405 FOUR-PIECE CANDELABRA of cherry or walnut woods, 5 inches high expands to 15 inches long.

Shipping weighs 1 1/4 lbs. \$ 4.50

Shown at right.

401 GANDLESTICKS of cherry or walnut woods, 6 inches high. Shipping weight 1 lb. \$ 4.95, pair. 402 CANDLESTICKS of cherry or walnut woods, 4½ inches high. Shipping weight 1 lb. \$ 4.50, pair. 403 CANDLESTICKS of cherry or walnut woods, 9 inches high. Shipping weight 1½ lbr. \$ 7.50, pair.

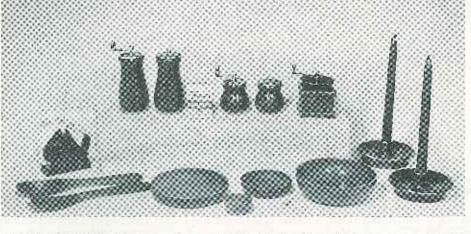


Top row, left to right. 307 ROYAL PEPPER-MILL SET, 5 inches high in cherry or walnut woods. Shipping weight 11/4 lbs. \$ 12.75

F-10 PEPPERCORNS, whole black pepper. \$.50 F-100 BARREL PEPPER-MILL SET, 3 inches high in cherry or walnut woods. Shipping weight 1 lb.

EARLY AMERI-CAN PEPPERMILL, 31/2 inches square in cherry or walnut woods. Shipping weight 11/4 lbs. \$ 6.95

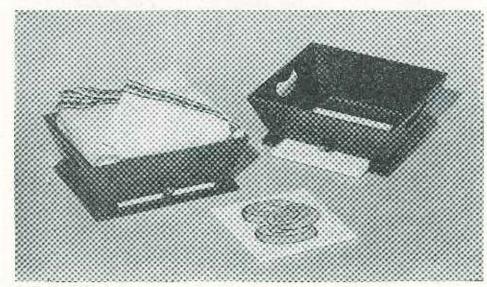
Bottom row, left to right.



Shown below.

F-118 NATURAL MA-HOGANY BOWL hand rubbed to a rich glow, is 12 inches in diameter on a one-half inch base. An attractive salad, fruit, or nur bowl. Shipping Weight 31/2 lbs. \$ 16.75

6170	SCOTTY LETTER or NAPKIN HOLDER of cherry or walnut wood. Ship.	W1. 42 16.	\$ 1.25
F-117	SALAD SERVERS of oiled therry wood, 10 inches longShip.	Wt. 1 1b.	\$ 5.50
F-125	SALAD BOWL of oiled cherry wood, 1 inch by 6 inches. Ship.	W1. 1/2 lb.	\$ 1.50
		Wt. 1/4 lb.	\$.35
F-126	SALAD BOWL of oiled cherry wood, 1 inch by 4 inches. Ship.	W1. 1/2 lb.	\$.95
	SALAD BOWL, lacquered cherry wood, 2 inches by 6 inchesShip.	Wt. 1/2 16.	\$ 3.25
5043	CANDLE HOLDER of cherry or walnut wood. Each, Ship.	Wt. 1/4 16.	\$ 1.25



THE BUN BOX, handsome accessory for delightful serving of the ever-popular hor breads, rolls, and biscuits. The Box of walnut or cherry wood, holding a white tile preheated for 10 minutes in a warm oven, will keep its contents just right until the last crumb. Decorated TILE may be added and the lovely white hand-woven BRHAD CLOTH with ted, blue, or yellow border may be used to cover a favorite food. A most welcome gift.
6285 THE BUN BOX with plain tile, choice of woods.

Shipping weight 31/2 lbs. \$ 7.50



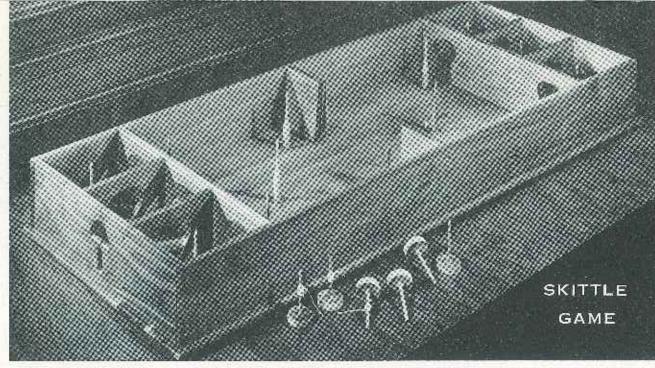
5910 WASTE BASKET with top rim and base of solid wood in choice of cherry, walnut, or mahogany woods, 12 inches in diameter and 13 inches high. Attractive and sturdy to hold prized potted plant or magazines. Shipping weight 41/2 lbs.

Shown at left, to be used with Bun War-500 TILE, mer. decorated with an original student de-\$ 1.50 sign.

BREAD COVER of cotton with woven-in border in red, blue, or yellow. \$ 2.50 yellow.

Weight included with Bun Warmer.





Skittle Game

Fun for 2 to 6 players of all ages and many kibitzers. Each player spins the top with string and the pins knocked over count as his score. A solidly built game of heautiful grained walnut or blonde woods finished with clear lacquer.

Size: 18½ inches wide, 46 inches long, 5½ inches deep. May be used on any level table or the convenient space-saving folding stand shown below. It is equipped with pins, spinners and instructions.

6005B Blonde wood, Prepaid East of Denver, Colorado \$ 29.00 6005W Walnut wood, Prepaid East of Denver, Colorado \$ 31.50

Prepaid West of Denver, Colorado \$ 31.00 Prepaid West of Denver, Colorado \$ 33.50

STAND FOR SKITTLE GAME

6009 A FOLDING STAND custom made of walnut or blonde woods to match the Skirtle Came. It alids enjoyment to this wonderful game. Convenient, easy to handle, sturdy, it requires little storage space. Choice of wood.

Standing size: 22½ Inches wide

inches wide Folded size: 22½ inches wide inches high 5 inches deep

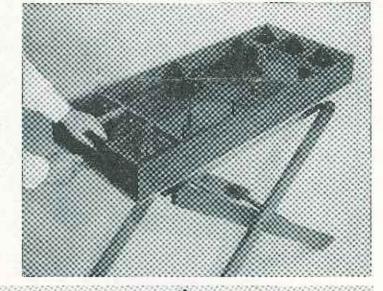
32 inches high 47 inches long

59 inches long

Prepaid Bast of Denver, Colorado-stand only, \$ 18.75

Prepaid West of Denver, Colorado-stand only, \$ 20.75

Replacement PINS and SPINNERS for Skittle Game, each \$ 50



TWO-IN-ONE GAME

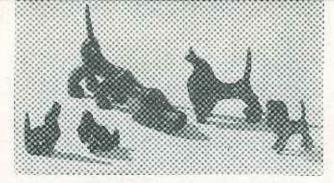
It's twice as much fun when the game is TWO-IN-ONE! Fun for all the family and friends packed into one small box 14 inches wide, 30 inches long, and 5½ inches deep; sturdily constructed of blonde woods, finished with clear lacquer. Attractive, it may be used on any small table and returned to its carton for easy storage when not in use. It comes completely equipped with all playing parts and instructions for the two games.

TABLE HOCKEY (shown in front box at right) can be played by 2 to 6 players with 1 to 3 players standing on each side of the game, manning the paddle poles of their choice, seeking to prevent the opposition from making a goal but aiming to do so for their team. Keen excitement and activity is created as the game progresses.

When poles are turned with the paddles up, they may be removed easily and the box is ready for SPINNER BOWLING. Ten pins are set up on marks indicated on bottom of game as shown in the second box at right. Each player gets two spins (equivalent to two rolls of the ball in bowling) using the string and spinners in the same manner used for the Skittle Game. Scoring and rules are the same as Bowling and score is kept on the regulation pad provided. Made in Blonde wood only.



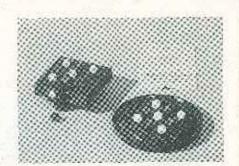
6000 Prepaid East of Deuver, Colorado. \$ 16.25 Prepaid West of Deuver, Colorado. \$ 17.75



OLD GAMES FOREVER NEW

TICKTACKTOE - Three in a row! An old game that has held its rightful place through the years and made new and lasting friends. Lors of fun for two. Either design in cherry or walnut woods.

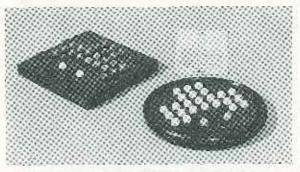
6008R,	6 inches ROUND	\$ 1.00
6008S,	4 inches SQUARE	\$ 1.00
Shippin	g weight ¼ lh. each.	



