

Miscellaneous.
D.O. & Echo Eyes

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Miscellaneous.

Clark's
Contg

Proselytism among the Jews

Work

Chap. 8. 34.

Was founded upon these four conditions
First

That he that came to embrace this Religion
should come voluntarily and that neither force nor influence
should be employed in this business

Second

That he should perfectly renounce all his prejudices,
his errors, his Idolatry, and every thing that concerned
his false Religion. And that he should entirely
separate himself from his most intimate friends and ac-
quaintances. Hence the Jews called Proselytism a new
birth and proselytes new-born, and new men see that
10. 43. John 3. 3-5 & 7 to Cor. 6. 17.

Third

Third that he should submit to the yoke of
the Jewish Law, and bear patiently the inconveniences
and sufferings with which a profession of the Mosaic
religion might be accompanied.

Fourth

That they should solemnly engage to continue in
the Jewish Religion faithful unto death. Act 15.
_{24.}

Act 15. 10

The Law of Moses

Clarke's Comtly

There is a curious story in Midrash Shochar where Korah is represented as showing the oppressive nature of the Law, and avarice of its priests, in justification of his rebellion.

"There was," said he, a widow in our neighbourhood who had two orphan children: she had one field; and, when she began to plough it, one came and said, Thou shalt not plough with an ox and an ass together. When she went to sow it, he said, Thou shalt not sow thy field with divers seeds. When she began to reap and to gather the sheaves together, he said, Leave a handful and the corners of the field for the poor. When she prepared to thresh it, he said, Give me the mow offerings, and the first and second tithes. She did as she was commanded, and then went and ^{Gold} sold her field, and bought two ewes; that she might clothe herself and family with the wool, and get profit by the lambs. When they brought forth their lambs, another came and said, Give me the firstlings, for the holy blessed God hath said, All the first born whatsoever openeth the womb shall be thine. She yielded to his demands and gave him the lambs. When shearing time came, he said, Give me the first fruits of the wool. When the widow had done this,

she said, I cannot stand before this man; I will kill any sheep and eat them. When she had killed the sheep, Aaron came and said, Give me the shoulder, and the jaws, and the shank-bone. The widow said

thou' I have killed my sheep, I am not delivered from this man; I therefore consecrate the whole to God. Then Aaron said All belongs to me, for the holy blessed God hath said, Every thing that is consecrated in Israel shall be his, i.e. the priests. He therefore took the whole carcass, and marched off, leaving the widow and her orphan daughters overhelmed with affliction."

After this it might well be said this is a yoke which neither man nor our fathers were able to bear.

Two views of the constitution of the world and of human nature have long been prevalent, differing widely from each other, and which if legitimately followed out, would lead to distinct practical results.

First.

That that world including both the physical and moral departments, contains within itself the elements of improvement, which time will evolve and bring to maturity; it having been constituted by the Creator on the principle of a progressive system, like the acorn in reference to the oak.

2⁺ The second hypothesis is, that the world was perfect at the first, but fell into derangement; continues in disorder, and does not contain within itself the elements of ^{its} own rectification.

c. If the former view be sound, the first object of man, as an intelligent being in quest of happiness, must be to study the elements of external nature and their capabilities; the elementary qualities of his own nature, and their applications; and the relationships between these. His second object will be to carry into effect the conditions physical, moral, and intellectual - which in virtue of this constitution, require to be realized before the fullest enjoyment of which he is capable can be attained.

According to the second view of creation, no good can be expected from the evolution of natures elements, these being all spontaneously disordered, and human improvement and enjoyment must be derived chiefly from spiritual influences.

If the one hypothesis be sound, man must fulfill the natural conditions requisite to the existence of religion, morality and happiness, before he can reap full benefit from religious truth: according to the other, he must believe aright in religion, and be

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the object of spiritual influences independent of natural causes, before he can become capable of any virtue or improvement; in short according to it, science, philosophy, and all arrangements of the physical, moral, and intellectual elements of nature, are subordinate in their effects on human happiness on earth, to religious faith."

Cornelius' Constitution of Man.

A Prophetic Psalm Extracted from a Collection of Inspired writings (so-called.)

A Call to England

O Engla hear thy Genius loudly call,
O hear, and ere 'tis fixed, prevent thy fall.
Of heaven thou most abhorred, thou dearest loved,
Whom one by true poetic instinct wro't,
Well Jews hast called, "A moody murmuring race
As ever tried the extent and stretch'd of grace."
No stops take heed, lest thou so headstrong prove
As e'er to burst the very chain of love;
Still with God's prime indulgent favors blest,
And favored as oft by bitter plagues disficed -
He cannot spare, yet cannot thee forgo;
O how his fury tears! how his compassion flows!

Mark thy mild Savior well how once he stood
Shedding at Salem's gates his tender flood

O'er thee again he mourns in tears, in sighs,

Wiping from his bleeding heart and melting eyes;
Once more from thee the exuberant mercy store

A glorious day shall touch fair Albion's shore
Take heed, prepare! for if thou wilt not see
The visitation day spring offered thee;

If thou neglect the S.T.A.R. that will appear

First rising glorious in thy hemisphere -

Thou of thy birthright will uprooted be,

And heaven's full shower of blessing pass from thee

The Morning Star despised must pass away (glide)

And to a better land, its charming beams display,

Then at thy loss and folly for awhile

Shall the fair sprouting German Lily smile,

Yet hind and free assist thy laboring toil,

Then Britain then prepare for scenes of woe;

Then Atlas shall the wicked land overflow,

Austria's pride must tumble down,

And Babel's lofty towers must kiss the ground.

Then happy who in Goshen's fruitful land

Sheltered beneath the Almighty's wing shall stand

In safety, peace and plenty at command,

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Till the short gloomy day be past and gone,
And soon another brighter morning dawn,
God's hand and will shall be to glaring plain

Longer to meet neglect or bear disdain
Jealous - provoked with emulation fire,
Again shall Brittish piety aspire:
As it sunk low so shall it now rise higher.
His First Born, God in Heaven shall own,
And pour the vast, the double blessing down,
And England's Monarch high shall wear the Native Crown
The five fold portion right belongs to thee.
Then shall the land from curse and toil be free
And England Benjamin restored be

Power of Conscience

It is one of the most remarkable properties of the human mind, that the consciousness of guilt may remain a long time torment in it, producing no uneasiness and no suffering. And yet after the lapse of years it will burst forth with most terrific power, and drive the victim of it to actual despair. This has often been the case. A man who has committed sin is like one bitten by a mad dog. The momentary pain

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Shedding at Salem's gates his tender flood
O'er thee again he mourns in tears, in sighs,
Wring from his bleeding heart and melting eyes;
Once more from the ~~the~~ exuberant mercy store
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Shall the fair sprouting German silly smile,
Yet kind and free amidst thy laboring soil,
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Then Niles shall the wicked land overflow,
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is slight. The wound soon heals. It may keep up from time to time a slight irritation, just enough to remind him occasionally of the occurrence; but ordinarily it is forgotten, and he goes on with his daily amusements and pleasures entirely unconscious of danger. But tho' the wound is healed, the dreadful infection which it has admitted into the system, is circulating insidiously there. The poison gnaws from left to along his veins and arteries, for weeks months and years. It does not mar his enjoyments or distract his repose, but still the dreadful enemy tho' slumbering lies there. It lies in some unexpected hour, it rises in all its strength, and overwhelms and conquers him entirely. It brings agony to his body, and indescribable horror to his soul, and carries him thro' the most furious perversions of madness and despair, to inevitable death. Every person therefore who commits sin, takes a viper into his bosom, a viper which may delay stinging him for many years, but it will sting him at last, unless it is removed. He is unawares of the misery that awaits him but it must come notwithstanding. This is particularly the case with sins against God; and the wonder is that the sense of guilt will remain so entirely dormant as it often does, so that warning

no exhortation, no remonstrance, will disturb the death-like repose, and yet at last the volcano will often burst forth spontaneously, or from some apparently trifling cause, and overwhelm the nation in sufferings.

Extracts from a Lecture on Cholera. L. Graham

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There is a common error of opinion among young men, which is, perhaps, not wholly confined to the young, — That health requires an emulsion of serum at stated periods, and that frequent nocturnal emulsions in sleep, are not incompatible with health. Nay, indeed, "many entertain the notion that to give loose to mere real indulgence, increases the energy and activity of the mind, sharpens the wit, gives brilliancy and power to the imagination, and beautiful and sublime flights to fancy!"

All this is wrong, — entirely, dangerously wrong! Health does not absolutely require that there should be an emulsion of serum from puberty to death, tho' the individual live an hundred years: — And the frequency of involuntary, nocturnal emulsions is an insubstantial proof, that the parts at least, are suffering under a debility, and morbid irritability, utterly incompatible with the general welfare of the system: and the mental faculties are always

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debilitated and impaired by such indulgences. (see N.T.)

In Note E. Graham says, "This paragraph concerning the frequency of comical commerce has, I find, given more offence than all the rest of the lecture. But it is more natural that rational creatures will act so irrationally.

Every one ought to know, that I do not set myself up as an arbitrary dictator or law-giver in this matter. I do not speak as I do, because I wish to have it so; but because as a physiologist and a philanthropist, I cannot honestly speak otherwise.

Further to protect himself from his uncleon Christian persecutors he quotes Jeremy Taylor as follows, on
Chastity.

is that duty which mystically intended by God in the law of circumcision. It is the circumcision of the heart, the cutting off all superfluity of naughtiness, and a suppression of all irregular desires in the matter of a sensual or carnal pleasure. I call all desires sinful and irregular that are not sanctified - 1. By the holy institution, or by being within the protection of marriage; 2. By being within the order of nature; 3. By being within the moderation of Christian modesty. Against the first a fornication, adultery, and voluntary

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prosolutions of either sex. Against the ² are all unnatural lusts, and incestuous mixtures. Against the Third is all immoderate use of permitted beds.

Concerning married persons, these particulars are useful to be observed: In their permissions and licence they must be sure to observe the ^{intrinsic} order of nature and the ends of God. He is an ill husband, that uses his wife as a man treats a harlot, having no other end but pleasure.

Concerning which our best rule is, that altho' in this, as in eating and drinking there is an appetite to be satisfied, which cannot be done without pleasing that desire, yet, since that desire and satisfaction were intended by nature for other ends, they should never be separated from those ends, but always be joined with one or all of them ends, with a desire of children, or to avoid fornication and locumous feelings, and thoughts and temptations, but never with a purpose, either in act or desire, to separate the sensuality from those ends which hollow it.

The world has its fashions in all things, & popular feelings are ever ready to be enlisted in some new enterprise, which wears the aspect of estimable righteouness, without the crop of individual selfdenial. These moral paroxysms rise and subside, like a fever in a diseased body; and generally result in equal exhaustion & prostration, without accomplishing any permanent good in their progress.

"After deciding on the structure of their Corporation, one of the members, who is most competent, should be chosen to officiate as governor, or president, and recording secretary. He should be qualified to suggest improvements, and to decide upon the most proper mode of organizing and distributing labor advantageously. This person should be the centre around which the rest should revolve or act in unity, & to whom thy will look for justice in his dispensations and propriety in his suggestions, & plans of labor and improvement. This one will manage the affairs of the association, and be as a standard to the corporation."

What have we here but a head to whom all the members must yield obedience. In fact the very Order of Believers without its Divine authority. And is it possible for human beings thus to surrender their own private judgment and to be distributed by this head or "centre" like the different parts of a steaming engine for the good of the body at large without any prospect of a future reward for present con cessions or sacrifices. The individual privations necessary for the universal prosperity of a Community as such as

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Words of Jefferson on Slavery

"And with what execration should the statesman be loaded, who, permitting one half of the citizens thus to trample on the rights of the others — transforms those into despots, and these into enemies — destroys the morals of the one part, and the amor patriæ of the other.

And can the liberties of the nation be thought secure when we have removed their only firm basis: a conviction in the minds of the people that these liberties are the gift of God? That they are not to be violated but with his wrath!

Indeed I tremble for my country, when I reflect that God is just — that his justice cannot sleep forever.

That considering numbers, nature, and natural means, only, a revolution of the wheel of fortune — an exchange of situations is among possible events; that it may be come probable. By supernatural interference.

The Almighty has no attribute which can take sides with us in such a contest.

will not be ended only from the most enlightened and expanded views on the part of members. Which can only be supplied from a spiritual source. Faith in God and in Eternity can alone effect it.

Edgar A. Poe.

Mesmeric Revelation

From the
New World

(We extract the following marvellous article from the Columbian Magazine just published. Mr. Poe can not on so serious a subject, trifle with his readers; yet more extraordinary statements can hardly be conceived. We do believe in the facts of Mesmerism, altho we have not yet been able to arrive at any theory sufficient to explain them. Here, however, we are almost staggered. Of course the narrative will be universally circulated: so we recommend it to the perusal of our readers, and invite them to draw their own conclusions. Ed. A. W.)