WOODCARVINGS

From left to right.					
6115 TREEING HOUND, forlorn	. Ship.	Wt.	12	Ib.	\$1.00
6114 WEEPING HOUND, sad sad	k.Ship.	WL	1/2	16.	\$1.00
6117 TRAILING HOUND.	Ship.	Wt.	3/3	16.	\$5.25
6116 LARGE HOUND, howling.	Ship.	W.t.	1/2	16.	\$1.75
6111 SMALL DOG, alert.	Ship.	11/2	L_2	16.	\$1.00

Shown at right. 6122 COLT, the Kentucky Thoroughbred, 21/2 inches high of polished mahogany wood. Shipping weight 1/2 lb. \$1.25 6123 WILD HORSE, all frisky grace of polished mahogany Shipping weight 1/2 lb. \$5.75 wood, 6 inches high.

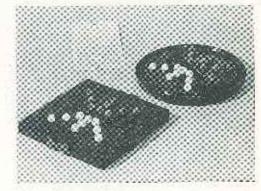


THE FOX AND GEESE GAME, a very old traditional one requiring the skill of two players. Although the Geese may be "killed off" by the Fox, they aren't so silly and many times surround him. Choice of cherry or walnut woods.

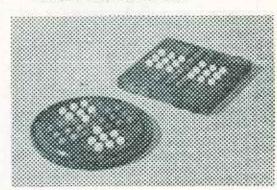
6005R, 8½ inches ROUND \$ 2,25 60038, 71/2 inches SQUARE \$ 2.75 Shipping weight 11/2 lbs. each,



Handsome games turned beautiful woods worthy of the student's skill and pride; and intricate carvings of grace and beauty, make appreciated long-kept gifts worth giving.



Shown above. THE NINE MEN'S MORRIS GAME is centuries old yet ever new. This challenging game requires two resourceful players. Cherry or walnut woods, 6001R, 8½ inches ROUND 6001S, 7½ inches SQUARE \$ 2.25 Shipping weight 11/2 lbs. each.



Ship. Wt. 1/2 lb. \$ 1.00 Ship. Wt. I lb. \$ 2.25

Ship. Wt. 1/2 lb. 8 Ship. Ws. 1/4 lb. \$.75 Ship. Ws. 1/4 lb. \$ 1.50 Shown above. THE MARBLE PUZZLE, the game which holds the player's interest until only one marble remains in the center. Fither design in therry or walnut woods, with mathles of assorted colors. Instructions included, \$ 2.75

6054R, 8½ inches ROUND 6054S, 7½ inches SQUARE Shipping weight 1½ lbs. each.

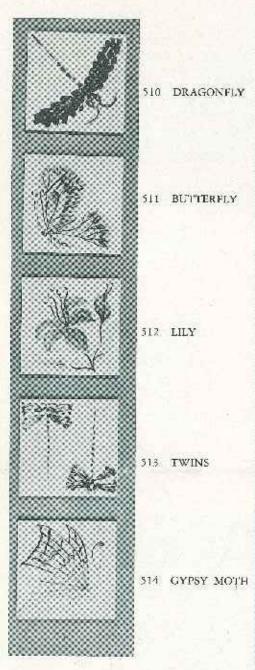


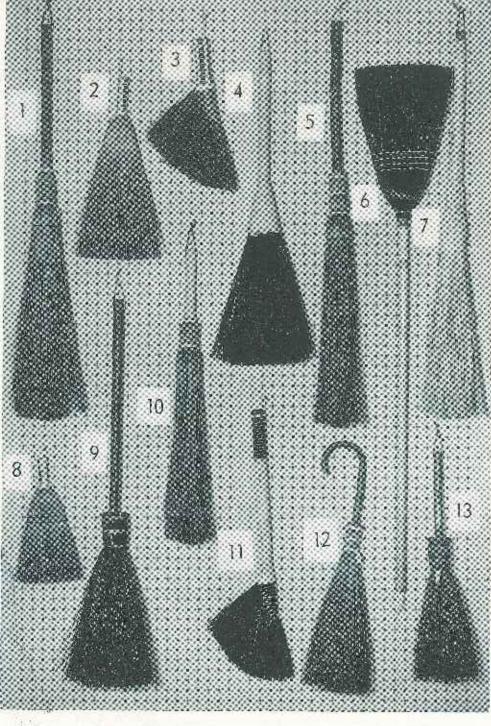
6057 THE MUSHROOM TOP of mixed, niled woods is an excellent spinner and easy to spin. It is an attractive keepsake. Shipping weight 1/4 lb.

6056 THE NEVERHALL TOP is a string winder easy to handle and long spinner. It is sturdy and dependable. Everyone loves a top. Shipping Weight 1 lb. \$ 1.00

- SHUTTLE PUZZLE, game for one. Cherry or walnut woods. PYRAMID PUZZLE, a test of individual's skill.
- Shown below. Front row, from left to right.
- 6052 PYRAMID PUZZLE of four pieces. A perfect pyramid.
- 6051 BALL PUZZLE of few pieces but ingeniously made. 6060 SNOWFLAKE PUZZLE of many fitted pieces, a skill tester.

FINE CERAMIC ORIGINALS





Expressions of the potter's skill, craftmanship. and creative artistry with utility is the aim of each student in our newest craft industry. Our TILES are charming illustrations with their original interpretations and variety of colors. Each tile is 6 inches square finished with a protective backing of cork so it may be used under hot dishes as well as decorative hanging. Make choice by number from above.

Shipping weight 1 lb. \$ 1.50

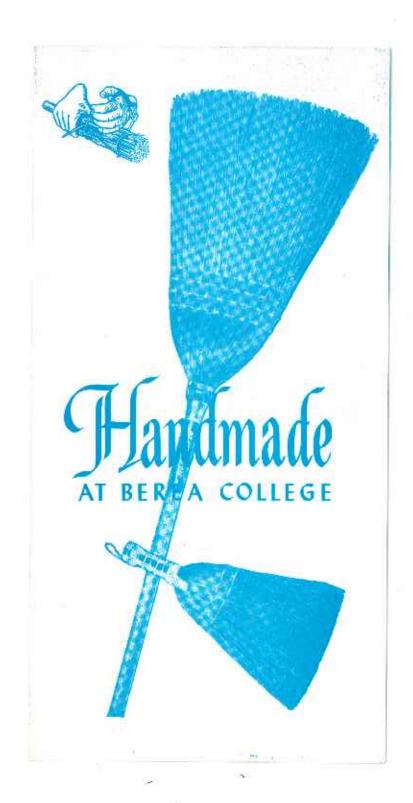
- 510 DRAGONFLY
- BUTTERFLY
- 512 LILY
- TWINS 513
- 514 GYPSY MOTH

COLORFUL HEARTH BROOMS

Handmade brooms of the highest quality to add beauty to your hearth. These brooms are made from the highest quality broomcorn and are expertly constructed by students who are skilled broommakers. The wood handles are finished with clear lacquer to give smoothness. The bark is left on the sassafras and willow handles to give these brooms a rustic note. Handles are equipped with a cord loop or thong for hanging.

1 ARTCRAFT, hand carved walnut handle. 2 STOCKBRAID, braided comstalk handle. 3 FANTAH, a broom for hard-m-ger-to-place CORNCANE, with wrapped care handle. 5 STOCKWITCH, lacquered sassafras handle. 6 STREAMLINER, light kitchen broom. 7 CABINCRAFT, rustic in natural color only.	s. Skipping weig Shipping weigi Shipping weigi Shipping weigi	br 1 lb. \$ br 1 lb. \$ br 2½ lbs. \$ br 2½ lbs. \$ br 2 lbs. \$	1.75 1.75 3.25 2.00 2.00
8 WHISKBRAID, with braided handle	Shipping weigh Shipping weigh Shipping weigh Shipping weigh	ht 2½ lbs. \$ 2 ht 1½ lbs. \$ 1 ht 2 lbs. \$ 7 ht 1½ lbs. \$ 1 ht 1½ lbs. \$ 1	2.00 1.50 2.75 1.75 1.75

COLORS: Sunset Red, Ocean Blue, Deep Orange, Alfalfa Green, Natural



The Streamliner

A color for every kitchen color scheme

Sunset Red, Ocean Blue, Natural, Alfalfa Green, Deep Orange

Made from Best Quality Broomcorn
Slightly Trimmed Ends or Untrimmed as Desired
Attractive Two-color Cellophane Slip

Leather thong for Hanging.

Four Sewed, Light Weight — 20 ounces each,

Packed 12 to carton

Straight Grained Hardwood Handle Smoothly Sanded with Two Coats of Clear Lacquer

Shipping Weight 20 lbs. per Doz. No. 1350

\$12.95 Per Doxen

F. O. B. Berea, Ky.

ONCE USED - WILL BE CALLED FOR AGAIN





The Whiskbraid

Here's a Rugged Whisk for Every Use - Home,

Office, Auto. Hand-Braided Two-tone

Handle. Two Sewed with Strong Seine Twine.