Whatever doubt may still envelop the rationale of mesmerism, its startling facts are now almost universally admitted. Of these latter, those who doubt are mere doubters by profession - an unprofitable and disreputable tribe. There can be no more absolute waste of time than the attempt to prove, at the present day, that man, by mere exercise of will, can so impress his fellow as to cast him into an abnormal condition, whose phenomena

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very closely resemble those of death, or at least resemble them more nearly than they do the phenomena of any other ^{ab} normal condition within our cognizance; that, while in this state, the person so impressed employs only with effort, and then feebly, the external organs of sense, yet perceives, with keenly refined perception, and thro' channels supposed unknown, matters beyond the scope of the physical organs; that, moreover, his intellectual faculties are wonderfully exalld and invigorated; that his sympathies with the person so impressing him are profound; finally, that his susceptibility to the impression increases with its frequency, while, in the same proportion, the peculiar phenomena elicited are more extended and more pronounced.

I say that these — which are the laws of mesmerism in its general features — it would be supererogation to demonstrate; nor shall I inflict upon my readers so needless a demonstration to day. My purpose at present is a very different one indeed. I am impelled even in the teeth of a world of prejudice, to detail without comment the very remarkable substance of a colloquy, occurring not many days ago between a sleep-walker and myself.

I had long been in the habit of mesmerizing the person in question, (Mr Banks), and the usual acute susceptibility and exaltation of mesmeric perception had supervened. For many months he had labored under confirmed phthisis, the more distressing effects of which had been relieved by my manipulations, and on the night of Wednesday, the 15th inst, I was summoned to his bed-side.

The invalid was suffering from acute pain in the region of the heart, and breathed with great difficulty, having all the ordinary symptoms of asthma. In spasms such as these he had usually found relief from the application of mustard to the nervous centres, but to-night this had been attempted in vain.

As I entered his room he greeted me with a cheerful smile, and altho' evidently in much bodily pain, appeared to be mentally quite at ease.

'I sent for you to-night,' he said, 'not so much to administer to bodily ailment, as to satisfy me concerning certain psychical impressions which, of late,

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have occasioned me much anxiety and surprise.

I need not tell you how sceptical I have been hitherto on the topic of the soul's immortality. I cannot deny that there has always existed, as if in that very soul which I have been denying, a vague half sentiment of its own existence. But this half sentiment at no time amounted to conviction. With it my reason had nothing to do. All attempts at logical enquiry resulted, indeed, in leaving me more sceptical than before. I had been advised to study Cousin. I studied him in his own works, as well as in those of his European and American echoist. The 'Charles Elwood' of Mr. Brownson, for example was placed in my hands. I read it with profound attention. Throughout I found it logical, but the portions which were not merely logical were unhappily the initial arguments of the disbelieving hero of the book. In ^{his} summing up it seemed evident to me that the reasoner had not even succeeded in convincing himself. His end had plainly forgotten his beginning, like the government of Trinculo. In short I was not long

in perceiving that if a man is to be intellectually convinced of his own immortality, he will never be so convinced by the mere abstractions of which have been so long the fashion of the moralists of England France and of Germany. abstraction may amuse and exercise, but take no hold upon the mind. Here upon earth, at least philosophy, I am persuaded, will always in vain call upon us to look upon qualities as things. The will may absent, the soul, the intellect, never.

I repeat, then, that I only half felt, and never intellectually believed. But lately there has been a certain deadening of the feeling until it has come so nearly to resemble the acquiescence of reason, that I find it difficult to distinguish between the two. I am enabled, to plainly trace this effect to the mesmeric influence. I cannot better explain my meaning than by the hypothesis, that mesmeric exaltation enables me to perceive a train convincing ratiocinating - a train which in my abnormal existence, convinces,

but which, in full accordance with the mesmeric phenomena, does not extend, except through its effect, into my normal condition. In sleep walking,

the reasoning and its conclusion - the cause & effect are present together. In my natural state, the cause vanishing, the effect only, and perhaps, only partially remains.

These considerations have led me to think that some good results might ensue from a series of well directed questions, propounded to me while mesmerized. You have often observed the profound self cognizance evinced by the sleep-walkers, the extensive knowledge he displays upon all points relating to the mesmeric condition itself; and from this self-confidence may be deduced hints for the proper conduct of a catechism.

I consented of course to make this experiment a few pages threw Mr. Wantwicks into the mesmeric sleep. His breathing became immediately more easy, and he seemed to suffer no physical uneasiness. The following conversation then ensued:

W in the Dialogue representing Mr. Wantwicks and P. myself.

7²⁰ P. Are you asleep?

M. Yes - no; I would rather sleep more soundly.

P. (After a few more sores) Do you sleep now?

M. Yes. — P. Do you still feel the pain in your heart?

M. No. P. How do you think your present illness will result?

M. (After long hesitation and speaking as if with effort.) I must die.

P. Does the idea of death afflict you.

M. (very quietly) No - no.

P. Are you pleased with the prospect?

M. If I were awake I should like to die, but now it is no matter. The mesmeric condition is so near death as to content me.

P. I wish you would explain yourself
Mr. Wantwick.

M. I am willing to do so, but it requires more effort than I feel ^{able} willing to make. You do not question me properly.

P. What then shall I ask?

M. You must begin at the beginning.

P. The beginning, but where is the beginning? You know that the beginning is

(This was said in a low fluctuating tone, and with every sign of the most profound veneration.)

P. What then is God.

R. (Hesitating for many minutes,) I cannot tell.

P. Is not God Spirit?

R. While I was awake I knew what you meant by 'Spirit' but now it seems only a mere word - such for instance as truth, beauty - a quality, & mean.

P. Is not God immaterial?

R. There is no immateriality - it is a mere word, That which is not matter is not at all, unless spiritual qualities are things.

P. Is God then material?

R. No. (This reply startled me very much)

P. What then is he?

R. (After a pause and muttering,) I see, - but it is a thing difficult to tell. (Another long pause.) He is not Spirit for he exists. Nor is he matter, as you understand it, but there are gradations of matter of which man knows nothing, the grosser impelling the finer, the finer pervading the grosser. The atmosphere, for example

P

229 impels or modifies the electric principle, while the electric permeates the atmosphere. These gradations of matter increase in rarity or fineness, until we arrive at matter un-particled - without particles - invisible - one: and the law of impulsion and permeation is modified. The ultimate or un-particled matter not only permeates all things but impels all things - and thus is all things within itself. This matter is God. What men vaguely attempt to embody in the word thought is this matter in motion maintain

- P. The metaphysicians, that all action is reducible to motion and thinking, and that the latter is the origin of the former.
- M. Yes, and I now see the confusion of idea. Motion is the action of the mind not not of thinking. The un-particled matter, or God, in quiescence, is, (as nearly as we can conceive it) what men call mind. And the power of self movement (equivalent in effect to human volition) is, in the un-particled matter, the result of its unity and omnipotence; how, I know not, and now clearly see that I never
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S. S. 442

shall know, but the unparticled matter set in motion by a law, or quality, existing within itself, is thinking.

P Can you give me no more precise idea of what you term unparticled matter?

No. The matters of which man is cognizant escape the senses in gradation. We have, for example, a metal, a piece of wood, a drop of water, the atmosphere, a gas, colour, light, electricity, the luminiferous ether. Now we call all these things matter, and embrace matter in one general definition; but in spite of this, there can be no two ideas more essentially distinct, than that which we attach to metal, and that which we attach to the luminiferous ether. When we reach the latter we feel an almost irresistible inclination to clothe it with spirit, or with mind. The only consideration which constrains us is the our conception of its atomic constitution, and here, even, we have to seek aid from our notion of an atom, possessing in infinite minuteness, solidity palpability, weight. Destroy the idea of the atomic constitution, and we should no longer be able to regard the ether as an entity or at least as matter.

M. Yes - to avoid confusion. When I say 'mind' I mean the inseparable or ultimate matter, by matter I intend all else.

M.

Yes; for mind, existing unincorporate, is merely God. To create individual thinking beings, it was necessary to incarnate portions of the divine mind. Thus man is individualized. Divested of ~~corporation~~ corporate investiture, he were God. Now the particular motion of the incarnated portion of the unparticled matter is the thought of man, as the motion of the whole is that of God.

P. You say that divested of the body man will be God.

M. (After much hesitation) I could not have said this. It is an absurdity.

P. (Referring to my notes.) You did say that, divested of corporate investiture man were God;

P. And this is true. Man thus divested would be God - would be individualized. But he can never be thus divested - at least never will be - else we must imagine an action of God returning upon itself - a purposeless and futile action. Man is a creature. Creatures are the thoughts of God. It is the nature of thought to be irrevocable.

P. I do not comprehend. You say that man will never put
of the body?

M. I say that he will never be bodily.

P. Explain.

M. There are two bodies, the rudimental and the
complete; corresponding with the two condition
of the worm and the butterfly. What we call death
is but the painful metamorphosis. Our present
incarnation is progressive, preparatory, temporary.
Our future is perfected, ultimate, immortal. The
ultimate life is the full design.

P. But of the worm's metamorphosis we are
palpably cognizant.

M. We, certainly, but not the worm. The matter
of which our rudimental body is composed, is
within the ten of the organs of that body; or
more distinctly, our rudimental organs are ad-
apted to the matter of which is formed the rudi-
mental body; but not to that of which the
ultimate body is composed. The ultimate body thus
escapes our rudimental senses, and we perceive only
the shell which falls in decaying from the inner
form; not that inner form itself; but this inner
form, as well as the shell, is appreciable by those

who have already acquired the ultimate life.

P. You have often said that the mesmeric state very nearly resembled death. How is this.

M. When I say that it resembles death, I mean that it resembles the ultimate life; for the senses of my rudimental life are in abeyance, and I perceive external things directly, without organs, through a medium which I shall employ in the ultimate unorganized life.

P. Unorganized?

M. Yes; organs are contrivances by which the individual is brought into sensible relation with particular shapes and forms of matter, to the exclusion of other shapes and forms of matter. The organs of man are adapted to his rudimental condition, and to that only: his ultimate condition, being unorganized, of unlimited comprehension in all points but one - the nature of the evolution, or motion of the unparticled matter. You will have a distinct idea of the ultimate body by conceiving it to be entire brain. This it is not; but a conception of this nature will bring you near to a comprehension

of what it is. A luminous body imparts vibration to the luminiferous ether. The vibrations generate similar ones within the retina, which again communicate similar ones to the optic nerve.
The nerve conveys similar ones to the brain, also similar ones to the unparticled matter which permeates it.
The motion of this latter is thought, of which perception is the first undulation. This is the mode by which the mind of the rudimental life communicates with the external world; and thus external world is limited, through the ideocracy of the organs. But in the ultimate unorganized state the external world reaches the whole body, (which is of a substance having affinity to brain as I have said,) with no other intervention than that of an infinitely rarer ether than even the luminiferous; and to this ether, — in union with it — the whole body vibrates, setting in motion the unparticled matter which permeates it. It is to the absence of ideocractic organs, therefore, that we must attribute the nearly unlimited of the ultimate life. To rudimental beings, organs are the cages necessary to confine them until fledged.

13 For want of a better word we might term it spirit. Take now a step beyond the luminiferous ether - conceive a matter as much more rare than the ether, as this ether is more rare than the metal, and we arrive at once (in spite of all the dogmas of the schools) at a unique mass - at unparticled matter. For, altho' we may admit infinite littleness in the atoms themselves, the infinitude of littleness in the spaces between them is an absurdity. There will be a point - there will be a degree of rarity - at which if the atoms are sufficiently numerous, the interspaces must vanish, and the mass absolutely ~~cohere~~ coalesce. But the consideration of the atomic constitution being now taken away, the nature of the mass inevitably glides into what we conceive of Spirit. It is clear however, that it is as fully matter as before. The truth is, it is impossible to conceive spirit, since it is impossible to conceive what is not. When we flatter ourselves that we have formed its conception, we have merely deceived our understanding by the consideration of infinitely rarefied matter.

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But in all this is there nothing of irreverence? (I was forced to repeat this question before the

sleep-wakes fully comprehended my meaning.)

B. Can you say why matter should be less reverenced than mind? But you forgot the matter of which I speak is, in all respects, the very 'mind' or 'spirit' of the schools, so far as regards its high capacities, and is, moreover, the 'matter' of those schools at the same time. God with all the powers attributed to spirit, is but the perfection of matter.

P. You assert, then, that the unparticled matter in motion is thought?

B. In general, this motion is the universal thought of the universal mind. This thought creates. All created things are but the thoughts of God.