10 Inches Long. All Colors-Sunset Red, Ocean Blue,

Natural, Alfalfa Green, or Deep Orange.

Shipping Weight 5 Lbs. per Doz. No. 1301

\$6.60 Per Doxen

F. O. B. Berea, Ky.



Our linest hearth broom. Beaut fully handcarved black walnut handle, select broomcorn used, made by students skilled in proomerally, 38 inches long. All colors. Shipping weight 11 lbs. per doz.

No. 1800

\$24.75 Dox.



. Color for any fireplace Practical accessories Best materials Rustic styles . . .

HEARTHSWEEP

A distinctive number with braided twa-tone handle to match the color of the straw. Very decorative. 27 inches long. All Colors. Shipping weight 10 lbs. per doz.

No. 1501

\$16.50 Dox.

CORNCANE

Sweeps like a big broom all dressed up for the fireplace. The handles are wrapped tightly in genuine cane. 33 inches long. All colors. Shipping weight 11 lbs. per

No. 1700 \$21.50 Doz.



WITCHCRAFT

A sturdy broom which will stand lots of use. Sanded sassafras bondle, locquer dipped. The binding wire is covered with bright colored rafflin 38 inches long, All colors, Shipping weight 15 lbs. per doz.

No. 1500

\$13.20 Dox.



Same as the Witchcroft with shorter handle and shorter brush. 22 Inches long. All colors Shipping weight 9 lbs. per doz.

No. 1400 511.50 Dox.



Closely akin to a simple, sturdy broom to often found in the country used for sweeping the "yard." Ideal far today's modern patio, Long, select carn and stalks securely braided with a strong splint the length of a sassafras handle. 39 inches lang. Available in NATURAL only. Shipping weight 12 lbs. per doz.

No. 1600

\$19.75 Doz.

BO-PEEP

A practical prize-winning fireside brush on a curved willow handle as charming as the shepherd's crook of old. Handle lacquer dipped, 25 inches long. All colors. Shipping weight 8 lbs, per doz.

No. 1405

\$11.50 Doz.









unset Red, Ocean Blue, Deep Orange,

STOCKWITCH



Has a genuine sassafras handle, sanded to remove the roughest knots, and then dipped in clear lacquer, 44 inches long. All colors Shipping weight 15 lbs per doz.

No. 1701

\$13.20 Doz.





STOCKBRAID

Made from select carn. Braided handle of corn stalks, waven and tied with a strong cord. 20 inches long. All colors. Shipping weight 7 ibs. per doz.

No. 1401

\$11.50 Doz.





FANTAIL

Useful for getting into those posky corners of upholstered furniture and cars. 15 inches long. All colors. Shipping weight 6 lbs. per doz.

No. 1402 \$11.50 Doz.

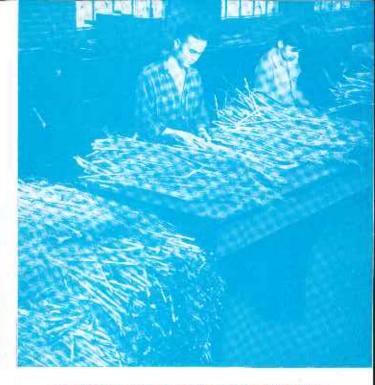




Attractively braided on a hardwood handle. A rawhide thong for hanging, 26 inches long. All colors. Shipping weight 9 lbs per doz.

No. 1300

59.90 Doz.



GRADING AND SORTING BROOMCORN

Your customers will appreciate the high quality of Berea Brooms

The select broomcorn from which our Hearth Brooms are made is the best quality on the market. It is carefully graded and sized so that each broom will be free from loose straws. After the grading and sorting, the corn is submerged in boiling dye vats for two hours. The dye used is the best that we have ever found for this purpose.

All processes in the handicrafting of our Hearth Brooms are done by skilled broom makers , , . Berea students who "earn while they learn."

A WORD ABOUT BEREA COLLEGE AND OUR STUDENT INDUSTRIES

Proom craft is one of the Berea Callege Student at Industries. Each student at Berea is guaranteed at least ten hours of labor per week; no student works less. If it were not for the work provided by the college, most of the boys and girls at Berea could not go to college. There is NO TUITION. We do not believe there is another college in America where so many young people have the apportunity of self-support and education.

To provide enough lobar for all, the college has created the Student Industries. Among these are the Bakery, Broomcraft, Candy Kitchen, Printing Shop, the Needlecraft, Woodcraft, Fireside Weaving, Boone Tavern Hotel and the Dairy, Farm and Creamery.

Berea College is non-denominational, receives no state or federal support. To do its work, it depends an endowment and an gifts from triends. We will be glad to send you additional literature and invite you to join us as a friend of Berea College.

Mail orders to:

BEREA COLLEGE STUDENT INDUSTRIES

Berea, Kentucky

4 / 2 / 4 | 4 |

TERMS 2% 10 DAYS, NET 30 NO TRADE DISCOUNT F.O.B., BEREA, KENTUCKY

Prices are subject to change without notice.

Student Crafts

where students work for themselves and for each other to secure an education.

Berea College Berea, Kentucky



Berea College Student Industries

Each student is guaranteed at least ten hours of labor per week; no student works less. A student may earn a part or all of his expenses. There is no tuition. To provide enough labor for all, the College created the Student Industries.



These industries pay for all materials used, pay for supervision and clear enough money to pay the students. Any income derived from the sale of Student Craft products is used to further Berea's educational program.

Coreful inspection and finishing

HAND-LOOMED SKIRTS OF COTTON AND WOOL



Shown at left.

No. 43 Three-tiered Skirt waven of cotton and acetate yarns on warp of catton in blues, browns, greens, grays, and heather. Choice of waven-in border colors: red, blue, green, black, or white. Skirt measures six yards around bottom. \$19.95.

All skirts are tailored to individual measurements.



No. 42 **Dirad Skirt** of cotton or acetate and cotton yarns in colors of blue, green, red, plack, brown, or heather, with harmonizing woven-in barder. \$10.95.

No. 41 **Dirndl Skirt** of wool on cotton warp in colors of light blue, navy, red, green, brown, rust, or black, with harmonizing waven-in border.

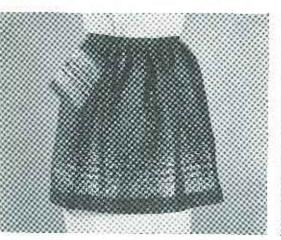
S10.95.

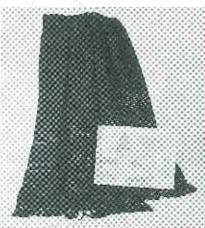
Dirndl skirts hand (inished with a three-inch ham, (shown above right)



Gifts for Her

No. 45 The Smart Cape of pre-shrunk sheer weal with silver trim of woven-in metallic throad, taffeta lined. Versatile and practical in black, novy, red, white, and pastel shades of green, yellow, pink, or blue. Length at front from neckband about 12 inches. One-inch neckband will be more comfortable if nock size is given when ordering. \$7.50.





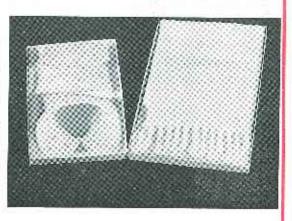
No. 38 Lovely Apron and Potholder Set waven of very fine linen yarn with barder of gold and silver washable metallic thread. The Apron is 15 inches long with one-inch hem and is gathered to a plain narrow band. A Potholder of the same material and gay metallic trim matches the apron of blue, navy, green, brown, or black.

\$3.75.

No. 27 The Sheer Shimmaring Stale of hand-loamed sallest wool in black (shawn above) or white, Ishown below). It is 24 inches by 72 inches, preshrunk, with additional four-inch hand tied fringe finishing the ends. The interesting border trim is of twill woven stripes outlined with washable metallic thread in silver or gold. \$10.95.

No. 20 The Party Bag is fashlaned in clutch style of hand-loomed cotton material with the Whig Rose design in nontarnishing metallic thread. The bag is lined with white taffeta. White with gold or silver. \$3.25.

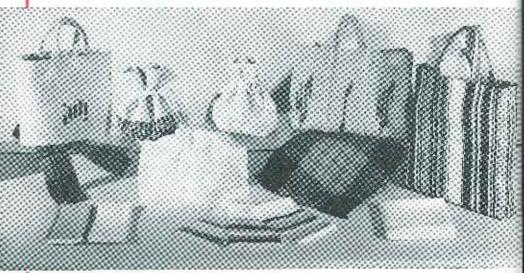
No. 21 A Fresh, Perky Little Collar made of same material as the Party Bag and lined with white taffeta. The nackline is adjustable, White with gold or silver. \$1.95.