P. You say in general.

B. Yes, the universal mind is God. For new individualities, matter is necessary.

P. But you now speak of mind and matter as do the metaphysicians.

B. To avoid confusion. When I say 'mind,' I mean the unparticled matter or ultimate matter; by 'matter' I intend all else.

P. You were saying that for new individualities matter is necessary.

Return to P. 11.

22nd
17th

30th
P. You speak of rudimental beings. Are there any other rudimental beings than man?

The multitudinous conglomeration of rare matters into nebulae, planets, suns, and other bodies which are neither nebulae, suns nor planets, is for the sole purpose of supplying Tabulum for the idiosyncrasy of the organs, of an infinity of rudimental beings. But for the necessity of the rudimental prior to the ultimate life, there would have been no bodies such as these. Each of these is tenanted by a distinct variety of organic, rudimental thinking creatures. In all, the organs vary with the features of the place tenanted. At death, or metamorphosis, these creatures, enjoying the ultimate life, and cognizant of all secrets but the one pervade at pleasure the weird dominions of the infinite.

features, he fell back upon his pillow and expired. I noticed that in less than a minute afterward his corpse had all the signs regularity of stone.

As the sleep-walker pronounced these latter words in a feeble tone, I observed upon his countenance a singular expression which somewhat alarmed me and induced me to awaken him at once. No sooner had I done this than with a bright smile irradiating all his

v

Jan.

Form of a Bequest. to a Society not incorporated which is legal.

I bequeath to my Executors the sum of five hundred dollars in Trust, to pay over the same in six Months after my decease, to the person who when the same is payable shall act as Treasurer of the American Tract Society, formed in New York in the year eighteen hundred and forty five. To be applied to the charitable uses and purposes of said Society and under its direction.

Questions

- 1 Can a child be bound to an Incorporation, or a Society.
- 2 What age must a witness be to testify in Court.
- 3 What is the process of serving a subpoena must it be personal & must a bond be made of the fee. What is the fee.

4 Can a cause be appealed before the cost of costs is paid from a lower to a higher Court.

5 Can the same cause be brought into a lower Court whilst it is still pending in a higher one.

6 What is Malicious prosecution and what remedy is there.

7 Must a witness appear personally to prove his signature to a sealed Instrument.
How if not sealed.

8 What amount of damage can be rendered in a justice's cost from which no appeal can be taken but by a writ of scire facias.

9 What length of time is allowed to take an appeal in.

10 Can a parent give away a child to another person without a writing.

Can a man go into any house or place where he knows, or believes his wife to be, by force.

A man may forbid Believers from harboring
his wife and can recover wages if she does any
work above what her support amounts to.

But an article can be given by the Man which
cuts off his claim to wages.

2
34
1. On 1-1-6 I saw his billow and colored. I noticed that in 1938 more

Passover

The evening before the Passover, the master of every house purified it from leaven. He gave each of his guests a lighted torch, and led them in solemn procession thro' the house. He himself had a dish and a brush in his hand, and he proceeded to examine every corner of the house, opening every drawer, chest and cupboard. Here and there lay a piece of unleavened bread, left in the way on purpose; the master took it up, laid it in his dish, and carefully swept the place. After a strict search, the dish was locked up and the guests retired. They ate unleavened bread 7 days. (Sister's Gift p. 119.)

During the festival a little child asked the master what was the meaning of what he saw, upon which the master proceeded to give a circumstantial account of the exodus of the children of Israel from Egypt.

The Passover was a time of joy
worship

And no nation ever more carefully studied to remove all trace of sorrow from religious services than the Jews. All their regulations enjoined this, all the

the customs of Israel proceeded upon the principle that the works of mourning should be carefully removed from their worship. To praise, to give thanks, to sing, to make a joyful noise unto the Lord, to be glad on the day which he had made, to rejoice in him, are all expressions by which their ~~expressions~~ ^{expressions} by which their religious services are described. i.b.d.

Extract

"Of a Prophecy, taken from a Lowell Paper. name unknown

O Lowell! hear the word of the Lord God of Heaven and Earth concerning thee. I came, I visited thee a stranger and soon found myself a stranger prisoner within walls. My soul mourned because of the anopoly of thy manufacturers and consequently of oppression that they have, and amost inevitably have upon thy daughters. Behold saith the Lord, thy fall is near at hand, and it shall be more sudden and fearful than thy rise than ~~was~~ was quick and prosperous. For the Lord in his might

5

is arising to judge the nations of the earth.—
to judge the great men the Rich Men
and the mighty men — because of the
crying of the poor, and the sighing of the
needy — for verily they have become the
oppoſitors of my people, and thou shalt
yet ere long have cause to curse thy
manufactories thy Policy thy
Government and thy Religion."

Love

Love is the weapon which Omnipotence reserved
to conquer rebel men when all else had failed; Reason
she punishes; fear she answers blow to blow; future in-
terests, she meets with pleasure; but love, that un-
against whose melting beams ninties cannot stand.
Her soft subduing slumber which wrestles down
the giant then is not one human creature in a
million; not a thousands and men in all earth's
large quintillion, whose oblique heart is hardened
against love.

Chart - for memory.

Strong physical and Mental powers.
Veneration and Spirituality large and full

Confiding dependent. Mental confidence has been abd.
Firmness large, slow to form an opinion but very tenacious
of what is once settled, but yielding when convinced
Hope. small yet balanced by Firmness and perseverance,
Conscientiousness large. Friendship large & love of home.
Amitiveness small just sufficient to give a just
appreciation of women and respect for them.
Combativeness full. Observation large, an
intuitive knowledge of human nature penetration
do not notice what a man says or does so much
as the motive - what he means. Love of
approbation large, (one organ), but must know
that it is merit it. It must be for what
is really praiseworthy. Love to have that appreciated
Order large System in all things. Comparison
large good to buy and sell knowing quickly the
value of a thing. Curiosity large want to go
to the bottom of of a thing. The Moral and
reflective faculties large. Secretiveness
and Aquisitiveness small. Presentments
knowledge of the future of Prophetic

Hades

The real torment felt in Hades, is the longing after the things of this world, from which the soul has parted forever.

Think of a man, who has lived entirely in sensual lusts and pleasures, and has been unacquainted with the superior felicity of those spiritual enjoyments, which religion affords. he may have been otherwise a good citizen, and not a vicious character, but dies without a serious and thorough conversion, and without having turned with his whole soul to God. What must he feel in that obscure and entirely empty region, which is so at ter ly destitute of every object which could act upon his sense!

His whole earthly course, with all its gratifications, now presents itself in a lively manner to his mind, he remembers every thing he has left behind, much more distinctly than before: he now longs to return, nither it is for ever impossible to him. He therefore seeks a miserable gratification in his imagination, by representing to himself again, every thing that was lovely and pleasing to him, and likewise seeks to realize them; but as the material for this are wanting, the wretched phantoms, which his imagination forms, are merely visionary, and his poverty-stricken spirit finds no where nourishment. Thus he carries the seed of hell about with him and every thing now depends upon what course he adopts. There is no merit of

good spirits, who kindly and charitably instruct him what he is to do, in order to become a partakers of celestial blessings; that is, he must purify his imagination from every image, and as they depart, gradually loose also the love to earthly things. But this is attended with much more difficulty here, than in this world; here a man lives in the full enjoyment of sensible nature; the mortification of the things of sense takes place by degrees, and whilst he forsakes the one, he continues to enjoy the other, till this also falls away, and he becomes at length indifferent to all things. To this one thing more must be added, which is, that as the man dies to the world, his inward spiritual enjoyment increases; and this is also strengthened and augmented by the consideration of the glorious perfections of God, which are manifested in the invisible world. In short, this present life is entirely adapted to lead back the fallen sinner, in the easiest and most convenient manner, to his origin and to bliss. But in Hades, where all food for the soul is wanting, to be obliged to part with the very last poor enjoyment, before the relish for a better can be obtained, is dreadful! and yet this is the only way of arriving at a state of blissful rest. He that does not follow this path, but seeks to compose

3.

his spirit, by associating with other spirits like himself, strengthens the phantoms of his imagination more and more, and with them, the torment occasioned by his longing after this world, which at length awakens in him fury, rage, and madness, and makes him ripe for hell. Praying for departed souls is not to be rejected.

1

The whole creation consists solely of essential realized ideas of the Unity, or pronounced words of God, I call these ideas original existences. No being except God, knows them all, and none is acquainted with their true, real, and peculiar nature.

2. Amongst the infinite numbers of these original existences, there are various classes, which are fully conscious of themselves, form ideas of other original existences, and possess reason and free will: to these belong spirits, angels, and men.

3. We mortals are totally unacquainted with the mental powers, that is, the faculty of imagination, thought and judgment, and the natures of other classes of rational beings, and only partially so with our own.

4. In our present natural state, we cannot attain to any knowledge of created things, in any

*² other way, than through the medium of our five organs of sense.

*³ If any change be made in our organs of sense, or their inward arrangement be altered, our ideas of things, and with them, our knowledge becomes different; for instance, if our eye were otherwise formed, all colors, forms, figures, dimensions, and distances would also be different; and the same is the case with all the five senses.

*⁴ Beings that are differently organised to ourselves, form an entirely different idea of our world to what we do. Hence it follows, incontestably, that the ideas we form of creation, and all the science and knowledge resulting from them depend entirely upon our organisation.

Fresh Air

"To put old or young on short allowance for fresh air, night or day, is a foolish as it would have been for Noah to have put his family on short allowance of water." Since God has pournd out an atmosphere ~~so~~ miles deep.

"It is enough to make a miser weep to see human beings stinted in breath." Hon. W. M. Don 1870

Sept 20th 1840.

A Message from Father Joseph and Mother Lucy read out of

I have often promised many blessings to my children, and know ye that my promises shall not fail. For I daily shower upon you many blessings as necessary as ye have room to receive. And as fast as ye make room ye shall receive of me as can divide never. My dear children you must learn to be fervent in spirit, and serve the Lord in power and might. You that are young, I have called you to offer your first fruits unto God. See that you make your calling and election sure. See that you honor your body well, and gain a principle now while you are young. O my dear children says Mother be patient do be engaged in the holy warfare. Be strong, be strong and you shall surely overcome and gain the victory. All ye that are called in this day when the light is so clear and plain, see that you are not cultivating evil in your souls - that you are not laying a foundation which cannot stand when trials come. Remember that the manifestations which you now have will not always be - but you are called to make a good use of what you now have. I love says Mother to see when I bestow my gifts upon you to have them received with a fervent spirit. I love to see you engaged in the work of God. You says Mother I want you to be in earnest to drive ^{away} evil and break every bond. Let no evil thing get in to bind your souls, keep open and free, and you shall have my love and blessing freely.

Elder Richards
Spiritual Book

Laws.

- 2 It was formerly 10 years but now no particular age is prescribed it depending upon the intelligence of the child.
- 3 It must be personally served, and a tender of one shilling be made, to constitute it a legal summons.
- 4 It can, and then the costs go with the appeal.
- 5 It can, according to Munnel.
- 6 Where no ground can be shown for the issuing of the Writ. An action will lie for the recovery of all costs and damage that can be proved to have accrued.
- 7 He must swear to his own signature. If not sealed, any other person swearing to it will answer the same purpose.

8

Any amount not exceeding £5. can be recovered
in a justice's court

9.

Ten days. is allowed. to make the appeal in.

Blackstone says of Law.

"The law of Nature being coeval with mankind, and dictated by God himself, is of course superior in obligation to any other. It is binding over all the globe, in all countries, and at all times; no human laws are of any validity, if contrary to this; and such of them as are valid, derive all their force, and all their authority, immediately or immediately, from this original."

Questions given at
Stratford, Sept. 7th 1850

1st. Why are the spirits permitted to visit different denominations?

2nd. Will the Lord manifest himself to all unbelievers?

Answers given at New Lebanon
March 25th 1850

1st. Because in this merciful dispensation the Lord sees fit to become all things to all men.

2nd. Yea, he will continue to meet each one in his own path, and show them his power according to their dark views of his all wise decrees and mysterious doings.

3rd Why are relatives the ones employed to make these communications?

4th Why is there no injury ever done to any person?

5th Does the Lord intend this manifestation to become universal?

6th Can all persons command the spirits?

7th Will these knockings soon cease?

8th Will man have power to control these knockings by defiance?

3rd Because there is more meanness of feeling, or an undisturbed affection between relatives; and a knowledge of many things can be obtained in this way that is beyond contradiction.

4th This is also an indulgence from a forbearing God.

5th I cannot answer you myself but my friend will soon.

6th No, there will be means provided by a more holy power than we possess, and the Spirits will proceed in conformity to the will of the sincere, so far as they have permission.