HAND-LOOMED BAGS

Shown below. Top row from left to right,

- No. 14 **Carryall Bag** of natural nubby cotton fabric, taffeta lined to match color of finger-waven matifs in rad, blue, green, brown, or black. A sturdy, versatile bag 10 inches deep, fashioned on a polished oval wooden bottom. \$6.50.
- No. 16 Rounder Bag of same fabric and colors as the Carryall, fashianed on a five-inch circle of polished wood and lined with natural cotton. \$4.95.
- Na. 56 Rachel Bag woven of heavy natural cotton in a Swedish all-over pattern. Unlined, it has a mitered six-inch square bottom and a drawstring top. \$3.25.
- No. 17 **Shopping Bag** waven of acetate yarn in an all-over variation of a basket weave, fashioned with ten-inch sides and firm inner battom, with a waven-in twisted cord handle. Bag colors are gray, black, aqua, tan, or brown, with matif in harmonizing color. \$3.95.
- No. 60 **Striped Shapping Bag** of white nylon on a very gay Roman-striped warp with handles of same material. Unlined, it is 13 inches long and 14 inches deep with a two-inch mitered bottom. \$4.95.



SCARVES WITH WARMTH AND BEAUTY

Shown above. Bottom row from left to right.

- No. 26 **Suit Scarf** of soft wool in plain colors of red, blue, brown, green, or white; pastels in pink, blue, green, or yellow; plaids of blue, red, or brown. The strip of soft wool 7 inches by 32 inches, folded lengthwise, makes a levely scarl to protect the caller and add warmth and color. \$1.50.
- No. 24 Wisp Scorf of fine wool, designed as two-way scarf with twill striped woven-in barders outlined in metallic yarns of gold in one end and silver in the other. This unusual scarl is 12 inches wide and 48 inches long in white, and pastels of pink, yellow, blue, or green.

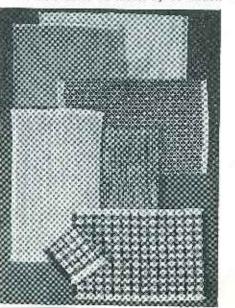
 \$3.95.
- No. 25 Flyaway Scarf of soft white wool yarn in plain weave with rainbow borders in harmonizing color combinations of beige, peach, green, violet, yellow, blue, pink, or gray. A dainty accent to brighten suit or dress. 6 inches wide and 30 inches long. \$1.50.
- No. 23 **Wool Head Scart** soft and warm with plenty of wrapping length in plaids of brown, blue, or red; all white, and pastels of blue, green, pink, or yellow. Scart is 14 inches wide and 72 inches long fringed on all sides. \$3.95.
- No. 51 Square Head Scorf. Extra warmth in the 31-inch square of soft, plain waven wool in white, red, blue, and pastals of blue, green, pink, or yellow. \$3.50.



Place Mats shown below, from top down.
No. 61 M & O Mat of acetate and cotton
in white; green or brown tweed. \$1.75.
No. 62 Twill Mat of acetate and cotton
in while, green, rose, or brown. \$1.75.
No. 63 Checked Mat acetate and cotton
in blue, rose, brown, or tan. \$1.75.
No. 6 Rachel Mat of Swedish design in
heavy natural cotton. \$1.75.

No. 8 Sedge Mat of natural grass on a colored cotton warp with hemmed ends and fringed sides. Washable. \$1.50. No. 46 Fireside Fancy Mat of cotton in natural with green, blue, red, yellow, brown, or all natural. \$1.35.

Napkins to match, 12-inch squares, \$,85. All mats about 12 inches by 18 inches.

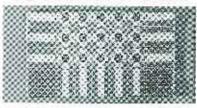


Gifts for the House

No. 9 Eight-Inch Cocktail Napkins of white linen and cotton yarns with dainty borders of blue, yellow, rose, green, or red cotton; also, washable threads of gold or silver. Edges are stitched and finished with one-half inch fringe. A lovely useful gift, boxed in a set of eight with borders of one color or assorted colors. \$4.25.

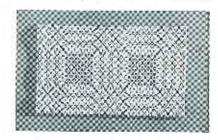


No. 64 Miniature Whig Rose Mat of fine colton with Whig Rose pattern waven in blue, brown, green, red, yellow, or pink, about 9 inches by 11 inches long with two-inch hand tied fringe, \$1.50.

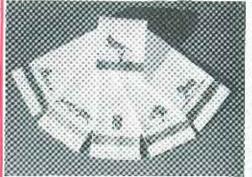


No. 2 Whig Rose Runner waven on warp of natural cotton with design in wool or mercerized cotton in yellow, blue, navy, red, green, rust, brown, gold, rose, or in two tones of same color. Hand hemmed.

18 inches by 36 inches. \$7.50. 18 inches by 45 inches, \$8.75.



No. 4 Pinebloom Runner. A large, bold stylized pattern woven in the same colors and yams as the No. 2 Runner. 18 inches by 36 inches. \$7.50. 18 inches by 45 inches. \$8.75.

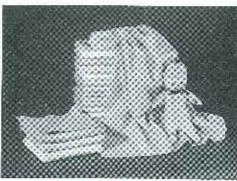


EMBLEM FINGER TOWELS

No. 10 **Unusual Towels** of hand-loomed white linen and cotton with colored designs tinger woven-in and finished with colored borders and one-inch fringed ends.

Shown above from left: Daniel Boone in black only; Kentucky Dezby in yollow, brown, or rust; the Initial made by special order in choice of colors; Redbud in pink and green only; Thoroughbred in red, brown, rust, or black; Cardinal (shown on top) in red. \$1,95.

Not shown: Jay in blue, Goldfinch in gold; Spinning Wheel in green, blue, or gold; Log Cabin in brown and gold; Skaters in black and red; Dancers in black, blue, and red, Towels are 9 inches wide and 18 inches long, pre-shrunk. \$1.95.

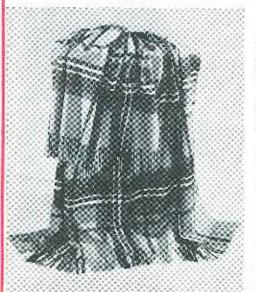


BLANKETS FOR BARY

No. 13 Receiving Blanker, a 32-inch square of soft lightweight wool woven in an allover Huck pattern of soft, solid colors in blue, green, yellow, pink, white; white with pink and blue barder, or white with yellow and green border. \$4.50.

No. 12 Bronson Crib and Carriage Robe hand-loomed of baby-soft lightweight wool yarn in plain werve with the Bronson Lace designed border in solid pastel colors of pink, blue, green, yellow, or white 36 inches wide and 41 inches long, pre-shrunk, \$7.50.

No. 11 Checked Crib and Carriage Blanket (not shown). Hand laamed of wool in dainty pink and blue, or yellow and green checks. Same quality yarn and size as No. 12: \$7.50.



COUCH THROWS

No. 36 Beautiful Woolen Throws woven in soft twill weave, handsome and gay with comfortable warmth for spectator sports and relaxing. Colorful tertans in Red with black, green, blue, white, yellow; Reyal Blue with green, yellow, white, black, Medium Blue with navy, gray, rad, white; Green with brown, rust; Wine with gray, blue, black, white; Black and white. Also Throws of solid color in green, rose, gray, blue, gold, or beige with borders in harmonizing colors. 42 inches wide, 72 inches long. \$15.00.

HAND-LOOMED FABRICS HOMESPUN SUITINGS

Beautiful Fabrics of alive colors and flattering designs, easily sewn.

Handsome Suitings of quality for fine tailaring and durability,
Samples on request for all fabrics,
Per yard.

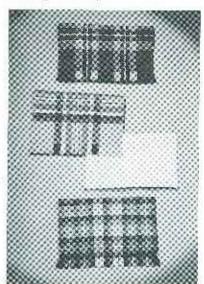
\$4.95 and \$5.95.

Gifts for Him

Distinctive Neckties, Hand tailored of handsome, exclusive fabrics which are hand-loomed of fine wool varn in vibrant colors and inspired patterns. Assurance of quality in all styles and designs—plain solids, bold and subtle plaids, wide and narrow stripes, and tweed mixtures—in the predominant calors of red. black, brown, wine, blue, navy, light or dark green. No. 31 Regular Ties of diagonal cut tailored with pointed ends. Shown at right; first tie, bold ploid; third tie, wide stripe; fifth tic, narrow stripe in nubby yorn. \$1.95.

No. 32 Straight Cut Ties tailored with square out ends. Shown at right: second tie, tweed mixture; fourth tie, narrow stripe: \$1.95.

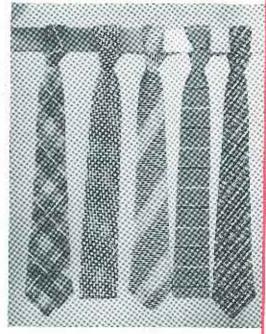
Both styles in any fabric.

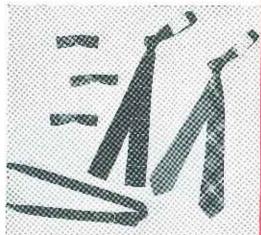


No. 34 Handsome Mufflers, wool tortans of twill weave in vibrant predominant colors of brown, blue, red, or gray. 12 inches by 48 inches long, fringed finish. \$3.75.

No. 35 Warm Mufflers of twill weave in solid colors of white, black, wine, brown, and blue. \$3.00.

Gift suggestion: A lie harmonizing in color or design with muffler, boxed.

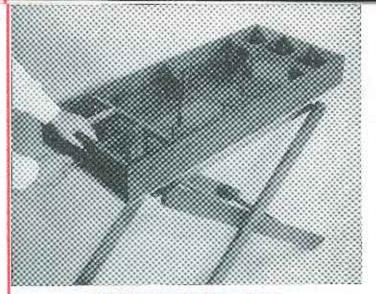




No. 70 **The Bow Tie** that is always ready, noat, and colorful of harmonizing plain and patterned wools in all the tie fabrics, **\$1.00.**

No. 50 Reversible Ties unusual and versatile, fashioned of matching plain and designed fabrics in the straight or regular cut styles. Double wearability. Choice of color and designs given above. \$2.50.

No. 80 **Fabric Belts** about one-inch wide of waven wool in black, blue, red, or brown. Mode in sizes 36, 40; and 44 with an adjustable buckle. \$1.95.



STAND FOR SKITTLE GAME

No. 301 A Folding Stand custom made of Walnut or Bland woods to match Skittle Game. Adds enjoyment to this wonderful game. Convenient, easy to handle, sturdy, and requires very little storage space. Choice of wood.

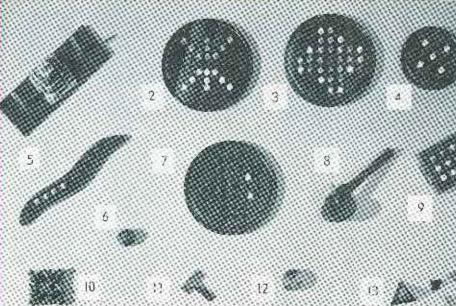
Standing: 22 ½ inches wide. Folded: 22 ½ inches wide. 32 inches high. 5 inches thick, 47 inches long. 59 inches long.

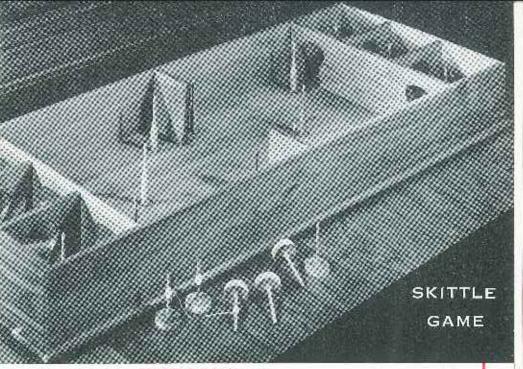
Prepaid East of Denver, Colorado, stand only. \$18.75.

Prepaid West of Denver, Colorado, stand only. \$21,75.

Replacement Pins and Spinners for Skittle Game. Each \$.50.







SKITTLE GAME

players of all ages and many kibitzers. Each player spins the top with string and the ver count as his score. A solidly built game of beautiful grained Walnut or Blande woods for locquer. Size 181/5 inches wide, 46 inches long, 51/2 inches deep. May be used on any the convenient space-saving folding stand shown at left. With pins, spinners, and instructions, de, Prepaid East of Denver, Colorada, \$27.00; West of Denver, Colorada, \$29.00.

The paid East of Denver, Colorado, \$29.50; West of Denver, Colorado, \$31.50.

OLD GAMES FOREVER NEW

The challange of a good puzzla and the competition created by games for two or more players has held the human interest through the conturies. Many of these games derived from some played in Greek, Roman, and Early Chinese days are as keenly played as ever. Handsome games make appreciated gifts worth giving.

Games shown on apposite page. Chaice of Walnut or Cherry woods. Instructions Turnished.

No. 6053 Pyromid Puzzle tests the individual's skill. 4 by 11 inches.

2,	No.	600.1	Nine Men's Morris requires two resourceful players. 10 inches.	\$1.95.
3.	No.	6054	Marble Puzzle colorful and fascinating for one player, 10 inches.	\$1.75.
4.	No.	6008	Ticktocktoe — Three in a row. Fun for two players, 6 inches.	\$1.00.
5.	No.	6055	Shuttle Puxxle fun for one. A conversation piece. 12 inches.	\$1.00.
6.	No.	6051	Ball Puzzle of few pieces but ingeniously made. Fun to give.	\$.75.
7.	No.	6003	Fox and Geese on old traditional game for two players. 10 inches.	\$1.95.
8.	No.	313	Neverfail Top, a string winder, easy to handle. 10 Inches.	\$1.00.
9.	No.	305	Ticktacktoe On the square. With storage space for marbles.	\$1.00.
10.	No.	6060	Snowflake Puzzle of many fitted pieces. No instructions.	\$1.50.
11.	No.	314	T-Puzzle four pieces of mixed woods make a perfect T.	\$.50.
12.	No.	303	Mushroom Tops of mixed ailed woods are excellent spinners.	\$.50.
13.	No.	304	Pyramid Puzzle four pieces of mixed woods make a perfect pyramid.	\$.50.



Furniture by Woodcraft

Catalog of Early American Furniture by Woodcraft sycilable. Postpoid \$.50.

. The high quality of our Woodcroft products is achieved by the selection and care of choice lumber . . . skillful cutting . . . painstaking assembly . . and the correct application of a handrubbed lacquer finish worthy of good wood which accentuates its natural beauty. The production method is closely followed from start to finish . . regardless of piece or price . . . to assure of nothing but the best:

Fact Stools useful and decorative are genuinely appreciated as gifts. In various designs and finishes suited to their use; they are levely to live with and a joy to own. Choica of Cherry, Walnut, or Mahagany woods in all designs.

From the top down:

No. 3755 Pig Foot Warmer a unique stool 8 inches high and 17 inches lang. \$7.50.

Na. 5753 Milk Stool approximately 8 inches high and 9 inches in diameter. \$5.75.

No. 5750 Cricket Stool 8 inches high, 13 inches long, and 9 inches wide. \$8.75.

No. 5761 English Empire Stool 8 inches high, 12 inches long, and 10 inches wide. 512.75.

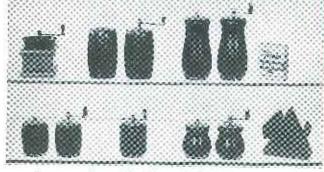
No. 5731 Empire Foot Stool with scal 7 inches high, 8 inches wide, and 11 inches long. \$15.75.

Both Empire Stools uphalstered in our hand-waven fabric in small clamond pattern.

No. 5910 Waste Basket with top rim and base of solid wood, 13 inches high. Choice of Cherry, Walnut, or Mahogany woods. \$7.50.



FOR GRACIOUS SERVING



The luxury of fresh ground popper from quality mills of polished Cherry, Walnut, and Mohogany fitted with chrome; the tahlalizing aroma of trash ground caffee from a Cherry or Walnut coffee mill; the beauty of the polished bowl of Mahogany filled with solad, fruits, or nuts; all are aids to the discriminating hostess.

Shown above. Top row from left to right,

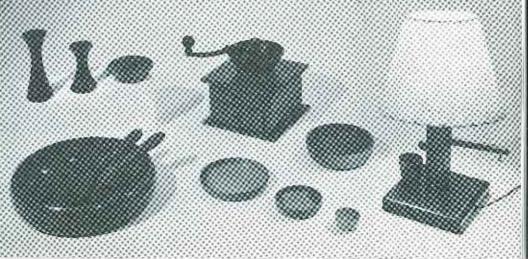
No.	306	Early American Pepper Mill, 31/5 inches square in Cherry or Walnut	\$6.95.
No.	308	Homesteed Pepper Mill and Salt Set, if inches high in Cherry or Welaut	\$10.75
INO.	307	Royal Pepper Mill and Salt Set, 5 inches high in Cherry or Walnut	\$12.75.
No.	F-IC	Peppercorns, Frank's whole black pepper in 1 1/2 ounce package.	\$.50.

Second Row.

No.F-100A Straight Barrel Pepper Mill and No. F-101A Straight Borrel Salt,	
3 Inches high of Cherry, Walnut, or Mahagany,	\$8.75.
No. 312 Nutmeg Spice Grinder, 2% Inches high in Cherry or Walnut. No. F-100 Shaped Barrel Pepper Mill and No. F-101 Shaped Barrel Sait,	\$5.25.
3 inches high of Cherry, Walnut, or Mahogany. No. 400 Scotty Dog Letter or Napkin Holder, 4 Inches high of Cherry or Walnut.	58.75. \$1.25.

Shown below.