7th This almighty work will increase & go on, till every nation knoweth, and tongue shall taste of the misery that quickeneth the rod, sent forth by a just and equitable God.

8th No mortal will have power to do that, altho some have presumed

to defy the Spirit to give them a satisfactory answer.

9th From whom do they receive the correct information?

10th Why do the Spirits not speak without use of knockings and other manifestations?

11th Is it confined to no particular people?

12 Does it belong to the Shakers only

9th From the Angels and spirits of the justified before death.

10th The Holy Spirit suffers it to be so now for a more perfect confirmation. But the power is sufficient without the aid of philosophy, or of any material substance to act upon the mind.

11th No, God nor the Holy Spirit has any respect to person, age, sex, condition nor persuasion, race, nor color.

12th No but their declarations are literally fulfilling and I doubt not that they as a first favored people, will receive that their fellow creatures are enjoying a similar notice of God.

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Scenes of Proves.

The lucid vision of magnetizans, is a phenomenon affording no indication of the moral state of the subject "because the inner magnetic life is a state especially distinct from the inner spiritual life."

The beautific vision of the saints is to be regarded as the prerogative only of those who by true faith, by piety and prayer, and severe crucifixion of the psychial man, have attained a moral condition which renders them fit recipients of it.

This is a very important consideration, inasmuch as it has been claimed by irreligious and antireligious men, that the fact of the rapt exaltation of all sorts of sleep makers is an adequate ground of belief, in the beatitude of all sorts of men hereafter, and of course, of a disbelieve in a future state of punishment.

A somnambule can only describe what belongs to our sun's orbit, as the Sun Moon Planets,

"That the friendship of love is detrimental after death, may be evident from the state of heaven, from the state of hell, and from the state of the spirit of man respectively. As to the state of heaven; it is distinguished into innumerable societies, according to all the varieties of the affections of the love of good; hell also is divided into societies, according to all the varieties of the affections of the love of evil; and man, after death, who then is a spirit, according to his life in the world, is presently assigned to the society where his reigning love is; to some heavenly society, if love to God & love towards the neighbor had made the head of his loves; and to some infernal society, if the love of self and the world had made the head of his loves. Presently after his entrance into the spiritual world (which is made by death and the rejection of the material body into the sepulchre), man is for some time being prepared for his society to which he has been assigned, and the preparation is made by the rejection of the loves which do not agree with his principal love; wherefore one is then separated from another, friends from friends, clients from patrons, and also parents from their children, and brother from brother; and each of them is joined to his like, with whom he is to live a life in common with them and properly his own to eternity. But, at the first time of the preparation, they meet together and converse in a friendly manner, as in the world; but by degrees they are separated, which is done insensibly. But those who in the world have contracted friendships of love one with another, cannot like others be separated according to order, and assigned to the society corresponding to their life; for they are inwardly, as to the spirit, tied, nor can they be torn asunder, because they are like branches

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ingrafted into branches; wherefore, if one, as to his interiors, is in heaven, & another, as to his interiors, in hell, they cohere scarcely otherwise than as a sheep tied to a wolf or as a gosse to a fox, or as a dove to a hawk; & he whose interiors are in hell, breathes his infernal influences into him whose interiors are in heaven; for among the knowledges which are in heaven, this also is one, that evils may be inspired into the good, but not goods into the evil. The reason is, because every one, by birth, is in evils; thence the interiors of the good, who thus cohere, with the evil, are shut up, and both are thrust down into hell, where the good suffer hard things; but at length, after a certain space of time, they are taken out, and then they first begin to be prepared for heaven. It has been given me to see such types, particularly between brothers and relations, and also between patrons and clients, and of many with flatterers, who possessed contrary affections and diverse dispositions.

The one is altogether otherwise with those who love the good in another, that is, who love justice, judgment, sincerity, benevolence from charity, especially who love faith and love to the Lord; those, because they love the things which are within a man abstracted from those which are without him, if they do not observe the same qualities in the person after death, immediately break off friendship, and are associatell by the Lord with those who are in similar good. It may be said that no one can explore the interiors of the mind of those with whom he is associatell and connected; but this is not necessary; only let him be cautious of forming a friendship of love with every one; external friendship, for the sake of various uses, is not hurtful."

T.C. R. 447-449.

Sixty propositions to the Philadelphian Society
 whithersoever dispersed
 from the writings of Jane Lead. 1677.

- 1st. There shall be a total and full redemption by Christ.
- 2^d. This is a hidden mystery not to be understood without the revelation of the Holy Spirit.
- 3^r. The Holy Spirit is at hand to reveal the same unto all holy seekers and loving enquirers.
- 4^t. The completion of such redemption is withheld and obstructed by the apocalyptic seals.
- 5th. Wherefore, as the Spirit of God shall open seal after seal so shall this Redemption come to be revealed both partially and universally.
- 6th. In this gradual opening of the mystery of redemption in Christ doth consist, the unsearchable wisdom of God: which may continually reveal new and fresh things to the worthy searcher.
- 7th. In order to which the Ark of the Testimony in Heaven shall be opened before the end of the world, and the living Testimony which is therin contained shall be unsealed.
- 8th. The presence of this Divine Ark will constitute the Philadelphian Church.
- 9th. The unsealing of the living Testimony within the Ark of the Lord, must begin the promulgation of the everlast-

- 1677.
- ting Gospel of the Kingdom.
- 10th The proclamation of this Testimony of the Kingdom, will be as by the sound of a trumpet to alarm all the nations of the earth, and more especially all the professors of Christianity, because attended with the power of acting all wonders.
- 11th So there shall be an authoritative decision given forth immediately from Christ, to the putting an end to all controversies concerning the Free Church.
- 12th This decision will be, the actual sealing of the members of this Church with the name of God; - giving them a commission to act by virtue of the same, this new name will distinguish them from the seven thousand names of Babylon.
- 13th The Election and Preparation of this Church is to be after a secret and hidden manner; as David in his minority was elected and anointed by the prophet of the Lord, yet, was not admitted to the outward possession of the kingdom for a considerable time afterwards.
- 14th Of the Stem of David, a Virgin Church which hath known nothing of man or of human constitution is yet to be born.
- 15th And if it be yet to be born, then it requires some considerable time before it gets out of its minority of years to the full maturing age.
- 16th The birth of this Virgin Church, was visionally typified to St John, by the great wonder in Heaven bringing forth her first born, that was caught up to the throne of God.

- 17th. For a Virgin woman brought forth Christ after the flesh,
so likewise a virgin woman is designed by God to
bring forth the first born after the Spirit, who shall be
filled with the Holy Ghost and with power.
- 18th. The Virgin, that is hereto designed, must be of a
pure spirit so also of a clarified body and all
impregnated with the Holy Ghost.
- 19th. This Church so brought forth, and signed with the mark of
the Divine Name shall be adorned with miraculous
gifts and powers beyond whatever yet hath been.
- 20th. Hereto all nations shall be brought into it, so that
it shall be the Catholic Church according to the
genuine sense and utmost latitude of the word.
- 21st. It must be an anointed Church whereby it may truly
bear the name of Christ or Christian; being with him
anointed to the Priestly, Prophetic and Royal dignity.
22. Hence there will be no bonds or impositions; but the
Holyunction among these new born Spirits will be all in all.
23. This Catholic and anointed Church must be perfectly holy
as Christ himself is holy; so that it may worthily bear
the name of our Lord, our Righteousness.
- 24th. Until there be such a Church made ready upon the earth
so holy, so catholic, and so anointed, that is without
any man,

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- shot or wrinkle, and is adorned as a Bride to meet her Bridgroom. Christ will not descend personally to solemnize this marriage & present the same to his Father!
- 25th But when the Bridal Church shall be made ready, and thoroughly, cleansed and sanctified from every spot of defilement through the blood of Christ, then he will no longer delay his coming in person.
- 26th There is not at this day visible upon earth any holy catholic, anointed and Bridal Church. All the churches and prophecies being found light, when weighed in the balance, therefore, they are rejected by the Supreme Judge.
- 27th Which rejection and condemnation will be for this end, that out of them a new and glorious Church may arise up, in whom there shall be no fault to be found, like as he findeth none with Philadelphia.
- 28th Then shall the glory of God and the Lamb so rest upon it, as the cloud upon the typical tabernacle, so that it shall be called the Tabernacle of Wisdom.
- 29th Though this Philadelphia Church is not known in visibility, yet, it may lie hid at this present as in the womb of the morning.
- 30th Notwithstanding it will be brought forth into visibility

as coming out of the wilderness within a short period.

31st Then will it go on to multiply and propagate itself universally; not only the number of the first born (which is 144.000) but also to the remnant of the seed against whom the Dragon shall make continual war.

32. Therefore, the Spirit of David shall most eminently revive in this Church, and most specially in some other selected members of it, as the blosome root, which is to precede the day of Solomon in the blessed Millennium; then will have might given them to overcome the dragon and his angels, even as David and his army overcame Goliath and the Philistines.

33. This will be the standing up of Michael the Great Prince of Israel; and will be as the appearance of Moses against Pharaoh in order that the chosen seed may be brought out from their hard servitude.

34th Egypt doth figure out this servile creation under which each one of Abrahams seed doth groan, but a prophet and a prophetic generation will the Most High yet raise up, who shall deliver his people by mere force of spiritual arms.

35th For which there must be raised up a certain Head, powers to bear the first shock who are to be persons of

great eminence and favour with the Deity, whose
dread and fear shall fall upon all nations (visible
and invisible) because of the mighty acting power of
the Holy Ghost which shall rest upon them.

- 36th For Christ before his own distinct and personal appear-
-ance, will first appear and represent himself in
some chosen vessel or vessels anointed to be leaders
unto the rest and bring them into the promised land
- the New Creation state - . Thus Moses, Joshua &
Aaron may be considered as types of some upon whom
the same spirit may come, yet to rest in a greater
proportion; whereby they shall make way for the van-
-domed of the Lord to return to Mount Zion.
- 37th This will be a fiery trial, which few will be able to pass
or bear up in; therefore, the waiters for the visible
breaking out of this Church, are strictly charged to
hold that fast which they have.
- 38th And to wait together in Unity and Love, praying
in the Holy Ghost according to the Apostolical pattern
that they may be sent forth to multiply more universally. .

- 40th This trial will be of absolute necessity to every one in particular and to all in general, for the constituting and cementing of the true Philadelphian Church, by clearing away all that there is of hay, stubble or dross which they may have added to the work of the Lord.
- 41.st For nothing must remain in this pure Church but what can remain in the fire; for as a refiner will the Lord purify the sons and daughters of it, and purge them as gold and silver, that they may offer unto him an offering in perfect righteousness.
42. Though the operation of the Holy Spirit in these waiters may be for a long time contending with many infirmities and evils; yet if it be kept continually warm & watched to, it cannot but work out a perfect cure, and bring about a full and total redemption from the earth.
- 43rd There be some at present living, who may come to be thus fully and totally redeemed having another body put on them, that is one after the Priestly order.
- 44th This priestly anointed body will render them impregnable and qualify them for that high degree of spiritual government which they are called to.
- 45.th Wherefore it is required on our part to suffer the spirit of burning to do upon us the refining work, fanning

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- us with his fiery breath and searching work within us, until all be pure and clear, and we thereby arrive to this fixed body from whence the wonders are to flow out.
- 44th. This body will be the sealing character of the Philadelphian church.
- 45th. Upon this body will be a fixation of the Uriim and Thummim that are to be appropriated to the Priests of the Melchisedekian order, whose descent is not to be counted in the genealogy of that creation which is under the fall, but in an other genealogy which is from the restoration.
- 46th. Hence these Priests will have a deep inward search and a divine sight into the secret things of the Deity, will be able to prophecy in a clear ground, not darkly and enigmatically, for they will know what is couched in the first originality of all beings, and in the internal archetype of nature; and so will be capacitated to bring them forth according to the Divine counsel of ordination.
- 47th. The Lord, whose hand is lifted up, sweareth in truth and righteousness, that from Abraham's line according to the Spirit, there shall arise a Holy Priesthood.
- 48th. Abraham and Sarah, a type of that which should be produced and manifested in the last age of the world.
- 49th. The mighty spirit of Cyrus is appointed to lay the foundation of the Third Temple, and support it in its building.