No.	401 Shaped Candle Sticks, 6 Inches high, turned of Cherry or Walnut.	Pair \$4.95.
No.		Pair \$4.50.
No.	403 Candle Holder, 3 /2 inches in diameter of Cherry or Walnut.	och \$1.25
No.	311 Coffee Grinder, 8 inches square, 7 inches high in Cherry or Walnut.	\$15.75.
No.	F-117 Solad Servers of oiled Cherry for mixing and serving.	\$5.50
No.	F-118 Mahogany Bowl, 12 inches. Of round-over design on half-inch base.	\$16.75.
No.	F-125 Salad Bowl, six-inch diameter, 1 inch doop of oiled Cherry.	\$1.50.
No.	F-126 Solad Bowl, four-inch diameter, I inch deep of piled Cherry.	\$.95.
No.	F-127 Salt or Nut Cup, two-inch diameter, I inch doep of ailed Charry.	\$.35.
No.	F-128 Sclod Bowl, six-inch diameter, 2 inches deep of lacquered Cherry.	\$3.25.
No.	F-130 Pump Lamp, without shade, 10 inches high, choice of three woods	s. \$6.25.
No:	F-129 Bucket for Lamp, of ailed Cherry, Walnut, or Mahagany.	S .95.





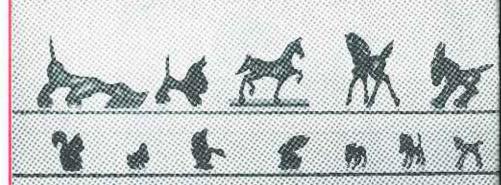
CUDDLE TOYS WITH LOVABLE INDIVIDUAL CHARM

Original cudelly soft toys with charm and character inspired by story books and the circus to delight every child, young and old. All are handmade by Barca students from colorfast materials in lovely colors and lively prints. Gay playmates and take-to-bed companions.

Shown at right from top center down,		
No. 235 Happy, the leprechaun, slim and active. No. 236 Doll Chair, rustic, painted red, yellow, pink, or blue. No. 212 Ball, saft and calarful. No. 204 Tony, the markey. No. 223 Karoo I and Karoo II, Mama with baby.	21 inches long. 3 /> inches. 13 inches high. 12 inches high.	\$2.75. \$2.00. \$.50. \$2.50. \$2.95.
Middle row from left.		
No. 201 Missy 'n Mammy, unusual combination doll. No. 237 Been Beg, Duck or Elephant. No. 202 Humpty-Dumpty, fot and cuddly. No. 209 Betty Berca, pert and saucy.	12 inches high. 6 inches long. 14 inches long. 12 inches long.	\$2.95. \$.75. \$3.50. \$3.50.
Battam raw from left.		
No. 239 Croaky, the frog, silly, yet wisc. No. 232 Sleeping Dog, a bed fellow. No. 213 Jeeper Creeper, the turtle, pillow-solt. No. 240 Batty Lou, a prissy little Miss. No. 350 Child's Chair of natural solid Cherry.	16 inches long. 13 inches long. 32 inches tall.	\$2.95. \$2.95. \$2.50. \$9.50. \$14.75.

WOODCARVINGS WITH PERSONALITY

Beautiful polished wood handcarved with skill into interesting favorites of the collector and decorator. They give character to flower arrangements through their texture and appeal. They make lovely, cherished gifts.



Gifts for Children

Interesting and unusual gifts for your favorite child who will long remember them.



Show	n on opposite page—Top row	from left to right.
No.	1 Trailing Hound, amusing,	lovable,

No. 3 Large Hound, baying at the moon.

No. 17 Saddle-bred Horse, handsome, proud.	5 inches high. \$10.75.	
No. 4 Wild Horse, frisky grace,	6 inches high. \$5.75.	
No. 18 Club-foot Mule, stubbarn strength,	4½ inches high. \$5.75.	
Second Raw.		
No. 11 Squirrel, with nut.	3 inches high. \$1,25.	
No. 16 Weeping Hound, sad sack.	21/2 inches high. \$1.00.	
No. 12 Goose, in flight,	21/2 inches high, \$1.25.	
No. 15 Robbit, of polished cedar.	2 1/2 inches high. \$1,00.	
No. 6 Balking Mule, from the mountains.	2½ inches high, \$1.00.	
No. 8 Small Dog, quiet for a change.	2½ inches high, \$1.00.	
No. 14 Colt, Kentucky Thoroughbred,	2 1/2 inches high. \$1,25.	

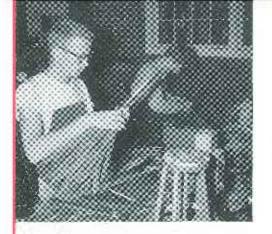
8 inches long.

3½ inches long.

\$5,25.

\$1.75.

page 13



COLORFUL HEARTH BROOMS

Products of Broomcraft. one of the Student Industries.

Handmade brooms of the highest quality to add beauty to your hearth. These brooms are made from the highest quality broomcorn and are expertly constructed by students who are skilled broom makers. The wood handles are finished with clear lacquer to give smoothness. The back is left on the sassafras and willow handles to give these brooms a rustic note. Handles are equipped with a cord loop or thong for hanging.

P* Y			
In the Court	1000	opposite	DECCO.

Per 1 100	ALC: ACA	opposite pago.	
No.	1	Arteraft, hand carved Walnut handle, 38 inches long.	\$3.75.
No.	2	Stockbraid, braided cornstalk handle. 20 inches lang.	\$1.75.
No.	3	Fantail, an ideal broom for those hard-to-get-to places.	\$1.75.
No.	4	Corncane, wrapped cone handle. 33 inches lang.	S3.25.
No.	5	Stockwitch, lacquered sassafras handle. 44 inches long.	52.00.
No.	6	Streamliner, lightweight kitchen broom, 52 inches long.	S2.00.
No.	7	Cabineraft, very rustic style in natural color only.	\$3.00.
No.	8	Whiskbraid, braided handle. Top quality construction.	\$1.00.
No.	9	Witchcraft, lacquared sassafras handle, raffia trimmed.	\$2.00.
No.	1.0	Baby Arteraft, hardwood handle, 26 inches long,	\$1.50.
No.	14	Hearthsweep , braided two-lone handle, very attractive.	\$2.75.
No.	12	Bo-Peep, curved willow handle, lacquered to beauty.	\$1.75.
No.	13	Witchbeby, lacquered sassafras handle, rallic trimmed	\$1.75.

FINE CERAMIC ORIGINALS

Expressions of the potter's skill, craftsmanship, and creative artistry with utility.

Tiles with charming illustrations of old tunes; "Paper of Pins," "Soldier, Soldier," "Black is the Color," "Barb'ry Allen," "Fraggie Went A'Courting," and others. \$1.50.

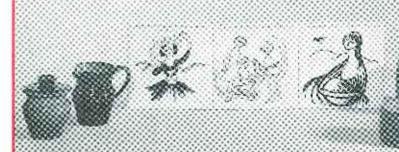
Flower Pots hand turned of natural red clay, Unglazed, modern, decorative and useful. No. 1 Large—4½ inches in diameter and 3¾ inches high.
No. 2 Small—3 inches in diameter and 2¼ inches high. \$1.50. \$.90.

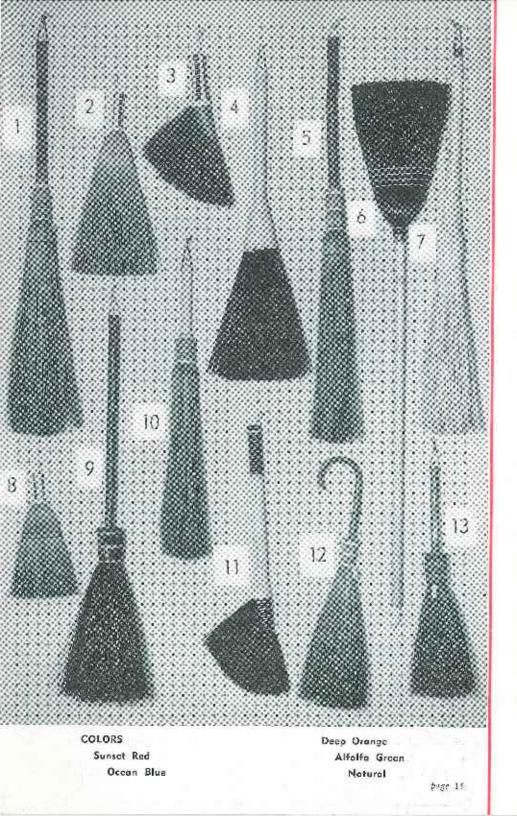
No. 3 Tall—2¼ inches in diameter and 3½ inches high.

Creem and Sugar Sets in brown or honey, about 5 inches high.

.90.