- 52.^o There are the characteristics or marks whereby this pure Virgin Church so founded shall be certainly known and distinguished from all others, and whereby the motion and true sound of the Holy Ghost shall be discerned from that which is false, low and counterfeit.
- 53.^o There must be a manifestation of the Spirit wherewith to edify and raise up this Church suitable to the resurrection of Christ.
- 54.^o This manifestation must be in the absoluteness of power as well as in the beauty of holiness, so bring down Heaven upon earth and represent here the New Jerusalem state.
- 55.^o In order to which, Spirits that are purely begotten and born of God can ascend to the New Jerusalem above, where their Head in great majesty doth reign.
- 56.^o None but those that are risen with Christ in the regeneration, can thus ascend; and none but those that have so ascended, and received of his glory can descend again upon the new earth as subordinate Priests and Princes under Him.
- 57.^o Now He that is ascended and glorified, has made himself, as it were our debtor; consequently he will

not be wanting in qualifying and furnishing out certain
high and principal instruments, who shall be most
humble, and as little regarded as David was, whom
he will dignify with great honor and Priestly sov-
ereignty, for the drawing to them the scattered flocks,
and gathering them into one fold, out of all nations
and languages and kindreds.

- 58.th Therefore there should be a holy emulation and ambition
stirred up among the lovers of Jesus, that they may
be of the first fruits unto him that is risen from the
dead, and so be made principal agents for him
and with him; that they may if possible, be of the
number of the first born of the New Jerusalem Mother.
- 59.th All the lovers of Jesus, and true waiters for his
kingdom in spirit under whatsoever propensions
or forms they are dispersed, ought to be numbered
among the Philadelphian Spirits to whom this
message appertains.
- 60.th The Society is not the Church of Philadelphia; it con-
-sists of those who have apostasized to wait in the
unity of the Spirit for its glorious appearance & manifestation
Wherefore there is such a strict charge given to them through-
out this Message, to be watchful & quicken up their pace. -

part of A Vision had by Jane Leads

December 13. 1676 -

In the night I had a bright shining about my bed; which was signified to me, that as without so it should be all light from the seven oily lamps, that should be as a covering flame to clothe the Virgin Woman, who should be impregnated with the birth of the Most Holy Seed of God. Then querie I, who this woman should be? It was said, the name was known and written in one, that was to be perfect, meet for high and holy converse, and so, thereby contract a sunshine body of light, chrystalline and clear, to wing unto the heavenly sphere, which is the habitation of Spirits of light.

This woman that was certifi'd of by John in the Revelations, has not had its fulfilling prophecy to this day; therefore yet to come. It was in spirit said to me, The birth of Jesus was great and marvellous, but this shall far exceed it because it will be of such high extracted quality as no terrestrial can or shall see its godlike form; but as its going forth may be felt and understood by effects, to be indeed the birth of the Holy Ghost. The word of life opened and testified "that in the human birth of Jesus there was no visible

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shew of distinction because of the corporeity which then was
needful to be born; but in this case it will be otherwise
for this is a birth of mere Spirit without any communion
of humanity, only it will pass and act, sometimes through
this Virgin humanity, which it hath chosen to be its
birth womb or temple body, whereby it may act its
deeds of wonder, answerable to its birth Deity, so that
here the Mother of Virgin's birth will be more dignified and honoured, than the foregoing ministration
in the birth of Jesus was. Therefore an oriental bright
and shining garment is allotted her, with a crown
burst with Stars, plainly declaring that to her is given
the command and power to bear sway within the
celestial region; and by and through that near rela-
tion and conjunction with this mighty birth when
born, to go forth to seal and save the nations, that shall
bow to its sovereignty. In this one pure Virgin she
(Virgin Wisdom) will first unseal that everlasting
source of treasure; and thencefrom distribute according
to the degrees and measures of the Holy Ghost, who
shall give his quickening powers, first in them who
for this successive birth, have their minds purified
and refined; for by way of birth it will grow in all

that therefore will participate, and after like manner generate: that is, Spiritually, as the woman will literally — But Oh! here will be a great thing, Who shall be counted worthy to be the first of this Ghostly generation for Him to begin withall.

The little flocks are the chosen of God for his work and they stand in need of each other in their peculiar talents. If we are rent asunder by divisions and contentions within the fold, and cannot fully exert our own talents; but are under binding weights and restraints from one another. But as we abide in unity, we may both display and propagate our own and participate in each others gift, or even make our brother's talent our own.

Your brethren come on as fast as they can, be not to hard upon them, nor hurry them on faster than they can bear, when lower than yourselves; but gently bear with their infirmities; and like Christ, lead on gently and tenderly those that are with young.

Stand not to contend worm with worm, but on directly in your way, and give the nobles a good scope to move and act. While hampered

in contention and opposition to the creature, you bind
and preclude the Spirit's conduct and act of Creator.
In the greatest exigencies and under the greatest pressures,
resign, stand still, and you shall see the salvation of
God. Christ says here to the soul that would be in-
terfering with his brethren's weakness and infirmities, or
staying to contend with him, as in another case. What is
that to thee follow thou me.

Jesus is your spiritual brother, (who is the better part
and your friend in him) will take it kindly whatever
you bear with, and forgive his outward and more defective
vehicle. forgive forgive for Jesus sake in them.

Ascend in the spirit of faith, and take a prospect into
the eternity of God, where time past present, and to come, co-
incide in one; and where all the wonders of time, and of the
decrees of grace appear already wrought out in their original
patterns, and tho' the eye of God in his great love looks upon
your brethren and sisters here offending or injuring you,
and then foresee what they will be, and how dear to you
ever long. Behold the future love of the beauty be-
fore hand, and in this consideration run to prevent and
embrace them in their rays and bonds.

Tis the best way you can take to help them on
in their travel. Forget and forgive is the short
way to peace. all other ways are wrong as
round about.

In resentment of injuries and contentions
thence arising the enemy holds us fast down
in the worldly spirit or principle of corrupt
nature; and fixes the eye by a kind of spirit
ual enchantment upon the defect and evil in
our brethren. But the true doves must turn
away their eyes from the fascination of this
Serpent, that they be not caught hold of by
him. But let us look deeper and keep our
eye on the better part of our brethren and we
shall thereby elude the snares of this sub-
tle and dark Magician. If thy brother
be forward and peccorative or have entered into
jealousy oniosity or enmity against thee
here is indeed an army of devils to be engaged
but the true heroic lover may even here
rush on and charge thro' the pikes that
are held out against him, and by patient
bearing the insults and injuries & Christ like
forgiveness of them and the return still of good
for evil he may conquer the most ob-

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Occasion and Design
of the
Epistle to the Hebrews by Thomas Oliver.

" The Christian Religion being so contrary to the corrupt principles and practices of the world, those who embraced and propagated it, were on those account rendered very odious wherever they came. The consequence of this was, that heavy persecutions were raised against them in most places. The converted Hebrews, because they had turned their backs on the Law of Moses, and embraced the religion of that Jesus, whom their rulers had crucified, were exceedingly persecuted by their countrymen. Sometimes the unconverted Hebrews, persecuted their converted brethren themselves; at other times the stirred up the Heathen who were round about to do it. By these means, By these means the believing Hebrews had a great fight of afflictions, Ch. 10. 32. and were made garing-stocks both by reproaches and afflictions ver. 33. and experienced the spoiling of their goods, which for a while they took joyfully ver. 34.

But this was not all for as the Christian Religion was then a new thing in the world, it is natural to suppose that the new converts had a great

many scruples and reasonings in themselves concerning the lawfulness of what they had done in embracing it: and what added to these scruples, was the constant endeavours of the Sadducees teachers to lay stumbling blocks in the way of these Hebrews, which they too often effected, by means of their divers and strange doctrines, mentioned Ch. 13. 9 The consequence of this opposition, both from within and without, was, that great numbers of the Hebrews apostatised from Christ and his gospel, and went back to the Law of Moses; while the fluctuating state of the rest gave the apostles too much reason to fear a general, if not an universal apostasy.

Now this apparent danger was the occasion of this epistle: and the design of it was, to prevent the threatened evil if possible,

Volume 6. Introduction to E. Hebrews.

Clarke Comy

Daemons.

In the Chaldaic Philosophy mention is made of the Metrical Daemons. Pselles says,

"These Metrical Daemons fearing to be sent into abysses, and standing in one of the

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Angels who send them with, if even a man threaten to send them thither, and pronounce the names of those Angels whose office that is, it is inexplicable how much they will be affrighted and troubled. So great will their astonishment be, that they cannot discern the person who threatens them. And though it be some old woman or little old man that menaces them, yet so great is their fear that they depart, as if the person who menaces them had power to kill them." See Stanley's Chaldaic Philosophy.

Prophecies

Philip Oliverius, a Monk of Oval, in the year 1544, predicted, it is said, all the remarkable events of the present century. The following lines have long been current in Germany:

I would not be a King in 1845; I would not be a soldier in 1849; I would not be a grave digger in 1850. But I would be whatever you please in 1851. New York Tribune.

London

In length is 8 miles, in breadth 3, in circumference
since 26. It contains 8000 streets, lanes, and alleys,
and courts, and 65 squares. It has 246 churches
and chapels, 307 meeting houses, for dissenters,
43 chapels for foreigners, and 6 synagogues
for Jews. — total 202 places of public worship.

Population 2000,000. Seminaries for
education, 10 Institutions for promoting the
arts and sciences. Asylums for the indigent
122. for the sick and lame 17. 13 dispensaries,
704 charitable institutions. 55 courts of justice,
4040 Law men.

13,300 vessels trading on the Thames in a year.
40,000 waggon going to London in the year.
Exports £66,711,222 annually, property
floating in the City in a year £130,000,000.

Creation

"Is there any such absolute nature of species, as
to preclude the possibility of an unbroken succession,
by generation, of organic life, from its earliest ap-
pearance on the earth to the present moment,

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admitting unlimited time, and altered conditions
of the surface, as the elements and causes of progre-
ssive change? or, dispensing this doctrine, whether
there be any true ascending scale of perfection, in suc-
cessive creations, and evidence of higher and more conse-
nicate organizations of living beings, as we rise up-
ward in the fossiliferous strata, and bring the series to
the types and forms which now exist around us."

Extract from Swedenborg.

In what manner virgins are educated in the other life
and in Heaven. They are kept there four or five to
gether and each has her own bed, and joining which
is a small chamber for their clothes and for utensils.

They have also perfume given unto them, as also boxes
or drawers, with which they are much delighted and
in which they keep such articles as they esteem. They
are always occupied in their proper work, that is, need-
le work, this often consists of embroidery upon white
linen, whereon they work noseyays and similes things;
and they apply the articles they produce either to their own
use, or make presents to others; they never sell them.

They have clothes for their common use, and better
clothes for festival days, given them gratis without
their knowledge of how or from whence they come.

They have likewise a little garden in which,
as long as they continue maids, there are may-

sorts of flowers but not fruits until thy become
mine. When thy see spots on their dress, it is
a sign that thy have thought something amiss,
and done something they ought not to have done.

the spots cannot be washed out as from garments
in the world - In consequence of seeing these spots
thy are induced to examine themselves to discover the
cause, and when thy have found out what thy
have thought or done amiss, and thus have dis-
covered their faults, and their evils, if thy report
of them, the spots vanish from their garments of
themselves. In like manner when thy find some
of their garments wanting in their chamber, thy
immediately know they have done something
wrong; and their minds are upon it in order to
find what it is. and if they cannot obtain the
knowledge themselves, there is a married female
who informs them. If they find a new gar-
ment in their chamber, thy inwardly rejoice be-
cause thy hereby know that thy have done well.

Moreover when thy see that the flowers in
their little garden have become faded or changed
into an inferior sort, thy apply themselves to
ascertain the cause. If thy should be changed
into a better and more beautiful flowers

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they are glad because it is a sign that they have
well employed their thoughts. Likewise they
have pieces of money given them both of gold and of
silver. These they take great care of because they are
signs of diligence and virtue. They have also they
written word and a psalm or hymn book, which
they take with them to the place of worship. They
also employ themselves in reading them. And if
they neglect to do so, or if they have acted passionately
towards others, or practised arts of allurement
their word vanishes.

They are at times visited and examined by the preachers
An honest face.

We love to look upon a frank, open, honest face, in this
world of traps and impudence of sneering scornful hou-
ghty, and self important looks. how grateful to the
heart is an honest pleasant smiling face. In the midst
of fears, of perplexities, of sorrows, we feel we have one
in whom we can trust. In whose words we can confide,
and whose actions will never give us pain. We are
sometimes insulted, sometimes harshly treated but
in beholding such a face we are calmed and reconcil-
ed - justice will be done us, tho we should not open
our lips. Heaven multiplies such faces, true indexes
of generous feelings and Christian hearts. The popes of
such must be renewed, regenerated, and sanctified by
a power above the earth.

Christian and his Echo.

C. True faith producing love to God and man,
Say Echo is not this the gospel plan.

Echo The gospel plan.

C. Must I my faith Mother constant strew,
By doing good to all both friend and foe.

Both friend and foe

C. But if a brother hate and treats me ill,
Must I return him good and love him still.

Echo Love him still

C. If he my failings watches to reveal,
Must I his faults as carefully conceal.

Echo As carefully conceal

C. But if my name and character he tears,
And cruel malice but too plain appears;
And when I sorrow and affliction know,
He loves to add unto my cup of woe.
In this uncommon, this peculiar case,
Sweet Echo, say, must I still love and bless.

Echo Still love and bless.

Whatever usage ill I may receive

Must I still patient be, and still forgive.

Still patient be, and still forgive.

C. Why Echo how is this? thou art sure a dove,

Thy voice will teach me nothing else but love
Echo. Nothing else but love

C. Amen with all my heart, then be it so,
And now to practice I'll directly go.

Echo. Directly go.

C. Things being thus, then let who will repeat,
My gracious God me surely will protect,

Echo. Surely will protect.

C. Henceforth on him I'll roll my every care,
And both my friend and foe embrace in prayer.

Echo. Embrace in prayer.

C. But after all these duties when their done,
Must I dependence on a God still own,
And rest my hopes on charity alone

On charity alone

C. Echo enough! thy counsel to my ear,
Is sweeter than to flowers the dew drop tear,
Thy wise instructive lessons please me well,
Till next we meet again, farewell, farewell.

Echo. Farewell farewell.

The gospel teaches Ethics or Moral philosophy, in its highest & purest form, by which the individual is taught how to retain power of mind, and union with God, under all circumstances.

Groaning and Sighing or Crying

A french surgeon lately published a long dissertation on the beneficial influence of groaning and sighing on the nervous system. He contends that groaning and crying are the two grand operations by which nature allays anxiety, and that he has uniformly observed that those patients who give way to their natural feelings, more speedily recover from accidents and operations, than those who suppose it unworthy a man to betray such symptoms of cowardice, as either to groan or to cry.

He is always pleased by the crying and violent roar of a patient during the time he is undergoing a severe surgical operation, because he is satisfied that he will thereby so soothe his nervous system, as to prevent fever and ensure a favorable termination.

From the benefit hysterical and other patients (nervous) derive from groaning and crying, he supposes that by these processes of nature the superabundant nervous power is exhausted, and that the nervous system is in consequence rendered calm and even and the circulation of the blood greatly diminished. He relates a case of a man who by crying and howling reduced his pulse from 120 to 60 in the course of two hours. That some patients often find

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a great satisfaction in groaning, and that hysterical patients often experience great relief from crying, are facts which no person will deny. As to restless hypochondriacal subjects, or those who are never happy but when they are under some course of medical or dietetic treatment, the French Surgeon assure them that they cannot do better than groan all night, and cry all day. By following this rule and observing an abstemious diet, a person will effectually escape disease and may prolong life to an unlimited extent.

I stand not to contend with man, but on directly in your way, and give the nobler agent scope to move and act. While hampered in contention and opposition to the creature, you bind and preclude the Spirit's conduct and act of creature. For the greatest exigencies, and under the greatest pressures, resign stand still, and you shall see the salvation of God.

Christ says, here, to the soul that would be interfering with his brother's weakness and infirmities, or staying to contend with him, as in another case. "What is that to thee, follow thou me."

1st

Questions

Mat. 24. 22. And except those days should be shortened, there should no flesh be saved: but for the Elect's sake those days shall be shortened.

What is meaning of the days being shortened.
2

Rev. 19. 20. And the ~~man~~ was taken and with him the false Prophet that wrought miracles before him, with which he deceived them that had received the mark of the Beast; and them that worshipped his image; These both were cast alive into the Lake of fire burning with brimstone.

Who and what is the Beast and the False Prophet. There is no way in which we can more surely increase mutual love than by praying for one another. If you would retain warmth of affection for an absent friend, pray for him. If you would live in the regards of another ask him to pray for you. If you would conquer enmity in your own soul towards one who has wronged you, pray for him. Division or contention cannot abide between those who pray for each other.

Prayer is as the den of heaven or as the Universal Power it cures all the troubles and afflictions that flesh is heir to. It is the path way to Heaven.

U. S. Government v. s. Gospel.

The rise of this Government and the Gospel were simultaneous; and without the one the other could not have been thy are related as the body and soul.

"The multitude of the righteous is the salvation of the City;" and as the house of Ced Edom was blessed because of the Acts of God which rested there, so has it been with the American Nation. Her just and liberal laws, her intelligent and courageous people, have drawn many favors down from heaven upon her, because of Zion. She has suffered Jerusalem to grow and flourish; therefore has she grown and flourished.

But, if her Civil Governments become lifted up, and cease to honor the "God of forces," and allow the Spirit of persecution to tear and rend, to afflict and trouble "the people of the Most High" thy will be torn and rent, afflicted and troubled.

The true followers of Christ are the "salt of earth" governments. But how can thy pray for the peace of the City or Nation wherein thy find no peace.

So long as the leading prominent men of the State helps thy will find in their labors a blessing.

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In every age, and in every nation, God always had, and has,
a peculiar people, upon whom his blessing for that nation
rests; to be by them dispensed to all below them.

Therefore if a careful and truthful history of America
and the gospel be written some two^{ds} of years hence this
connection would be manifest throughout.

Fouier

The Phalanx system would naturally first be introduced in
to the field of agricultural labor. There, gradually and simply,
without disturbing a single established relation, it would suc-
ceed succeed by its own merits. Radicating thence into all trades
and professions, it would ultimately prevail over the whole
globe. Then would arise a new set of relations, associating the
separate phalanxes one with another, according to the most
beautiful series. In all there would probably be about 100,000
phalanxes on the whole globe. The governor of a single phalanx
would be called a Monarch; the governor of four phalanxes
a Duke; The governor of twelve phalanxes a Tetrarch; the
governor of twelve phalanxes a governor of forty eight phal-
anxes a Dux narch; and so on, up to the whole of the ^{whole} world,
a Monarch. This association of the phalanxes by series
would supersede the present arrangement into provinces,
nations, &c. performing all that is good in the functions of such
arrangements. Certain phalanxes would stand related

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to one designated as the capitol of their common districts; and the associated districts again would recognize in one established spot the central phalanx of the nation. Finally there would be one gold domed phalangster, towards which, as the metropolis of the world, all the railways, and all the telegraphic wires would converge, and here receive the letters of all nations, and issuing his despatches East, North, South, and West, would sit the Omniaх with his clerks. His phalangster should be somewhere on the Bosphorus. All general planetary business would be transacted in the Office of the Omniaх. Thus in case of a disengagement or science it would be circulated quiet.

Attraction

- 1st Material attraction, discovered by Newton.
- 2nd Organic attraction pervading the inner constitution of bodies.
- 3rd Aromal attraction — of imponderables
- 4th Instinctual attraction — of instincts and propensities.
- 5th Social attraction — of man to his future destinies

The entire duration of the world will be 60,000 years; half will be a period of ascendence and half of descendence. The world, as yet, is only in its first year. It is young and foolish, and far from being what it will be.

5

God peopled the world originally with sixteen distinct races of men, of which were placed in the old and in the American hemisphere. All these were made with the same fundamental dispositions, hence, thin mingled progeny forms but one species. God has also reserved for himself the power of 16 supplementary creations of men. In the act of creation there is a conjunction of Austral and Boreal fluids; hence as the supplementary creations come to take place, the earth will gradually become a beautiful garden; the masses of pale ice will be melted away, the whole sea will become navigable, and the salt having been disengaged will consist of excellent fresh waters, which sailors may drink.

The soul of man being immortal is subject to new forms but always superior one. Each soul will have 110 transmigrations. The various planets also will at the periods when they have attained their full developments exchange their spiritual burdens—each planet, as it were, emptying into the one immediately above it in the scale of importance.

Submission to the law of parental attraction is the true theory of conduct. Duty is entirely a human idea; attraction only i.e physical tendency comes from God. All perversions are good. It is impious to resist

any of them; and true wisdom consists in entire abandonment to their impulses. What we call evil or misery has no real existence. all misery has its origin in misconception. The passions are not to be denounced or struggled against: they are to be utilized. If the medium in which the passions act, offers resistance to their free play, then that medium must be modified.

"Between the Creator and the creature there has been 5000 years of misunderstanding"

Saint Simon

It is incompetent for man to legislate for woman. He looked for the advent of some woman of genius who would bear the same relation to his sex that he bore to the males. To this "coming woman" alone it belonged to indicate the avenue of her sex. Might she not even then be an earth! What if she were in Paris? In that case probably she might be discovered and even illuminate as to the fact of her own ambition. In a perpetual succession of Bollo fetes de she was sought for and not found. These were brilliant fetes but the expected woman was not forth coming.

8

A list of the wars which have taken
place between England and France

1141	1 year		years
1161	25	do	1363 .. 52
1191	15	"	1472 .. 49
1224	9		1492 one month
1294	5		1512 .. 2
1339	21		1521 .. 6
1629	2		1549 1
1666	1		1557 2
1689	10		1702 11
1744	4		1756 7
1793	9		1803 11
1815	14		

Moving within a period of 700 years
266 of desolating wars, and the loss
of millions of lives.

Men talk to convince the Understanding,
Women to please, to amuse, or persuade.
Boys and girls under proper restraints should be brought
up together. The male thus acquires softness, polish and
flexibility of character and the female hardness, strength,
and

"Consorations in another life are wonderful, and are comparatively as relationships on earth; in that they are acknowledged as parents, as children, as brethren, as kinsfolks, as relations: according to such differences is their love: the differences are indefinite, and the communicative perceptions so exquisitely refined, as not to admit of description; no respect at all being had to parents, children, kinsfolks, and relations on earth, nor to any person whencesoever he might be, consequently not to dignities, nor to riches, and the like, but only to the differences of mutual love and faith, the faculty of receiving which they had received from the Lord."

If then no respect at all is had to "earthly relations" The Marriage of one man and woman is: an earthly relation. Therefore, the consanguinal tie formed on earth has no power in the Spiritual World.

The following syllogism is submitted for consideration, Swedenborg fully establishes the doctrine of uses. That therefore he must agree with us in our assertion that the original design of God in creating the human race Male and Female, was that their peculiar

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invention should be a source of pleasure so far as
the use of procreation rendered it such and no further.

Procreation he affirms never was, or is carried on in
the Spiritual World.

It therefore follows by logical induction that
copulation also must cease between the sexes as a source
of enjoyment the use not being in it.

Proverbs.

Never allow in your feelings or conduct anything
that would cause you unpleasant reflections in a
place of worship.

Never use anything that is committed to you
in confidence.

To raise good Quakers let them be used hand
and fore hand.

Let the aged remember that they once were
young; and ~~the~~ the young that they too will become old.

The Cholera

By river and fountain, By desert and plain,
Over valley and mountain, I am coming again.

To execute judgment—an angel of wrath,
With terror and anguish and death in my path.

In the East I began, Over the dark jungles sweeping;

In the old Hindostan Was wailing and weeping.

From the plague smitten city, the Panians flee.

And Gunga corpse brattered, rolls on to the sea.

On the flowers scented gate Is the faint of my breath,

And Persian wives wail For the Angel of death.

In the land of the rose his shadowe hath cast

And riven the hopes of their hearts as he passed.

Then Siberian snows In my passage I cryed,

And the death mail arose in the regions of frost;

For the ice monarch's ^{mantle} was there no defence

Gaint the life quelling teeth of the pestilence.

By the sign of salvation I paused for a time;

From each Christian nation Rose voices of crime

Tho' the symbol was there, the substance was gone

To the lowest of death I passed speedily on

Then Russia - the cold -
 In my pathway I swept,
 And in Moscow the old
 The grey headed have wept.

Who saw without tears, their palaces fired,
 For him whose commission at Moscow expired.
 And onward advancing, like a strong man from wine
 Where the sun beams are dancing, In the land of the wine
 With the step of a giant death's wine press I tread,
 Before me the living, behind me the dead.

Weep maids of Vienna !
 Howl, Paris and Rome !
 The gates of Gehenna
 Are opening for doom.

The plague - cart shall wait by your mansions of pride,
 The rich with the poor to the dark house shall ride.
 At the last I shall sail For the star bannered West
 And my bark shall not fail O'er the ocean's broad breast.
 To land me long dreaded the ship-mates may sleep
 Where over the buried the Mermaidens weep.

There were Giants in those days.

Professor Littiman says that men have degenerated in size, as well as all animals. A sword was found 80 ft in length. He gives a list of human skeletons that have been found at different times.