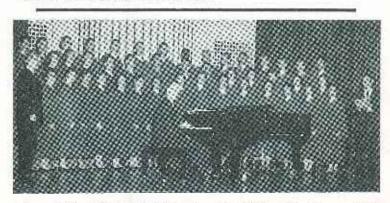
\$5.00.





BEREA COLLEGE was founded in 1855 in a oneroom schoolhouse by the Rev. John Gregg Fee. The purpose of the College is "To promote the Cause of Christ" by providing a thorough Christian education for young people of the Southern mountain area.

The College combines a liberal arts program, professional departments of high quality, and a practical self-help work program. Of the 1600 students currently enrolled, over ninety per cent come from 230 mountain counties in 8 Southern states.



Berea College Chapel Chair Records—Music "of and by the people." Recorded by the Chapel Chair, an extra-curricular organization, consisting of young people from Southern Appalachia. Long Play Hi-Fidelity 33-1/3 Recordings.
No. 1955 Appalachian Folksongs and Ballads; Hymns and Spirituals.

No. 1955 Appalachian Folksongs and Ballads; Hymns and Spirituals.
A lascinating variety of rich traditional music.
No. 1958 "Let the Peoples Praise Thee," Anthems, sung by Choir; Appalachian Ballads, ancient songs by soloists.

Postpaid \$4.25

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A Gift Cortificate, for the friend who has everything! Buy a STUDENT INDUSTRY GIFT SHOP CERTIFICATE to apply on any of the Berea Student Industries products. We will be happy to mail your Gift Certificate direct with our catalog to use in making selection.

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All prices postpoid except where noted atherwise. Please add 10 per cent if shipment is West of Denver, Colorado,

1963

BASKET MAKING - SPLINT TYPE

As practiced by Indian people at Reservation, Bombay, N.Y.

For Square or Oblong Shapes

1. Preparation of Splint

a. Smooth rough side with knife, using cutting-scraping motion -- fairly sharp, but not too sharp, blade.

b. If not thin enough, peel splint in two parts --start by splitting one

end with knife, as illustrated:

splint

KNIFE c. Then peel by pulling each half outward, one in each hand, using slow steady pull-apart movement.

d. Now size the plint lengthwise using special sizer which has blades set according to width wanted. Two aw workers may be needed for this operation. See illustration:

HOLD SPLINT DOWN FLATERRM SO AS TO SEAT FIRMLY ON PLATFORM KNIVES IN THIS DIRECTION - TICOMAS OUT IN AS SIZER MANY STRIPS AS THERE ARE KNIVES IN THE SIZER

e. Gut lengths of splint according to size width and length and height of basket to be made, allowing 1-1/2" extra on each piece.

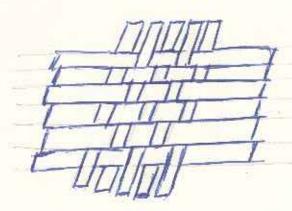
NOTE: Splint should be stored in dampish place prior to use. it may tend to break when going around corners, etc. Otherwise,

> Shaker Village Work Grow A. C. PC. 1145

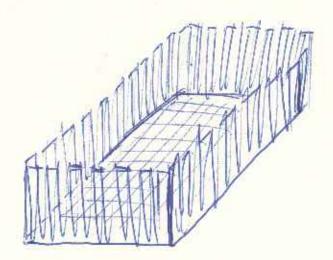
2. Foundation:

Prepare foundation as follows:

a. On flat surface, weave bottom by laying out splints in one direction. Then place splints in other direction, alternating above and below the splints in the first direction, as illustrated:



b. Bend each splint at right angles, so as to form sides of basket with verticals, as illustrated:



Each splint can be bent to a right angle without breaking if it the right thickness and not too brittle.

Page 3- splint baskets 3. Horizontal weaving

> a. Starting at bottom of verticals, weave horizontally by inserting splint alternately in and outside of verticals.

b.At first row skip one vertical on inside of basket, so that the horizontal splint passes one pair of two verticals together, instead of alternating this pair. On the next rowsabove, skip two verticals again, but starting with the middle one of the two skipped below. Always dox the skipping on the inside of the basket. See illustration:

NOTE "PAIRED" VERTICALS-This is how "SKIPPED PAIRS" LOOK c. If splint is not long enough to complete horizontal weaving, overlap another piece on inside of basket, and continue weaving as before.

d. On completion, turn in end of splint so that it is securely held

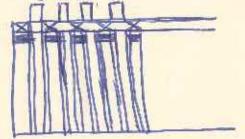
beneath another portion of woven basket.

4. Top Edge:

a. Even with the last row of horizontal splint, cut off every other top of vertical splints -- that is, the ones which have their exposed ends inside the basket.

b. Place one edging splint on inside and another outside of vertitals at the top, even with the last horizontal row. Use splint about twice the thickness of the horizontal splint and slightly wider.

c. Using thinnest and most flexible splint, bind two edging pieces and last horizontal and verticals together, going in one direction first all around top, and then in reverse direction, inserting splint through each opening between verticals. See illustration:



CORRECTION! POSTPONE THIS STEP UNTIL AFTER

d. While binding, insert handle at correct locations and secure as the binding is put in place.

e. Secure ends of binding by inserting under edging.

f. Cut tops of extended verticals (ones not cut off under "a" above) so that they look like this: is cut off dotted portion

---- basket

g. Fold each cut vertical down toward inside of basket, imexument tapaxagxagatasata and insert in horizontals below, so as to secure a Not yet folded under these verticals firmly. See illustration:

Tops to Idad down & under Norizontals

5. Handle

- a. Use green hickory or straight grain ash of correct length, width and thickness for size of basket.
- b. Mark and cut noth at correct location and make cuts with knife or saw across width. Cut out notches, as illustrated:
- c. Wising knife or spokeshave, whittle handle to shape, leaving top side flat and rounding wax underside:
- d. Taper and point ends so that they can be readily inserted and secured between horizontals, so that ends look like this:

Size of notch will match width of top edging of basket.

- e. Soak handle in water long enough to make it flexible -- probably half an hour will do.
- f. Place and secure handle on frame or form so as to "set it" into ham shape overnight. See illustration:

g. When removed from form, handle should keep approximate hx shape for insertion on basket. It should look like this when removed from form, but should be flexible enough so it will not break or split at corner when compressed to final shape:

HANDLE

h. When placed in basket, handle is inserted between top edging and horizontal, so that notches grip the edging and prevent handle from slipping out of basket.

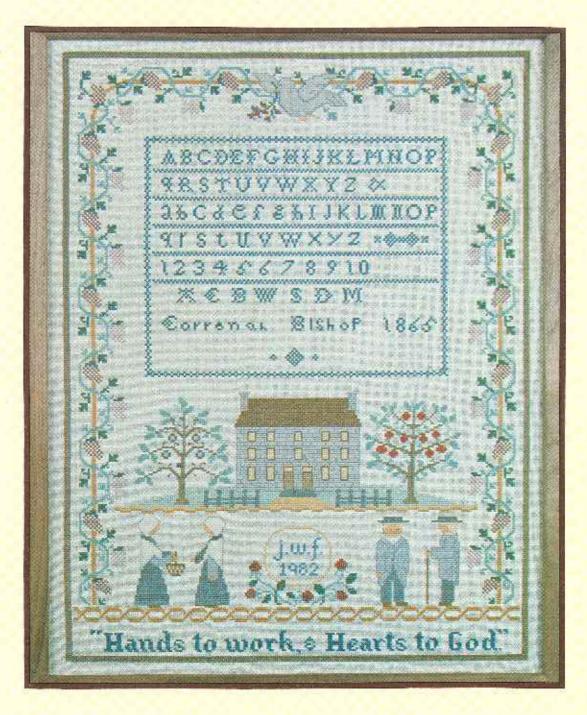
6. Materials (for Small backets)

a.Source, New Hampshire Cane and Reed Co., c/o Joseph D. Blanchard, 143 Hopkinton Rd., Concord, N.H. hand

b. 1. Thin/pounded ash -log run, 1 to 2" wide. To be stripped to 3/32" width for use as top binder. \$1.75 per 50-yd roll. for foundation of basket.

- 2. Regular hand pounded ash, recut to 1/2" width \$2.50 per 50-yd rodl.
- 3. Regular hand pounded ash, recut to 3/16" width, to be used for weaving horizontal. \$2.50 per 50-7d. roll.
- 4.Flat oval reed, 5/16" wide, to be used for top edging. \$1.60 per pound package.

From the Shaker Collection...



Each counted cross stitch kit contains:

A description of the design as it relates to the Shakers

Graphed design

Complete directions for stitching and personalizing your work

Finest quality Belfast linen

Tapestry needle

Finest quality DMC cotton floss

Suberle photosium MA

MACKENZIE FARMS

HAMPTON, NEW JERSEY Hampton 3432 8/22

ly the formulam pen strock is 5½ "long made of pure corpues of Peru i Dulch line shaker so you comed modify them

> M. J. KAUFMANN MACKENZIE FARMS HAMPTON, N. J.











BENGT AND ELLEN RICKBERG IMPORTERS

COAT RACKS and HARDWARE / RETAIL PRICE LIST / OCTOBER 1955

1	#	110 C	Coat	rack	w/4	attached hangers	2911	\$ 24.75
	#	111 C	Coat	rack	w/4	loose hangers	291	24.75
	#	112 C	Coat	rack	w/4.	knobs	2911	16.50

INDIVIDUAL HARDWARE

#	210 H	Attached hanger	4.75
#	211 H	Loose hook	4.75
#	212 H	Knob	3.25

GENERAL INFORMATION:

- 1. The bars are available in oiled teak or walnut. The holes for mounting are drilled 16" on center, so that the bars may be hung on walls such as sheetrock and textone.
- 2. The hardware is solid brass, lacquered.
- 3. The # 210 H hanger has drill holes for two screws.
 The # 211 H hanger hooks over the bar which is mounted away from the wall on wood washers.
 The # 212 H knob has a heavy screw on the back suitable for mounting on any surface.
- 4. Delivery is immediate, unless we advise otherwise on receipt of your order.

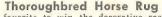
Ascault 40%- Thank you for your ail 5085T.



Joine Sweet Home

Phillofus 1960





Odds-on favorite to win the decorative race in any room. Imported from Belgium, this rare beauty is made of long staple cotton yarn in an exquisite Wilton Jacquard weave. The woven-in-horse is a handsome bay, gently dappled, standing proudly on a background of beautiful greens and browns against a fleecy-white sky. Extremely durable and long wearing, it measures 40" x 55" . . . the perfect size for a den, library or fover or for a hard-to-decorate wall foyer, or for a hard-to-decorate wall.

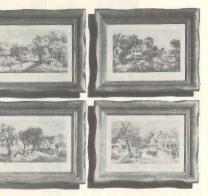
No. 683-1-683-1—\$17.95 postpaid plus 75c West of Miss.

The Sam'l Batchelder

Country Store Chair

By cracky! Here's a chair that's roomy enough for the longest-legged husband, sturdy enough for anyone to tilt back while putting your legs on the nearest pot-belly stove (or coffee table). A century-old classic, it looks as if it had many a story to tell. Made of hardwood, with turned spindles and rugged legs. Will last from generation to generaspindles and rugged legs. Will last from generation to generation to become a beloved heirloom. Golden glow finish adds to its old-fashioned charm, 32" high overall seat is 19" x 22", 18" from floor. Wonderful for den, dining room, waiting room, offices. Unbelievably low priced! Order several for yourself or gifts!

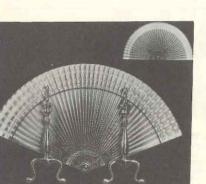
No. 632-1-\$17.95 shipping charges collect



The Four Seasons of Currier & Ives

olor prints depict the four seasons as only & Ives have ever been able to do. Each is covered, handsomely framed in solid birch, for everlasting protection and stained and abbed to a mellow fruitwood finish. Each frame to 12" overall. A wonderful grouping for every

No. 674-1 Set of four pictures \$13.95 postpaid



Fireplace Fan

riceplace Fan

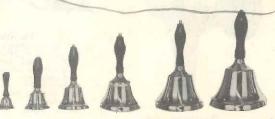
eversible decorator fireplace fan is designed
its best face forward to suit your decor. One
rich gold set off with fine black pin stripe and
her offering a selection of decorator shades
de by a beautifully scrolled gold border; choose
charcoal black, turquoise, red or all white.
de brass center ornament steel reinforced and
porting, the fan opens to a 39" width and may
d with or without andirons. A wonderfully
all covering for that empty fireplace and an atthe background for floral arrangements.

No. 101-9—\$5.50 postpaid

Shaker Pegboard

Staging a comeback for the 20th century home, a versatile mushroom pegboard to hang it all. This authentic, approved reproduction in honey colored hand rubbed pine, embodies all the fine handiwork and smooth simplicity that were the contribution of the Shaker cult to American craftsmanship. The hardwood maple pegs, mounted on 3" boards are ideal for coats, hats, umbrellas, bags, towels, ties, belts, etc. They come in varying lengths, for use in the hallway, bathroom, bedroom or closet (although it's a shame to hide them!)

No. 133-1 four pegs, 16" long \$4.95 postpoid six pegs, 24" long \$5.95 postpoid eight pegs, 32" long \$7.50 postpoid ten pegs, 40" long \$8.50 postpoid

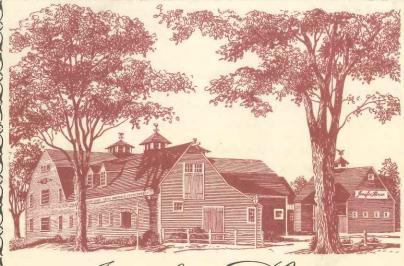


The Bells Are Ringing

Gleaming, solid brass bells with spicy black wood handles . . . crafted in New England's historic bell town, Hampton, Conn. A resounding call to the children at dinner time. to round up barbecuers!

No. 102-27A—33/4" h. \$.75 No. 102-27D—71/2" h. 3.75 No. 102-27B—51/2" h. 1.25 No. 102-27E—9" h. 6.50 No. 102-27C—63/4" h. 2.50 No. 102-27F—10" h. 9.50 9.50

All postpaid



Jenifer House

New England's Americana Marketplace



Distinctive Gifts for Gracious Living . . . Gracious Giving



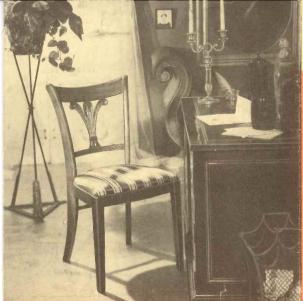
CHINA GLASS DINNERWARE

LAMPS LIGHTING FIXTURES

DECORATIVE ACCESSORIES

EARLY AMERICAN FURNITURE

GREAT BARRINGTON, MASSACHUSETTS



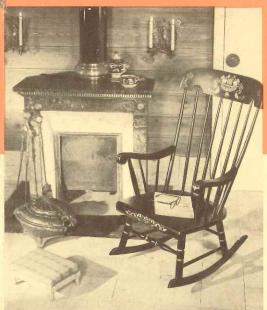
AUTHENTICALLY STYLED
PERIOD AND MODERN DESIGNS
FROM
THE WORLD'S BIGGEST
SELECTION OF CHAIR PATTERNS

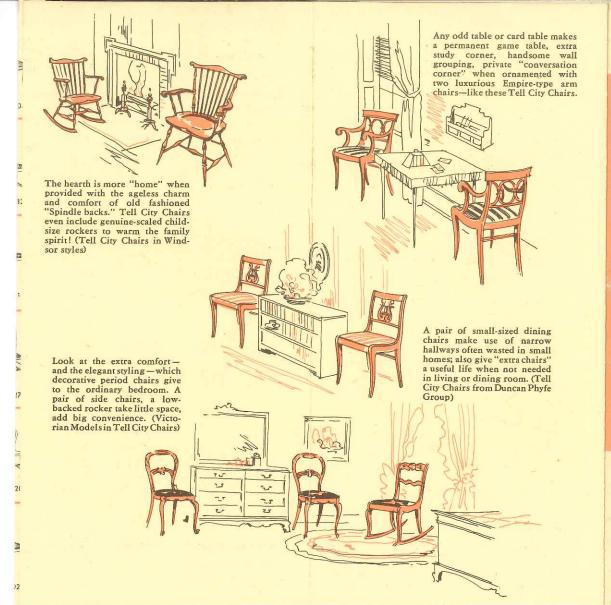
ON DISPLAY AT-

Shaher Resproductions

match or mit
your furnishings
with

TELL CITY CHAIRS







In Tell City Chairs you can have just about ANY style chair you want — in period and modern, in

formal and casual, and use them interchangeably for dining and occasional!

And whichever model you choose, whatever price you pay you are guaranteed the same high quality and undeviating hand-craftsmanship!

THE STYLE CHART INSIDE shows how fully you can use

Tell City Chairs singly or in sets to literally transform a whole room—it shows which style groups

"go" best with other furniture, if you want to match,

—to mix—or to use as dramatic accents in the decorator fashion.

This versatility is one of the reasons we are so enthusiatic about Tell City Chairs.

Among other reasons are the uncommon values they offer—refinements you really have to SEE to fully appreciate!

SO ... "Chart" your room styles, and

come in and SEE these style-setting chairs!



long-lasting wax finish from the patient hands of craftsmen who love what they build-as you will. You can collect Willett by the piece, set or room. All pieces are open stock; dealers can order any one for you. (The furniture shown in this room can be purchased for approximately \$956.00*.)

> America's largest maker of solid maple and cherry furniture for living room, dining room and bedroom.