The Giant exhibited in Rouen in 1745 measured over feet. 80

Gorapus saw a girl who was	"	10
The body of Gestus was		11 1/2

The giant Gallinara brought from Arabia to Rome under Claudius Caesar		10
--	--	----

Fannum who lived in the time of Eugene		11 1/2
--	--	--------

The Chevalier Scrog, in his voyage to the peaks of Teneriffe found in a cave the head of guano hairy & teeth supposed to have been at least		15-
--	--	-----

The giant Ferragno, slain by attando nephew to Charlemagne was		18
---	--	----

In 1664, near St Germain, was found the tomb of the giant Ioret. ^{he} was		20
---	--	----

In 1590 near Rouen a skull was found that held a bushel of corn		18
--	--	----

Platerus saw at Luccine a body or skeleton.		19
--	--	----

The giant Brant was his bones were found 22 $\frac{1}{2}$
in 1705 near the banks of the river Thadere

In 1613, near a castle in Dauphine a tomb
was found 30 feet long 12 wide & 8 high on which
was cut on a grey stone the word Reutolochus Rex.

The skeleton was found entire long — 25 $\frac{1}{2}$
and 16 across the shoulders, and 4 feet deep
from the breast bone to the back.

Near Moretine in Sicily in 1819 was found
the skeleton of a giant who was 30
his head was the size of a hog's head
and each tooth weighed 5 ounces.

Near Palermo in Sicily in 1548 was
found a skeleton

And in 1450 another 33.

There is a time in every man's education when he arrives at
the conviction that envy is ignorance, that imitation is suicide,
that he must take himself for better or for worse, as his portion;
that tho' the wide universe is full of good, no kernel of nourish-
ing corn can come to him but tho' his soil bestow'd upon that
plot of ground which is given him to till. The power which
resides in him is new in nature, and none but he knows
what that is which he can do, nor does he know until
he has tried.

The Lungs and the food.

Siebig says an adult man receives into the system by the atmosphere, by respiration, daily, thirty and a half ounces of Oxygen. The weight of the whole mass of the blood is 74 lbs. Respiration will convert the whole of the Carbon and Hydrogen of the blood into Carbuncic acid and water, and it is necessary that these elements should be restored again in the form of food.

If the respirations are increased by exercise or work, a greater quantity of Oxygen is inhaled, and a greater supply of food is needed. In Winter more Oxygen is received by respiration than in Summer, because the air is denser, and more at the foot of a mountain than at its top for the same season. The mutual action between the element of the food and the Oxygen conveyed to all parts of the body; is the source of animal heat. The food is the fuel, and with the proper supply of Oxygen we obtain the heat given out by its Oxidation or combustion. The cooling of the body increases the amount of food necessary.

A starving man is soon frozen to death. The first effect of starvation is the disappearance of fat, given off through the skin and lungs as oxidized products; afterwards such solids as are capable of being depurated. Death is produced by the chemical action of the atmosphere.

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A remarkable prophecy

A correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce
¹⁸⁴⁵

"All agree that the year 1845 is to be fraught with events - & whether better or worse for mankind remains to be seen. One of the most curious predictions I ever read, was brought to my notice yesterday by a Clerical gentleman of this City."

It is in a letter of one of the most eminent Divines of former

They write to me from Orvieto in date of 17th of March.

Lately in Rome, in the Library of the Augustinian Convent, a very curious prophecy has been found. It is printed in a work entitled De Fluctibus mundi maris. by

Redelphus Gylthine Aug 1684. 150th page. Thus

Before the middle of 19th century, sedition will be excited every where in Europe; Republics will arise; kings will be put to death together with the nobility and ecclesiastics; & religion acts will desert their convents. Famine pestilence & earthquakes will spread desolation over many cities. Rome will loose her sceptre by the invasion of false philosophy. The Pope will be made a captive by his own people, & the Ark of God will be placed under tribute, divested of its temporal properties. In short there will be no more Pope. A prince from the North will overrun Europe with a great army, destroy the Republics, & exterminate all rebels. - His sword wielded by God, will vigorously defend the Ark of Christ, uphold the Catholic faith, & subdue the Mahometan power. A new pastor, the final one, will come by a heavenly sign, from the shore, in simplicity of heart and in the doctrine of Christ, and peace shall be restored to the world."

Josephus

Now as to Hades, wherein the souls of the unjust and unrighteous are detained; it is necessary to speak of it.

Hades is a place in the world not regularly finished, a subterraneous region wherein the light of the world does not shine; from which circumstance, that in this region the light does not shine, it cannot be but there must be in it perpetual darkness. This region is allotted as a place of custody for souls, in which Angels are appointed as guardians to them; who distribute temporary punishments agreeable to every ones behaviour and manners. In this region there is a certain place set apart as a lake of unquenchable fire, whereinto we suppose no one has yet been cast: but it is prepared for a day predetermined of God, in which one righteous sentence shall be passed upon all men.

Mind against Mind

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There is a strong disposition in men of opposite minds to despise each other. A grave man cannot conceive what is the use of a wit in society: a person who takes a strong common sense view of a subject, is for pushing out by the head and shoulders, an ingenious theorist who catches at the lightest and faintest analogies; and another man, who scents the ridiculous from afar, will hold no commerce with him, who tests exquisitely the fine feelings of the heart, and is alive to nothing else; whereas, Talent is talent, mind is mind, in all its branches! Wit, gives to mind one of its best flavors; common sense leads to immediate action, and gives Society its daily motion; large and comprehensive views, its annual rotation; ridicule, chastises folly and imprudence, and keeps men in their proper sphere: subtlety, seizes hold of the fine threads of truth: analogy darts away to the most sublime discoveries: feeling paints all the exquisite passions of man's soul, and rewards him by a thousand inward visitations for all the sorrows that come from without. God made it all! It is all good! We must despise no sort of talent; they all have separate duties and uses; all the happiness of man for this object: thy all improve, exalt, and gladden life. Sidney Smith.

Creed of Christendom

"Creeds always aspir'd and never defended are
sure to perish" Works of sceptics are not answer'd.

"He who does not like living in the furnished lodg-
ings of tradition, must build his own house, his own
system of thought and faith" for himself."

"In the ordinary affairs of life, this common
ground is sure to exist, and therefore remains a mere
latent condition of belief. Our disposition to receive
a witness's evidence depends on our having the same
preconceptions of causation with himself."

But the slowness to admit a miracle arises from the
failure of this common ground. And if the hearer
reserved in the background of his own mind, and in
equal readiness for action, the same supernatural force
to which the reader's assertion refers, he would feel no
more temptation to incredulity than in listening to
some matter of course. The reluctance to
believe is proof that his store of causation is limited
to the natural sphere. And every phenomenon
irreducible to this drops away from all hold upon
his mind. It is easy to believe a witness where
the hearer has the same list of causes in his mind
with him who makes the allegation."

Jesus

Blessed be God that so much munificence has been laid out, and stands there yet, a lasting monument, to mark how high the tides of Divine life have risen in the world of man.

Sin

Long after God himself has forgiven and embraced the soul again, necessity — the creature of his legislation, will continue to wield the lash, and measure out with no relenting the remainder of the penalty incurred; and he that yet dries his tears then and visibly lumps upon his sin may all the while have a heart at rest with God.

"We firmly believe that man was sent upon the earth to live in it, to enjoy it, to study it, to make the most of it. It is his country on which he should lavish his affections and his efforts." Antichristianity separates the spiritual and the natural things which God has joined together.

Hidden

The entire plan of the Divine Government has been an entire and profound secret during the ages of its progress, and will open into clear view at the hour of its catastrophe. Not only was there more in it than had been surmised, but something utterly at variance with all expectation. Its whole conception has remained unsuspected from first to last, undiscerned by the vision of Seers & unapproached by the grasp of the

98. Vices absent from the mind of God, and never, passing in its course of execution, it has yet evaded the notice of all observers. And minding its way thro' the theory of Nations and the labyrinth of centuries the great thought had passed in disguise, veiled of men and known of none.

Divines extort their hearers Sunday after Sunday, to detach their hearts from the earthly life, as mean, faulty, and unworthy, and fix it upon heaven, as the only sphere deserving the love of the loving or the meditation of the wise.

This appears to us, we confess, frightful insincerity, the enactment of a wicked and gigantic lie.

The exhortation is delivered and listened to as a thing of course, and an hour afterwards the preacher, who has thus usurped and profaned the language of truth, is seen sitting with his hearers comfortably enjoying themselves over their pheasants, they are fondling their children, discussing publick affairs or private plans in life, with private interest, and yet can look on each other without a smile, or blush for the sad and meaning less force they have been acting.

Old Despensations

The Apostle in seeking for the Divine Element in these would not consult the projects of their founders and Ministers or their helpers.

In his view, the very scheme of God was to work thro'
these without their knowing what they were about.
to let them aim at one thing while he was directing
them to another: to pour into their life and soul an energy
which should indeed fire their will, and flow from
their lips in their own best purposes, but steal quiet
ly behind them for his; so that what was primary
with them, was perhaps evanescent with him; while
that which was incidental, and dropped from them
unawares, was the seed of an eternal good.

What Moses planned, what David sang, what David
led the people to expect, was not what heaven had at
heart to execute.

Protestantism

Exists only in the books, the bible, the history. &
every dispute must be settled by reference to its pages.

Catholicism

Is an institution committed to certain men. The
Cath is the depository of the truth not the Scriptures.
And this was the true form of godliness, but when
the power was lost, it became open to monstrous ab-
uses. It was the Beast Babylon Whore of Babylon.
But it did and has maintained its unity because
all doctrine is submitted to the Cath.

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Protestantism has no tribunal but ~~the~~ Books
of which each one is his own interpreter. Hence
the endless rise of sects and divisions among them.

Philosophy must know what it teaches,
but Inspiration while giving the most intense
light to others may be all darkness to the
Instruments thru whom it comes.

Westminster Review July. 1851

Shakerism.

"With the Shakers sonick-named, I have some personal
acquaintance, and I am not ashamed to own that
I have been instructed & cheered by them.

They have never been fairly appreciated by the world.
Their utter condemnation of Marriage and of Indi-
-vidual Property, the grotesque ceremonial of Divine
worship, and their incessant declamation against
all departures from celibacy as impure and sinful,
have repelled and disgusted nearly all who are not
of their own body. But might not a more expansive
philosophy, a more liberal culture, discover in
these very excesses a moral worthy of the gravest
contemplation?

Are our relations as men and women so univer-
-sally pure and exalted that we may rightly

desire those who, unable to separate the palpable³,
evil, from the latent good, reject both together? Is exclusive property so beneficent a feature of our So-
cial Order, as practically exemplified around us, that
we may fairly stigmatize those who, not needing its
incitements to thrift or industry, see fit to decline them?
The peculiarities of Shaker worship I readily abandon
to the ridicule of the caviler, only wishing that theirs
were the only absurdities committed in attempting
to honor our Father in Heaven, and that no Religious
error more popular and more enduring than theirs
were worse than simply ridiculous.

When all that may be said against these simple-minded
ascetics has been freely admitted, there is yet left enough
in their character and history to challenge our admiration.
They present the sublime and hope inspiring specta-
cle of a Community founded and built up on the
conquest of the most inexorable appetites.

Lust, Avarice, Ambition, Revenge, — these are not
merely discountenanced by the Social economy of the Sha-
kers, but this economy is based on their entire cruci-
fixion. Nor can I see how any man can rationally con-
clude, as some have nevertheless asserted, that all this
show of subduing the appetites is hypocrisy and
a delusion.

I can conceive no earthly motive for practicing so much outward self-denial, at so great inconvenience, and with no hope of honor, or popularity, but a certainty of the reverse, if not based on obedience to an inward conviction.

The uncharitable theory supposes a refinement of absurdity and self-annoyance which never yet possessed for any period the brain of any one sane man, much less of a whole community for ages.

Let us, then, profit by the lessons which these enthusiasts read us, while discarding their unpardonable errors. Let us remember that they have solved for us the problem of the possibility, the practicability, of a Social condition from which the twin curses, Pauperism, and Servitude, shall be utterly banished.

They have shown how pleasant may be the labors, how abundant the comforts, of a community wherein no man aspires to be lord over his brethren, no man grasps for himself, but each is animated by a spirit of devotion to the common good.

When I have stood among the guilt homes of this unaspiring, impoetical people, and marked how they have steadily, surely advanced from abject poverty to amplest competence — when I have observed how their patient but never excessive

Toil has transformed rugged barrenness into smiling fertility and beauty, how could I refrain from thinking lightly of that blind dogmatism which asserts the impossibility of inducing men to labor except for their own selfish gratification, and affirms the necessity of the stimulus of personal acquisition to save man-kind from sinking back into the darkness and the destitution of barbarism?"

Hints towards Reforming by H. Brule pp. 278. 279. 280.

Evil.

"The first lesson of Evil usually imprinted on the infant mind, is Sensuality—or more precisely Glu-tony. An excessive and diseased appetite is commonly created in earliest childhood, which is never fully conquered. Does its healthy instincts revolt against bandages which are stifling out its life, or an atmosphere which through stagnation and exhausting combustion or respiration has become noxious and insupportable, its cries are hushed with needless food.

Whatever its ailing or source of disquietude, even though it be repletion and oppression, the universal elixir is more food. I need not speak of nourishment which is in itself, regardless of quantity, unsuitable and depraving, of sweetmeats, stimulants and spices. Against these a rational being needs no other caution than such as a moment's reflection must afford. But then we soon lagged in to spur the flagging appetite—to overcome the repulsion of nature to a stimulant which she feels to be fatally destructive.

The sad result too commonly is that the child arrives at the knowledge of good and evil—if it be so fortunate as unfortunate as to survive the severe probation of infancy at all—completely depraved in all its physical instincts—a ready made slave—~~a miniature glutton~~. To talk after it has passed this point, of its constitution requiring this or that, or receiving benefit from one thing or the other, is to talk as blindly and absurdly as though we spoke of the constitution of an opium-eater in his last stages, or that of the victim of delirium tremens.

Would that I could hope that the fearful infatuation on this subject in which the great majority are wilfully slumbering is breaking away, but facts will not allow it. The records of mortality in our own time and country undeniably show that, while the average duration of life is somewhat improving, the tenure of infant existence grows gradually feebler; and already one half of the human race are consigned to the grave before attaining their fifth year — an increase of ten per cent in half a century. I adduce this fact only to avail myself of its moral bearing; yet it has other relations which must ere long arrest the attention of the most heedless.

The second lesson of evil to which the child is subjected is Fraud. With all its perceptions fresh and wakeful, it early learns that human speech and action have two uses — the first, indeed, to express or convey ideas and emotions; but the second, hardly less common, to conceal them. Of what a perpetual comedy is not the little denizen of the cradle too often the quiet, but by no means the unobtrusive spectator! The loud and angry altercation hushed into blandness on the appearance of a stranger; the vinegar aspect exchanged for one of fairest wreathed smiles; or perchance the slender just playing on the lip in his absence now turned to flattery and compliment in his presence!

But not alone of the grosser forms of Fraud does the young observer, puzzled, rather than amused, imbibe the spirit. The yawn of indifference chased by the smile of courtesy; the spruced appearance of robe or room; the hollow show of wealth and luxury with which Pride & Poverty, ill-assorted yet frequently inseparable pair, contrive to reconcile the semblance of their fortunes to the reality of their desires — these & a thousand like incidents, are constantly teaching the infant mind that the world on which it is entering is not single but double — a world of things, & a world of shows; & that the latter holds the higher place in the estimation & effort of the multitude.

The third fatal vice of our system of Practical Education, is the low estimate which we palpably put upon Labour. On this subject the world is not so specious and hypocritical as upon others, but wears its faultily and with an air. In the Divine order, Labour is not merely a universal duty, but a universal necessity. "Whoso will not work, shall not eat"

is the immutable law, & he who strives to evade it but vainly
lacerates himself on the sharp thorn which everywhere hedge
in the narrow path of Right. Take what you need at the
bounteous table of Nature, says the decree, but pay its price.
Fruitless the effort, proportioning the desire, to obtain by trick
what can only come by equivalent. The fisherman is caught
in his net,—"the angler hoist in his own pitard!"
The scheme reaches forth his eager hand to the fruit that looked
so tempting on the bough, and grasps, not that which he cov-
eted, but apples of Sodome—fair without, but within bitterness
and ashes. What was sought as luxury, unduly acquired, has
become disease, satiety and death.

All History, all Tragedy, all Romance, is full of this; yet
the blind world goes on scheming to circumvent God, and
enjoy the pleasure, without fulfilling the condition, as though
all that the wise have observed & the good have written, for its
admonition were but a shallow fable, invented by the coun-
seling of those who have, to secure themselves against the covete-
ous assaults of those who have not.

In fact, all vice, all transgression, roots itself in this fundamen-
tal error, that the laws of the Universe, which have vindicated them-
selves from eternity, may in this particular instance be evaded—
that the good which is coveted may be separated from the condition
which underlies it,—that the magnet will for once have a positive
pole, and no negative—that there shall be summer without winter
—day without night—sun without shade.

To detach the sensual good from the moral good—the enjoy-
ment from the use—the transient from the everlasting—has been
the struggle of perverted Humanity through sixty centuries of
wretchedness. Monstrous delusion! idle dreams of
a disordered intellect. The stone rolled with subtlety
intent to the summit of the precipice rebounds instantly
& vehemently to the bottom, overthrowing the course in its
headlong career. If the primary requirement may be
evasive, the penalty is swift, unrelenting, inevitable!"

From the same or the preceding No. 89, 90, 91, 92, 93.

Bible

The Gospel of Jesus Christ, where is it? and what contains it? The Gospel was committed, not to a book; but unto living souls. This treasure was put into "earthen vessels", not upon paper, or parchment like a deed of land. If a book, or books, could have contained the gospel, there had been no falling away: for the books would have remained the same unto this day. But insomuch, as it was putt into the hands of man, there could be a falling off, from the practice, and ^{consequent} a perversion of its dictates and principles, by disobedience.

If the gospel of salvation had been, like the Law of Moses, an external system of statutes, rites and ceremonies; then like that law it might have been written upon stone or paper.

The people of God in Jesus' time, were the Temple of God, and they ~~professed~~ the substance of all that the first Temple of Solomon contained.

And as their first temple, built by Solomon, was defiled and despoiled, by the Heathen King of Babylon; so was this true temple defiled by sin, and despoiled by the lust of the flesh.

Then as the children of Israel extorted the golden calf which they worshipped by setting

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down to eat and drink, and rising up to commit fornication) above God, whom they could only worship by self denial, and thus, cut off all further communication with the invisible world, and the heavens one, this head he came before and the earth under his feet soon.

So did the carnal Christians begin to exalt the Bible above God. They preferred this book to the Holy Spirit, because they could render all its prohibitions of none effect by their commentaries, and could make it say just what was the most agreeable to a debased sensual nature. And thus they were "eating and drinking, and marrying and ~~living~~ ^{the second time} sinning until the day that the Son of man cometh" began to take them away from those things.

Thus do carnal Christians worship God under their Bible direction. Every man according to protestant rule, interpret the books as they see fit, hence have arisen hundreds of Sects already, and the numbers is constantly increasing: yet all live in the full fruition of a fleshly fallen nature. Not so was the Kingdom of Christ established. It differed from the Pharisaic Kingdom, in that it was spiritual and its principles were written in the characters or life of Jesus and his disciples & its ministration was by the Holy Spirit, not by

as thro' the letters writ by the power and demonstration
of the Holy Spirit.

When Jesus sent out preachers, he gave them
neither books nor tracts but a power by which they
could cast out Devils, heal the sick, raise the
dead, and befriend the poor. When he commissioned
or ordained them after his resurrection, it was
not a written formula, like unto Moses, and a pile
of stones to commemorate it; but he breathed upon
them, and said, "receive ye the Holy Spirit." as he
had before told them, "I will send you the Comforter,
D he shall guide you into all truth." Not, I will
that ye write a book which shall be yours only
rule of faith and practice. The commissioning
of the 12h men by that Spirit.

Inasmuch as the Protestant religion is in the
Bible, its Priests have no rightful claim to the
character of Ambassadors of Christ. They are nothing
but the interpreters of a book, just as the Levites
were the interpreters of the Law. This is why they
need Theological Colleges, and Academies, in which
to learn Hebrew, Greek, and Latin, that they may
be well versed in letter learning, for the letter
is their dependence for salvation, it being the
only rule of faith and practice. Blind
to all spiritual light, thy lead the blind into the ditch of

and then affirm that there is no power to protect them from
while in the body.

But after Jesus left his Disciples they prayed for the
Spirit to lead and guide them and the Spirit they
received. And what a good instructor the Holy Spirit did
provoke; how it changed the views of 3000 people in one day.
taught many of them the languages, or converted them from
being selfish, and sensual, to being universal & spiritual.
From loving the world to hating their neighbor to a love
to God and a oneness with their neighbors.

How long would it take one of our learned Colleges
to educate and reform 3000 people like that. - And is not
the same spirit able in this day to produce the
same effects upon precisely the same kind of beings.

Truth and God made foolish the wisdom of this
world and will he not bring into contempt all the hon-
orable of the earth when they come in contact with
his sin destroying Spirit.

Then again these converts made by the spirit were
endowed with new and surprising powers. They
healed the sick, restored the lame & the blind,
raised even the dead to life; and above all, they
lived a virgin life; had all things common; sepa-
rated themselves from the governments of the
world: and thus shadowed forth the sides of the

True Child of Christ in his second appearing.

The word of knowledge, of faith, of power, of love
of wisdom and of reproof was with them from day
to day, to direct instruct guide and edify them as
the genuine Ambassadors of Christ. It was
not their duty to give the records of a former dispensa-
tion only to interpret them. But from the
wells of salvation they drew water, even from "the
own wells & not another's." At what time
the Beast made war with the Saints, and overcame them,
there was then nothing left but the letter, (the Bible)
The Spirit had departed. Revelation was at
an end, as an abiding source of wisdom: yet
occasional openings to individuals always con-
tinued to be made from time to time.

This was the night wherein no man could mark
the works of God. The sun of Divine revelation
had set in darkness, The moon only in the stars
of heaven gave a dim light, and the latter often
fell to the earth.

Thus did matters stand for 17 centuries, at which
time the Sanctuary was cleansed, sin was brought
to an end, and everlasting righteousness established
both in spiritual and temporal things:

A new heavens, & a new earth, having a beginning, a progress³³ and a climax.

Now if it be objected that the Earth is to be burnt up,³⁴ then the present abominably selfish, unjust & unhappy state of humanity, is ^{to} ~~now~~ to be reformed; but every thing moves on to its final consummation. In which case, we may well say; that as God was failed by the ungodly ³⁵ ~~tedeluvians~~, who so utterly gathered to the enemy of all good; that "my imagination of thin heart was only evil continually." So far which cause they were all destroyed but 8 souls. So will he be failed by the whole inhabitants of the earth, for they will be eating & drinking merrily and give marriage until the Son of man come. And if his coming is to be their final destruction; where is the day in which the power of good is to be prevalent, as superior to that of evil.

When shall it be said, "now is come salvation & strength to the power of God in the kingdom of his Christ."

When shall any one sit under his own vine & figtree & none to make them afraid? When shall the transomed of the land return to Zion with great rejoicing, build houses & inhabit them, plant vineyards & eat the fruit of them. Dwelling in peaceable habitations, sure dwelling places and quiet resting places.

Is it then so, that God can only redeem the human race by destroying them? Where then are all the glorious promises of restoration with peace & plenty, which forms the burthen of all the Prophets to

Patch the passing age of the world from Adam to Anna Lect? Will these not be fulfilled as only in some other world? Then has God grossly deceived poor humanity as he himself has been grossly deceived by some power stronger than himself.

What mean the deep breathings of the human soul, the groanings of spirit, of which even the apostle was portrator? The endless struggles, the hopes & aspirations, the immortal longings, after a better, a more perfect state of happiness than has yet been realized by mankind in this earthly state of being.

Is the irrepressible conviction of all Godly minds, of all nations, in all ages, that there would be a golden age, a happy era, a Millennium Period, destined to meet with total disappointment? Have these shapes & expectations no foundations in truth, in nature, in the creation of man, & in the nature & constitution of the universe?

Surely if State Chent be right in his decisions then have
we trusted to our God in vain!!

How much more beautiful, & cheering on glo-
rious the contemplation, that God has put to
his hand the second time to restore Israel. And
that inasmuch, as the first effort, like the
Lion, failed, & came to nothing, so far as the
actual redemption now concerned. So shall
the second be crowned with that triumphant
success, befitting a cause of such magnitude,
of him who has undertaken its accomplishment.
That as heretofore, the earth has been the the-
atre, upon which the principles of good
and evil have carried on an incessant warfare,
in which evil has thus far had the best of
the battle. That now the Creator, the
source of all life, the fountain of all good,
will send forth reapers, & they will reap the
earth, & the works of threshing will be per-
formed; also the process of cleansing &
separating the chaff from the wheat.

And that all men will be judged in more
or in judgment, from the evil on the earth
that is all who shall exist upon earth, at
some future given time.

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And thus will God be honored in his works, in the creation of the Earth, and of man upon it

When he finished the works of forming the temporal world, it was pronounced good.

We may therefore, reasonably believe, that he will not leave off to strive with Man, and all things placed in subjection to him; until he can again pronounce the Earth and all that it contains not only good, but very good.

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